The New-York Times.

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# THE RING REPLIES.

### Further Proceedings in the City Injunction Suit Yesterday.

### Justice Barnard's Court Thronged with Eager Tax-Payers.

### Elaborate Defense of Hall and Connolly.

### The Entire Day Spent in Reading Ponderous Affidavits.

### Striking Admissions Concerning the Issue of Bonds.

### Millions of Dollars Voted Away by the Board of Apportionment.

### Connolly's Last Trick--The Vouchers and Warrants "Stolen."

In pursuance of the order embodied in the injunction issued by Judge BARNARD on Thursday last against the Board of Supervisors of the County of New-York, the Mayor, Aldermen and Commonalty of the City of New-York, A. OAKEY HALL, RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, WILLIAM M. TWEED, and PETER B. SWEENY, the text of which appeared in full in the TIMES of Friday last, the defendants appeared by counsel before the same Judge, in Supreme Court Chambers, yesterday, to show cause why the injunction should not be made perpetual. No judicial proceeding of a purely civil character which has been before the Courts for years past has called together so large a number of interested auditors as were in attendance yesterday. Long before the opening of Court, tax-payers, members of the Bar, clergymen and citizens generally crowded the room, so that not even standing room could be had, making it necessary at an early point in the proceedings to adjourn the hearing to the larger room usually occupied by the Court of Oyer and Terminer. A noticeable feature was the evidently substantial character of the audience, which included many of the most eminent men in the legal profession not actually engaged in the proceedings. Except Mr. FOLEY, the plaintiff in the case, and a few members of the Board of Supervisors who straggled in and out, none of the principal parties made their appearance in Court.

Mr. FOLEY was represented by Ex-Judge GEO. C. BARRETT, STEPHEN W. FULLERTON and JOHN H. STRAHAN.

RICHARD O'GORMAN, Corporation Counsel, appeared on behalf of the Board of Supervisors and the Mayor and Commonalty of the City of New-York; W. A. BEACH for Controller CONNOLLY, W. O. BARTLETT for WM. M. TWEED, and BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL as personal counsel for Mayor HALL.

### MR. BARTLETT SPEAKS.

The proceedings were opened by Mr. WILLIAM O. BARTLETT, who said: I appear here as personal counsel of Mr. WILLIAM M. TWEED. I had understood from the public journals that there was to be a sort of adjourned town-meeting here, this morning, in the presence of your honor, in which an attempt was to be made to give to partisan politics and to the struggle for power and office in this City, a legal aspect and a judicial motion, and that men who have wooed in vain for the sweet voices of the people to place them in office, were about to attempt to wrest, by judicial proceedings, the seats of those who had been elevated to power by votes of the people. The name of my irrepressible and gushing friend and quondam client, Mr. FOLEY, appeared as leader, and the name of Mr. TWEED was in the paper. I am retained by Mr. TWEED to appear for him in all actions affecting him officially or personally as his private and personal counsel. He handed to me on Friday a pamphlet which was supposed to be a copy of the complaint of Mr. FOLEY. I took it and told him I would be ready on Monday morning to go on, relying on that as a copy of the complaint. But the next day I found it a mass of jumbled matter without any connection, the middle of the pamphlet from pages 21 to 24 were omitted, and the substance of the complaint was in such a state of confusion that I have been utterly unable to make out what the charges are against Mr. TWEED. I will presently hand the copy up to your Honor, and you will see my statement is entirely correct. I don't wish to interfere with the proceedings, or to delay them at all. Mr. TWEED is ready to answer any of the charges against him wherever made, by whomsoever made, at any time and at all times. All that we ask preparatory to answering them is to know what they are and of that he has not yet been informed. While I am on my feet I will take this the fittest and earliest opportunity to congratulate your Honor upon the circumstance that the high estimation which I and others who have known you have long placed upon your judicial character, has suddenly become the general and universal sentiment of this community. The NEW-YORK TIMES, that able and vigorous, but somewhat violent and sensational journal, which has heretofore heaped constant abuse on your head, has now become decided, if not enthusiastic, in your praise. It has been the fortune of a good many men who have served their country that their fame was principally posthumous. Posterity only meted out to them a full measure of justice. I remember a striking instance at a period to which I suppose your Honor's memory does not extend, when the Press of the whole country was more completely filled with abuse of JOHN QUINCY ADAMS than the Press of this City was ever filled with abuse of your Honor. If the correspondence from Washington of all the Press, if the speeches of the Southern members of Congress were to be taken as an indication of public sentiment, he was the most abused, the most hated, the most detested man living. But when at his post of duty, where he had long served his country faithfully, he was stricken down by the hand of death, then, Sir, as it were, in the twinkling of an eye, the voices of those who had been for twenty years past condemning him unsparingly were the loudest in his praise. I remember when a boy listening to that eloquent man, Mr. HOLMES, from that hot-bed of nullification and secession, South Carolina, deliver over his remains one of the most eloquent and able addresses I have ever heard. That discourse was full of instruction. I saw then, and it has lasted me through life, how little is to be regarded the violent abuse of political opponents as an indication of the true standing of any man. But I see your Honor's life has been more fortunate. Still in the prime and vigor of life, your Honor, the whole community applaud your judicial character. It must have happened to your Honor sometimes in your travels through foreign lands, to notice on a bright morning a peculiar beauty in the leaves and the trees—an extraordinary glow rarely seen but never forgotten. Some heavenly visitation descended during the night and gave it this extraordinary glow. Something of the same kind seems to have fallen on your Honor's name within a few days past. It gives to your Honor's decision in this case a deeper and greater importance. It is, therefore, proper that any man whose character, whose personal standing, is to be affected by the decision which your Honor shall make in this case, it is proper that he shall be fully heard. It is emphatically necessary that he should know before the case is decided what the charges are. I therefore request, whatever action be taken in this case, the matter may be left open for Mr. TWEED to be heard by counsel at any time subsequently to the charges being served upon him.

### MR. O'GORMAN SAYS SOMETHING.

Mr. RICHARD O'GORMAN, Corporation Counsel, addressed the Court. He said: If the Court please, I trust your Honor will not suppose that the Counsel for the Corporation has less confidence in you because he addresses you as a Judge bound to do your official duty, as he believes it is your intention to do all your official duty. I ask your Honor only for that which your Honor is bound to give, simply justice between the plaintiff and the defendants in this case, and I should think but poorly of the Court if I for one instant entertained a suspicion that either the transient favor of a part of the public, or the fear of a transient loss of such favors, or even the squalls and tempests of what passes by the name of public opinion—would for one instant disturb the calm and deliberative atmosphere of the judicial mind, in which direction alone the truth can properly be investigated before the Judge of any Court. Now, it would be indelicate and improper for me, on any ordinary occasion, to press upon the Court any step which had not the full concurrence of all the defendants in the case. And I regret that I cannot in this case, your Honor, say that I am perfectly willing to agree with the motion of the learned counsel for Mr. TWEED. On Thursday last, if the Court please, an injunction was granted by your Honor, arresting the necessary, and, as I am in a position to prove, the legal operations of the Corporation of this City.

Mr. BARTLETT—On behalf of Mr. WM. M. TWEED, for whom I appear, I simply ask that the case be kept open, in order to afford us an opportunity to put in our answer hereafter. I don't wish to interfere with the proceedings in this case.

Mr. O'GORMAN—We shall endeavor to accommodate ourselves so that no injustice can be done to any one. Now that I understand the position of the learned counsel for Mr. TWEED, let me continue for one instant. When that motion for an injunction was made, as the Court remembers, it was made on a complaint which has about it a great deal of the air of a newspaper which had a great deal of the air of a political harangue, and very little of the air of a proper, legitimate and exact pleading, as we understand pleadings in a court of justice. On that occasion an unusual course was adopted, a motion being made *ex parte*, without any notice for any one to appear on the other side. This motion was accompanied with an address to your Honor, bearing all the traces of a close and eloquent preparation, and having in it the keenest sting and bitterest attacks upon certain of the City officials. It therefore seems to me that it is entirely proper that now, on the first occasion, a statement should be laid before the Court. The affidavits at least should be read, so that the public will be able at once to see on what ground these officials base their claim to have acted, not illegally or improperly, but legally, in the matters charged against them in the complaint. I therefore ask your Honor to allow us to go on reading our affidavits. They are voluminous and will occupy some time. Then if the learned counsel on the other side desires to make any opposition or suggestion to your Honor or to me, I will do all I can to agree with him, provided my clients, the Mayor, the Aldermen and Commonalty and the Supervisors have an opportunity to state their case before the public and your Honor as the other side have done it.

### REMARKS BY JUDGE BARRETT.

Judge BARRETT—I don't quite understand the precise object of the remarks, both eloquent and poetical, which have been made by the learned counsel who have preceded me. The counsel for Mr. TWEED opened his remarks by saying that he had reason to believe that he was coming to a town meeting this morning. I have scrutinized the papers and can find nothing of that sort in them, though I may say, after hearing what he has had to say, that I might think differently. From the remarks he has made before your Honor, he may well have thought that he was coming to a town meeting this morning. He has adverted to the motives of this prosecution, without himself being in readiness to say anything on behalf of the defendant for whom he appears. If the complaint or other papers served upon him were technically defective in consequence of a clerical error, or any other cause, he might have ascertained the facts of this prosecution, and would have seen in any journal of any character in this City—for the complaint was published in all—in what manner the facts differed from those stated in the copy served on him.

Mr. BARTLETT—I have not had an opportunity to see the newspapers since this was served.

Ex-Judge BARRETT—I do not think that we ought to go into the motives of the prosecution without at all events stating in answer to it a simple and broad denial. There is nothing in this case to alter it from any ordinary case between A B and C D. I simply endeavored to state in as close and detailed a manner as possible, without verbiage or any attempt at peroration, just as though I had been in an ordinary case before your Honor. I leave it to your Honor and the public to say if this is not a fact. The remarks made this morning are the first that have been made in the case, *de hors* the record. My learned friend, counsel for Mr. TWEED, has said a great many kind things this morning of your Honor, in all of which we most heartily concur. He has commended your Honor for the course you have pursued in granting this injunction. This is very well. I can only say that there is not the least suspicion that your Honor was inclined to do any injustice against the defendant TWEED. Now we are ready to go on, but am I to understand that this case is to be argued piecemeal? Is my friend ready?

Judge BARNARD—Mr. BARTLETT is desirous for the case to proceed today, with the permission given him to put in affidavits from Mr. TWEED next Monday, without any additional argument.

Judge BARRETT—I object to this course. It is a matter of right that we should know what the affidavits are before any decision is made; and it is only proper that we should have an opportunity to address your Honor on the subject.

Judge BARNARD—It is suggested that the whole case be adjourned over to next Monday, when all the affidavits will be put in.

Judge BARRETT remarked that to his mind this would be satisfactory.

### MR. BEACH FOR MR. CONNOLLY.

Mr. WM. A. BEACH, of counsel for Mr. CONNOLLY, said: I appear here as counsel for Mr. CONNOLLY. There has been but brief time for preparation, for it happened that I was not called to the City for that purpose until late on Saturday evening. Deeming it a matter of importance, I have ventured to employ assistance in its preparation, and I am here, Sir, prepared to meet all the accusations and imputations upon Mr. CONNOLLY, either in his official character or in his private relations. So far as he is concerned, I press its immediate and prompt hearing and decision, and in view of the nature of the accusations made against him, the gravity of this investigation, both in its public and private relations, I hope to impress upon your Honor the importance of a speedy adjudication of the issues involved in this complaint. I am opposed, if your Honor please, to the reading of the affidavits and then to the postponement of this case. In the language of my learned adversary, I am unwilling to present this case piecemeal to your Honor, and I see no necessity for that disposition of the case. If Mr. TWEED is entitled, as he seems to be, to delay in the presentation of the case upon his part, I see no objection to this case proceeding, so far as the other defendants are concerned, to the full and complete hearing, reserving the hearing, so far as Mr. TWEED is concerned, to some future day. Your Honor will recollect that there is an absolute injunction in this case. It is an injunction which suspends the ordinary proceedings of the Departments of this City over which Mr. CONNOLLY presides. If it is continued it will injuriously affect the operations of the City Government. More than that, that injunction, if your Honor please, is founded upon a complaint making the most grave imputations against the official and personal integrity of the officer I represent. It is due to public and private interests that the bulk of these accusations should be immediately examined and determined, and I, therefore, with great respect but with great earnestness press upon your hearing the portion of this case in relation to the defendants, who are prepared to show cause at once. Pardon me, Sir, for saying that this seems to be the hour for universal panegyric of your Honor. I don't intend to swell the song of congratulation. It happens that I have known your Honor for a considerable time, and the judgment, just and impartial, which now seems to be urged in approbation of your Honor's judicial conduct, has been a judgment I have long entertained, and the result of today, Sir, only proves that a fearless and independent discharge of official duties ultimately secures the sober and approving judgment of the community. [Applause.]

Mr. SMITH, of the firm of BROWN, HALL & VANDERPOEL, said: I appear in behalf of the Mayor, A. OAKEY HALL, and join in the request that the matter be proceeded with without delay.

Mr. BARTLETT—We desire no delay of the proceedings, but merely want an opportunity to reply to the charge made here against Mr. TWEED. He is most impatient to be heard, and he would thank the gentlemen who are conducting this case for the plaintiff if they would send him the charges at their earliest convenience.

Mr. O'GORMAN—The best course is to go on and read the affidavits on the part of the defendants.

Judge BARNARD—It seems to be understood that the operation of my injunction would interfere with the City and County Government. Now, the object of that injunction was not and does not and will not interfere with the payment of the Police, of the gas, the Croton water, the laborers at the docks, wharfs and piers, and with the payment and proper salaries of public officers as fixed by law.

Judge BARRETT—On the *ex-parte* application I suggested if under the most constrained construction that result would be implied, I would amend it.

Judge BARNARD—Some of the City officials, who never look into a law-book, put a different construction on it.

Mr. BARTLETT here announced that he had just been served with a complete copy of the complaint, and he announced his readiness to proceed with the case, at the close of the argument of the Counsel for the Corporation.

Mr. O'GORMAN then proceeded to read the answers and affidavits of the defendants, which is here given in substance as follows:

### ANSWER OF THE SUPERVISORS.

The Board of Supervisors, answering through Mayor HALL, the President, say that they have no intention to raise money by taxes on property during the year 1871, except the amount shall be first fixed and directed to be raised by the Board of Apportionment. They deny any intention to audit or order payment of any bills greater in amount than the sum which shall be set apart by the Board of Apportionment for county purposes, in accordance with the provisions of the statute, and they can see no impropriety in being enjoined from doing what the law says they must not do, and which they never had any intention of doing.

### ANSWER OF CONTROLLER CONNOLLY.

RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, in his affidavit, denies all allegations of malfeasance in office charged against him in the complaint. He has never been interested in the New-York *Transcript* Association, the New-York Printing Company, the Manufacturing Stationers' Company, or the New-York *Leader*. He has never connected himself with any company with the design of getting money from the Treasury of New-York, nor has he associated himself with any official for a similar purpose, or to set the laws at defiance. Mr. CONNOLLY'S affidavit is very voluminous, and among other matters contains a denial that he has ever issued bonds, audited bills, or paid out money, except according to and as provided by the various acts of the Legislature, which he sets forth at large. INGERSOLL, he claims, was not the agent of either him or Mr. TWEED, and the sums paid to him were paid in the usual way, the warrants being made out in the usual form, and without any suspicion either of these bills or those of KEYSER, GARVEY or SMITH being fraudulent or irregular. He claims that by chapter 583 of the laws of 1871, he was authorized and contemplated issuing $9,000,000 in consolidated stock of the City and County, and in so doing he regarded himself as acting strictly in conformity with law. He claims that by the laws of 1870 he is authorized to borrow upon the credit of the City and County such sums as may be necessary to meet expenditures under the appropriations for each current year; and in pursuance of the power thus conferred, in conjunction with the Mayor, prior to the 31st of July, 1871, he issued bonds of the City and County in anticipation of the revenues for the current year, and borrowed money thereupon, as stated at folio 56 of the complaint, and none of such bonds were made payable later than the month of January, 1872. He admits that during the present year, prior to the 31st of July last, under the authority of the acts for consolidation of the debts of the City and County, he issued consolidated stock to the amount claimed in folio 57 of the complaint, ($30,009,000,) some of which has been applied otherwise than in redeeming the outstanding indebtedness, and this for the reason that the indebtedness had not matured, and the use of the money otherwise was to the advantage of the City, by reducing accruing interest.

His intention was, when using these moneys, to replace them from the avails of bonds to be issued by him for alterations in the Croton aqueduct, and the furnishing an additional supply of Croton. He denies that his expenditures have been in excess of that authorized by law, or that he has set the law at defiance, but that a fair interpretation of such laws will justify his acts.

### AFFIDAVIT OF RICHARD A. STORRS.

RICHARD A. STORRS, Deputy Controller, swears among other things, the whole amount of expenses for the current year which are to be reimbursed by taxation are included in the temporary debt of 1871, and that the comparison of the debt of 1868 and 1871 is fallacious, in that on the 31st December, 1868, a large portion of the taxes of such year had been collected and applied to the payment of the revenue bonds of such year, while in this year nine months of expenses have been paid from the avails of revenue bonds of 1871, no portion of which has been realized from taxation.

### CHARLES E. WILBOUR'S AFFIDAVIT.

CHARLES E. WILBOUR, President of all the Corporation associations and companies mentioned in Mr. FOLEY'S complaint, swears that neither WILLIAM M. TWEED, RICHARD B. CONNOLLY, or A. OAKEY HALL, are members of either of such associations; that TWEED was once stockholder in the New-York Printing Company, but disposed of his interest April 4, 1870.

### ACTS OF THE BOARD OF APPORTIONMENT.

The proceedings of the Board of Apportionment, read on the motion, show that the following apportionments were made by HALL, CONNOLLY & Co. during the present year:

At a meeting held May 3, 1871, the Board of Apportionment authorized the issue of the following stock:

| | |
|---|---|
| Consolidated debt of the County of New-York | $1,972,602 36 |
| To pay off and cancel revenue bonds of the County of New-York, issued under the provisions of section 4 of chapter 382 of the Laws of 1870, due Dec. 1, 1871 | 6,413,737 58 |
| Also, to pay off and cancel the bonds issued for repayment of taxes, due Nov. 1, 1871 | 499,550 00 |
| Consolidated debt of the City of New-York—To pay off and cancel revenue bonds of the City of New-York, issued to provide for the deficiency in taxation in 1870 | 2,500,000 00 |
| To pay off and cancel Volunteer Soldiers' Family Aid Fund bonds, (No. 7,) payable Nov. 1, 1871 | 500,000 00 |
| To pay the several gas companies of this City the amounts due to such companies prior to Jan. 1, 1871, pursuant to section 2 of chapter 322, laws of 1871 | 1,067,360 23 |
| Total | $12,953,250 17 |

At a meeting on the 5th of May:

| | |
|---|---|
| Additional Croton Aqueduct stock of the City of New-York | $600,000 |
| Croton Water Main stock of the City of New-York | 600,000 |
| Third District Court-house bonds | 100,000 |
| New Court-house stock | 600,000 |
| New Court-house stock | 250,000 |
| Department of Parks, Improvement bonds | 500,000 |
| City Parks Improvement Fund stock | 500,000 |
| Museum of Art and Natural History stock | 50,000 |
| City Improvement stock | 500,000 |
| Additional Croton Water stock of the City of New-York | 100,000 |
| Total | $3,800,000 |

On May 15, 1871:

| | |
|---|---|
| Additional Croton Water stock of the City of New-York—Chapter 56, Laws of 1871, and amendments thereto | $150,000 00 |
| Total | $150,000 00 |
| May 16—Riot Damage Indemnity bonds | 10,000 00 |
| May 29, 1871—Department of Parks Improvements | 500,000 00 |
| Street Improvement bonds | 500,000 00 |
| Total | $1,010,000 00 |
| May 18—Department of Parks Improvement bonds | 400,000 00 |
| Street Improvement bonds | 500,000 00 |
| Total | $900,000 00 |

On May 17, the Board authorized the issue of the following stock:

| | |
|---|---|
| To provide for the annual installment of Floating Debt stock of 1878, payable in 1871 | $130,763 33 |
| To provide for the annual installment of Public Education stock of 1873, payable in 1871 | 4,657 36 |
| To provide for the redemption of stock for docks and slips, payable in 1871 | 50,000 00 |
| To provide for the annual installment of Floating Debt stock of 1878, payable in 1871 | 130,763 33 |
| To provide for the annual installment of Public Education stock of 1873, payable in 1871 | 4,657 36 |
| To provide for the redemption of stock for docks and slips, payable in 1871 | 50,000 00 |
| Additional Croton Aqueduct stock of the City of New-York | 500,000 00 |
| Total | $870,841 38 |

May 29—Water Stock of 1870, $250,000.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bonds of the City of New-York, to pay expenses of relaying pavement | $50,000 |
| Revenue bonds | 50,000 |
| Sewer Repair stock of the City of New-York | 100,000 |
| Total | $450,000 |

June 14, 1871, the following bonds were authorized to be issued:

| | |
|---|---|
| Central Park Improvement Fund stock of 1895 | $150,000 |
| Public-school Building Fund stock | 600,000 |
| Normal School Fund stock | 200,000 |
| Total | $950,000 |
| Grand total voted away by Board of Apportionment during the months of May and June, of this year | $21,084,091 55 |

### A SHARP DISCUSSION.

The reading of the minutes of the Board of Apportionment having been concluded, Judge BARRETT said:

Am I to understand that these are the minutes now read are the entire minutes of the Board of Apportionment, or that they are merely extracts from these minutes?

Mr. O'GORMAN—I understand that they are the entire minutes. It has been so stated to me.

Mr. BARRETT—I should like to have the counsel put himself on record whether they are the entire minutes of the Board or not.

Mr. O'GORMAN—I understand, Sir, that they are, but inasmuch as since the morning of Friday last up to this moment I have been perpetually engaged in almost manual labor in the matter, I don't like to state what I don't actually know. I believe them to be a record of all the minutes of the Board.

Mr. BARRETT—Your Honor will perceive that there is nothing here to indicate as yet that the Board of Apportionment have set apart one dollar for the expenses of the City or County Government during the year 1871. Now I want to know whether they have done so. That can be told in a distinct answer to the question I have asked.

Mr. O'GORMAN—I think, Sir, we will go on through the affidavits steadily, and any information which seems to be incomplete at that time can be easily afforded to my learned friend. I have a number of affidavits still to read, and I think I had better go on with them, and then we will see what there is which seems to be defective, and how far the affidavits in reality do supply it.

Mr. O'GORMAN then proceeded to read Mayor HALL'S answer, some of the points of which are as follows:

### MAYOR HALL'S ANSWER.

Mayor HALL, in his answer on his own behalf, objects that the plaintiff has not legal capacity to sue, and that the existence of any such legal capacity does not sufficiently appear upon the face of the complaint, and that there is no legal relationship between the plaintiff and him (the Mayor) which entitles plaintiff in any respect to demand, as against the defendant, any of the relief which he asks for in his complaint. He denies specifically the allegations that during the two years and a half of defendant's Mayoralty, the cost of the government of the City and County was $59,087,543 08, but whatever the amount may have been, the whole of the year 1869, and of the year 1870, throughout its greatest part, but a small responsibility thereof is to be debited against his Mayoralty, for the expenditures during such periods were made and authorized by Boards and Metropolitan Commissions, and not by the City Government as a municipal government. He denies that the result of his actions as Mayor, or President of the Board of Supervisors, or as member of the County Commission of Audit, or as a member of the Board of Apportionment, or as a member of the Sinking Fund Commission, was injurious to the best interests of the City, or that he systematically treated the provisions of law set forth in the complaint, or any laws of the State, as if the same were of no binding force or effect. He denies that, as charged, in Mr. FOLEY'S complaint, he is interested in the New-York *Transcript* Association, the New-York Printing Company, the Manufacturing Stationers' Company, or the weekly paper known as the New-York *Leader*. He denies that, as head of a department in the City Government, he has ever been interested, directly or indirectly, in any contract, work, business, or in the sale of any article the expense of which was to be paid out of the City Treasury, or in the purchase of real estate or other property belonging to the Corporation which could be sold for taxes or assessments, or by virtue of legal process at the suit of the Corporation. He denies that as an official of the City of New-York he connived with or aided any other officials, or anybody, to give the New-York Printing Company a monopoly of the printing of the City and County Government, or to the Manufacturing Stationers' Company the monopoly of all the stationery of the City and County offices. He denies that he and others have associated themselves together to set the laws at defiance, in order to secure large pecuniary benefits at the public expense, or that they had removed any barriers or safeguards which had been erected by the Legislature in order to protect the Treasury, or has ever received any pecuniary benefits at the public expense in his capacity as Mayor. That beyond the reception of salaries, under laws and ordinances, he has never, directly or indirectly, received any pecuniary benefit from the discharge of the office of Mayor. He further denies that the claims referred to in subdivisions 9 and 10 of the complaint were fraudulent on their face, or that he ever assisted in fraudulently auditing any claims, or that any certificate that he ever signed was false and fraudulent; that as a member of the Board of Apportionment, he has failed to perform his duty; that the expenditures for the various departments and purposes of this City and County during the year 1871 are in excess of the sums allowed by law; he denies that as a member of the Board of Apportionment, he has failed to make provision in the terms of the second and third sections of the statute for the payment of the debt of the City and County falling due within the year 1871, or that he has threatened, or intends to apportion and set apart the sum of $9,000,000 in manner and form as charged against him in the complaint. He alleges that on the 31st of December, 1870, he ceased to be Mayor under the terms of office stated in folio 6 of the complaint; but that by virtue of a regular election he assumed a term of office on the 1st of January, 1871, for a full term of two years, ending Dec. 31, 1872; and that all the provisions of the charter of 1857, stated in subdivision 3 of the complaint, have been duly repealed.

The City funded debt payable from the sinking fund, is as follows:

[We give only the totals, for want of more space.]

| | |
|---|---|
| City water supply | $9,566,508 00 |
| Aggregate for Park improvements | 11,090,171 00 |
| For building purposes | 1,348,436 50 |
| To be paid from taxation | 32,426,592 01 |
| Temporary debt | 1,826,800 00 |
| For regulating, grading and curbing streets, &c. | 6,301,000 00 |

For other parks outside the Central, of $2,371,700. Thus making a temporary debt of $11,825,500, to which is to be added $11,757,900, as follows:

Revenue bonds. To provide for current expenditures of the year 1871:

| | |
|---|---|
| Seven per cent. revenue bonds of 1871, payable 1871 | $4,886,800 00 |
| Six per cent. revenue bonds of 1871, payable 1871 | 1,400,000 00 |
| Seven per cent. revenue bonds of 1871, payable 1872 | 5,471,100 00 |
| Total | $11,757,900 00 |
| Grand total for City | 78,914,107 51 |

### COUNTY FUNDED DEBT.

*Payable from Future Taxation.*

To purchase land and to provide means for the erection of a Court in said county:

New-York County Court-house stock, 1875 to 1884........$1,000,000 00

For the construction and completion of the New-York County Court-house:

New-York County Court-house-stock, 1885 to 1892........$800,000 00

For the completion, fitting up and furnishing of the new Court-house:

New-York County Court-house stock, No. 2, 1877 to 1881........$800,000 00

For the completion, fitting up and furnishing the new Court-house:

New-York County Court-house stock, No. 3, 1884 to 1888........$600,000 00

For redemption of bonds issued for bounty to substitutes and volunteer soldiers:

Soldiers' Substitute Bounty Redemption bonds, 1873 to 1876........$2,000,000 00

For payment of bounties to volunteer soldiers:

Soldiers' Bounty Fund bonds, 1883 to 1890..$4,000,000 00

For redemption of bonds issued for bounties to substitutes and volunteer soldiers:

Soldiers' Substitute and Relief Redemption bonds, 1880 to 1881........$946,700 00

To provide means to fill quota of men:

Soldiers' Bounty Fund bonds, No. 3, 1895 to 1897........$745,800 00

For redemption of bonds to substitutes and volunteer soldiers:

Soldiers' Bounty Fund Redemption bonds, No. 2, 1891........$376,600 00

For redemption of bonds for payment of damages during riots of 1863:

Riot damages redemption bonds, 1877 to 1879..$1,000,000

To provide additional means for the payment of riot damages:

Riot Damages Indemnity bonds, 1882........$848,000

To refund banks and insurance companies taxes of 1863 and 1864, collected upon capital invested in securities of United States:

New-York County bonds for the repayment of Taxes 1871........$499,550

To pay damages awarded in taking public drive:

Assessment Fund stocks, 1871........$768,000 00

Assessment Fund stock, 1871........1,166,700 00

To redeem revenue bonds issued to pay judgments and adjusted claims in 1868, and for payment of claims adjusted under chapter 854, laws 1868:

Accumulated Debt bonds of County of New-York, 1884-1888........$6,000,000 00

For the purpose of constructing a necessary fire-proof roof, and refitting the Hall of Records:

New-York County Repairs and Building stock, 1884-1888........$100,000 00

To provide for payment of bonds and stocks falling due 1871, and to meet requisitions of the State for payment of bounty debt in 1871:

Consolidated stock of the County of New-York of 1901........$3,200,000

### REVENUE BONDS.

To provide for the liabilities incurred previous to April 26, 1870:

Seven per cent. Revenue bonds of 1871, special, payable 1871........$6,312,000

To provide for the current expenditures of 1871:

Seven per cent. Revenue bonds of 1871, payable 1871........$3,749,800

Seven per cent. Revenue bonds of 1871, payable 1872........890,000

Total County........$35,743,150

It will thus be apparent that the debt of the City is: The funded debt from Sinking Fund, $22,905,115 50; debt from taxation, $32,426,592 01; temporary debt, $11,824,500; revenue bonds, $11,757,900; in all, $78,914,107 51. The county debt, funded and payable from future taxation, $24,791,306; payable from revenue bonds, $10,951,800; in all, $35,743,150.

After stating the valuation of property, real and personal, in the County of New-York, subject to the Two per Cent. tax, defendants concluded their papers submitted, with a number of extracts from the laws under which the various issues of stock are claimed as being authorized.

### CONCLUSION OF THE DAY'S PROCEEDINGS.

At the conclusion of the reading of these affidavits Mr. BARRETT said: My friend has concluded the answer of the defendant HALL. Let me make one observation.

Mr. O'GORMAN—I would suggest we do not enter into any argument of this case until all the affidavits are in. Then we can argue it at full length, and with full knowledge of all the facts of the case.

Mr. BARRETT—I asked a short time ago my learned friend to inform me whether the extracts which he had read from the minutes of the Board of Apportionment were the entire minutes of the Board, and my learned friend was not able to answer the question. I was about to observe that the answer which he has just read conveys the information which he was unable to give us. In two places the answer specifically refers to action having been taken by the Board of Apportionment for which we have no information today, and respecting which the extracts from the minutes already furnished are deficient. That being so, and it appearing on the face of the defendant HALL'S own answer that the extracts from the minutes of the Board of Apportionment are insufficient and not full—

Mr. O'GORMAN—All these questions are questions which can better be debated when all the affidavits are in. I have still as much as would occupy an hour and a half to read. By waiting until the affidavit of the Mayor was read, some light was thrown on the difficulty of my learned friend. If he will wait until the rest of the affidavits are read, he may find no difficulty at all. I therefore, with all due respect, suggest to him to let his desire for information remain reasonably curbed until he shall have heard all the affidavits, which we trust we will read to-morrow.

Mr. BARRETT—If my learned friend will promise he will to-morrow, in his affidavits, furnish full and complete extracts from the minutes of the Board, I will wait. If he will not do it, I ask the Court now to compel the other side to give us full and complete extracts from the minutes of the Board of Apportionment, which, it now appears, our learned friends have not done in the affidavit of CORNELIUS CORSON.

Mr. O'GORMAN—If the Court please, I am not surprised at the course my learned friend is taking, although it is exceedingly unusual, and almost verges on the confines of the discourteous. The whole action has a peculiar character about it, and I am sorry to see that, on the part of JOHN FOLEY, it is to be conducted in a peculiar way. I decline to be interrogated by the learned counsel, at this stage of the proceedings, as to what affidavits I intend to read or do not intend to read. If, after finishing the reading of the affidavits, he finds that he has cause to complain, let him then complain; but his complaint now is not so much meant for the Court as meant for that other tribunal, before which he seems more inclined to try this case than here, where, in presence of a just Judge, the facts can be clearly ascertained and the rule of law clearly announced. I am a lawyer; I intend to try this case before the Court as a lawyer should try it, but not otherwise.

Mr. BARRETT—My learned friend declines to be interrogated, and I do not interrogate him. His suggestions in reference to the motives of the prosecution are wholly unwarranted.

Mr. O'GORMAN—I said nothing about the motives of the prosecution.

Mr. BARRETT—We are here in a professional capacity, simply and solely. Nothing I have said, or that has been said, justifies for a moment the suggestion that anything verges upon discourtesy. I am simply here to say that on the face of the papers before the Court there has been—whether intentionally or unintentionally it is not for me to say, and I do not care now to discuss it—a failure to furnish full and complete extracts from the minutes of the Board of Apportionment. We heard read the affidavit of CORNELIUS CORSON, which purports to give full and complete extracts from the minutes of that Board; but I call your Honor's attention to the pleading of the defendant HALL, showing they are not full and complete; and in the exercise of my right as an advocate for the plaintiff, I demand that the entire minutes of the Board of Apportionment shall be laid before the Court.

Mr. O'GORMAN—And in the exercise of my right as counsel for some of the defendants, and in the position I now stand in as having not finished the affidavits which are in my hands to read, I consider the demand an improper demand, and I shall give the Court, which I am bound to respect, just as much information, so much or so little, as I think my duty to it and to this case generally demands. When my learned friend shall have heard all the affidavits which still remain to be read, I again say, is the proper time, and the only proper time, and that all other times are improper times, to make such a demand as he now makes.

Mr. BARRETT—I will not discuss the question of propriety or impropriety as to the hour of making the demand of my learned friend. It may be that I am right about it; it may possibly be that I am wrong; but I do ask that my learned friend will state to your Honor that in the remainder of his affidavits will be found the information which the Court has a right to have, which we have a right to have—full and complete extracts from the minutes of the Board of Apportionment, and that they shall be laid before the Court. I do not ask it now; but if my friend cannot say that, if he does not say that it seems to me that the matter of propriety is of very little importance; and now when it appears clearly before the Court that portions of these minutes are not here, the Court should pass upon the question as to whether we are to have them or not. In case my learned friend shall determine voluntarily not to give them to us, I simply ask that your Honor at this stage of the case shall rule as to whether we have a right to the complete record, of which but a part has been laid before the Court in the defendant HALL'S answer.

Judge BARNARD—Whenever the attorney for the defendant finishes the reading of the papers necessary in their judgment to meet successfully the allegations of the complaint, and they shall have omitted to produce that which you require as an explanation—if they give no reason for their failure to do so—it will be, of course, taken as a circumstance against them upon the decision of this motion, the rule of law being, as is well known, where a man has testimony that he fails to produce, when asked to produce it, that the presumption is he has something there which, if it was produced, would militate greatly against him, and renders him liable to strong suspicion.

Mr. O'GORMAN—We shall take that responsibility, and shall satisfy the Court, when we get our affidavits before it, that nothing has been evaded and nothing suppressed.

Judge BARNARD—Before the case is submitted I should like to have a statement up to Thursday, the day of the granting of this injunction, of the total debt and liabilities of the City and County of New-York.

Mr. O'GORMAN—Yes, your Honor.

The further hearing of this case was adjourned to 11 A. M. this day.

## CONNOLLY'S LAST TRICK.

### Strange Robbery of the Controller's Office—The Accounts Asked For by the Investigating Committee Carried Off—The Controller Thinks It Unlucky But Believes He Can Face It.

It will be remembered that at the last meeting of the Joint Committee of Supervisors, Aldermen and citizens, appointed to examine the Controller's accounts, Mr. BOOTH, Chairman of the Committee of Citizens, said, among other things: "In order to examine these accounts properly, thoroughly and exhaustively, every facility must be afforded the Committee. They must be shown every voucher and every book they call for; they must be allowed access to them at all times, and they must be furnished with such assistance as they may require, so that a certain and speedy result may be arrived at. If, therefore, this is guaranteed to them, the Committee are ready to proceed at once."

Mr. BOOTH was assured that all he required should be forthcoming, and subsequently Mr. BOOTH and Alderman WOLTMAN had an interview with Controller CONNOLLY, and informed him that they would require a statement of the City and County debt up to the present time, and the vouchers and bills for work done on behalf of the county during 1869, 1870 and 1871. They were assured that all they required was at their service, and should be forthcoming when wanted. It appears, however, that this promise is not now at all likely to be fulfilled, since the very documents desired by the Committee have disappeared from the Controller's Department.

Our reporter, on visiting the City Hall yesterday morning, heard rumors that a burglary had been committed during the previous night in the Controller's office, and that a large mass of documents had been stolen. During an interview with the Controller himself, that gentleman made the following statement:

Between 6 and 8 o'clock on Sunday night, the office occupied by the Stock Clerk and the Clerks of the County Bureau, was entered by burglars. They broke a piece out of the plate glass in the upper portion of the door, and thus got hold of the spring-latch or bolt, forced it back and opened the door. They then forced open three cupboards or small closets beneath the desks, and took all the County vouchers and canceled warrants for 1869 and 1870. It's a very unlucky thing, happening just at this time, and I'm sorry for it, but I have faced so much lately that I guess I can face this or anything else.

After listening to the Controller's brief statement, which was made with some degree of excitement, a careful investigation of the scene of the burglary was made. The office where the documents were deposited is located on the second floor of the new Court-house, near the foot of the stairs leading to the third story. The office is entered by a strong heavy door in two sections, the upper portions of which are of plate-glass fully a quarter of an inch thick. From the door on the left hand a portion of the lower right-hand corner of the glass, sufficiently large to admit a person's arm, has been broken away. The fracture is a clean one, and shows very conclusively that the glass must have been cut with a diamond before being broken out. Portions of the broken glass lay at the foot of the door inside. An aperture being formed, it was quite easy for any one to put his arm through and shove back the bolts of the door. On the west side of the office, which is an unusually large one, is a range of desks, beneath which are half a dozen closets, in which are kept vouchers and canceled warrants belonging to the county accounts. The vouchers for the City accounts are kept in another room. Of these six closets, which are secured with small ordinary locks, three have been forced open, and thirteen bundles of documents taken therefrom; at least that is the number Mr. LYNES, the County Auditor, believes to be missing, though it will take him some time, he says, to find out exactly what documents have been stolen. The documents in these receptacles are all carefully tied up and labeled, so that a person can ascertain at a glance what they are, and could make his selection from among them without any difficulty whatever. That such a selection was made is quite certain. From one closet nothing was taken. In the two others there are thirteen vacant pigeon-holes. The documents remaining untouched are bills for advertising, canceled warrants for the same, canceled revenue bonds, Sheriff's, County Clerk's and Coroner's bills and warrants. All the bills for work done on the new Court-house, for furniture, carpets and thermometers supplied, or supposed to have been supplied, with all the bills for plastering and fresco work, have disappeared. In fact, all the vouchers which the Investigating Committee that are to sit at 2 P. M. today called for are gone. Those that are of no interest to any one remain.

An interview with the employes of the office, the janitor and sub-janitor of the building, and others, brought to light few facts not already given above. It seems, however, that the Controller's office, which consists of two apartments, the Chamberlain's, which adjoins it, and the Supervisors', which is exactly opposite to it, on the other side of the corridor, have each a private watchman, who comes on duty at 5½ P. M. and remains until relieved by the day janitor. The watchman who has charge of the office from which the documents were stolen is named MICHAEL MURPHY. He was appointed by the Controller, and is paid by him. This man's story is to the effect that he came on duty about 5½ P. M. on Sunday: that he shortly afterward left the building, for what purpose he does not state, and was absent about one hour and a half. As he entered the office by the principal door, and not by that broken open, he observed nothing unusual about the place. On the day janitor, REGAN, arriving, however, he at once saw that the glass door had been broken, and that the lock had been shot back. The actual robbery was not discovered until the clerks arrived, and found the closets they had left locked open. Mr. EDWIN HAGGERTY, janitor of the building, who resides in the upper portion of it, states that he was away on Sunday all day, and did not return until quite late. The private watchmen are not under his charge, and, consequently, he knew nothing as to whether they perform their duties or not. The Deputy Controller and one or two clerks were in the building during the day, and did not leave until nearly dark. The sub-janitor, Mr. BALCH, states that he left the building on Sunday morning; that the doors were then all securely locked, and he is not aware that any one was then in the building except the janitor's family.

From what has been stated it will appear that, supposing the night watchman of the Controller's Department to have been absent when the burglary was committed, the watchmen in the Supervisor's office and the Chamberlain's, both in close proximity, must have been present. The noise made by the burglars must have been considerable, as the thick glass knocked out of the door was found smashed to pieces, yet, according to the statement of these watchmen, they heard nothing of it. The documents carried off were of considerable bulk, thirteen large packages in all, each about twelve or fourteen inches in length, by ten in height. One man could hardly have carried them, and indeed there is other evidence to show that more than one man was at work on Sunday night. It is also quite evident that the person or persons who carried off the documents knew just where to find them, and also knew the precise hour when they could work undisturbed. The absence and neglect of duty of the night watchman, MURPHY, remains to be explained, and also the singular deafness of his associates in the adjoining offices. Nothing was said yesterday by the Controller or his subordinates in regard to offering a reward for the missing documents or the apprehension of those who carried them off. The office was visited yesterday by detectives from the Central Department, who gave it as their opinion that the theft was committed by an expert burglar, provided with burglars' tools. A very cursory examination, however, would be sufficient to convince any one that the glass door could be broken, a lock shot back, and two or three small closets pried open, by any one, and with almost any instrument, from a jack-knife upward. There was no need of a burglar for such work. The rumor that the large safe in the office had been tampered with was denied. The lock has been out of order for some time, and yesterday workmen were employed to rectify it, but it had not been tampered with.

During the whole of yesterday "the burglary in the Controller's office" formed the principal subject of conversation around the City Hall, and between running over to see all about it, and running upstairs to the Supreme Court to see how "the injunction case" got on, most of the City Hall and new Court-house employes were kept tolerably busy all day. At least fifty newspaper men also visited the office, not a few coming from Brooklyn and Jersey City, and after inspecting the broken door and locks, and listening to the story as told and embellished by imaginative clerks, departed not a great deal wiser than when they came.

The clerks of the Auditing Bureau state that they have a record in the books of all the documents taken. This they no doubt have, but they have not copies of the bills of Messrs. INGERSOLL, GARVEY, SMITH, KEYSER and others in detail, nor have they copies of the indorsements on the canceled warrants, showing into whose hands they ultimately came. In fact, the very information that the public desire to get at has been, for a time at least, put out of their reach.

Sergt. HOOPER, in charge of the City Hall Police, in the absence of Capt. THORN, stated that he had received no official intimation of the robbery. The officers on post in the upper portion of the Park had declared themselves confident that no one had entered or departed from the new Court-house between the hours of 6 o'clock P. M. and 6 o'clock A. M. on Saturday and Sunday.

## CONNOLLY TO RESIGN.

### Mayor Hall Considers Him Responsible for the Lost Vouchers—He Demands the Controller's Resignation.

The following letter from Mayor HALL to Controller CONNOLLY was brought to us at 1 o'clock this morning by Col. JOLINE, for publication. It tells its own story:

MONDAY, Sept. 11, 1871—P. M.

MY DEAR SIR: I have just been informed by the Superintendent of Police that, last night, the offices of the Finance Department were secretly invaded, and that as a consequence thereof valuable vouchers, evidences of payments and canceled warrants, (together representing a large amount of discharged City liabilities,) are alleged by some of your subordinates to have then disappeared.

The Superintendent and the Mayor immediately had full conversation regarding the means of investigating the untoward circumstances of the alleged burglary, and so as to punish the guilty, procure restitution of such papers as may have been taken, and protect the interests of the City.

Our constituents will have a right to hold you responsible, and in a measure withhold from the Financial Department desirable public confidence. It is impossible not to perceive that the City credit will suffer, and in a very critical period of municipal government.

With great personal reluctance I officially reach the conclusion that the exigency demands your retirement from the head of the Finance Department, in order that I may place there another gentleman, who will be enabled to thoroughly investigate its affairs and restore public confidence.

I cannot suspend any head of department, not even pending an investigation. I can only prefer charges to the Common Pleas, who alone can remove, after a considerable time for trial.

I am compelled to throw myself, therefore, as Mayor, in this unexpected and sudden emergency, upon your magnanimity, and ask, under the circumstances, for your resignation.

Yours very truly,
A. OAKEY HALL, Mayor.

R. B. CONNOLLY, Esq., Controller.

### Talking About Resignation.

It is rumored that at a meeting of the Board of Audit, held yesterday morning, the question of resignation was alluded to, but not advocated, when one of the Board immediately answered with some warmth that if it was intended for him, "he was ready to resign when the other three did, and not before."

## CABLE TELEGRAMS.

### The Great Strike in Newcastle Concluded.

### Defiant Attitude of the Welsh Coal-Miners.

### Arrangements for the Entire Evacuation of France.

### A Proposed Recess for the French Assembly.

### Arrival of Napoleon at His Residence in Torquay.

### Discussion of the Brazilian Emancipation Bill Over.

### GREAT BRITAIN.

**Health of Queen Victoria—English Volunteer Movements at Aldershot—The Strike at Newcastle Ended—Napoleon at Torquay.**

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The *Times* of today in an editorial censuring the importation of foreign workmen, gives its support, on both moral and sanitary grounds, to the British strikers in their movement for the reduction of their term of daily labor to nine hours. Queen VICTORIA has entirely recovered from her attack of indisposition. The military manœuvres at Aldershot are progressing, and the reports from the camp speak favorably of their character and the results thus far obtained. Gen. JOHN G. BARNARD and Major SUMNER, of the United States Army, are in attendance as representatives of the American Government. Lord ELCHO, commander of the London Scottish Rifle Volunteers, has been injured by the bursting of a musket. The Reading Grammar School, the memorial-stone of which was laid by the Prince of WALES last Summer, was opened today, the Lord Chancellor (Lord HATHESLEY) officiating at the ceremony. The potato disease is spreading in Lancashire. Her Majesty's steam-ship *Racer*, used as a training-ship for apprentices for the navy, is aground at Ryde, Isle of Wight. The strike in Newcastle has virtually been defeated. At least half of the usual number of operatives are now at work, and a full complement will be obtained within a fortnight. NAPOLEON arrived at Torquay this morning, and was received with much enthusiasm by the people. The Welsh colliers refuse to continue work unless the strangers recently imported to supply the places of strikers are dismissed from the mines. A serious disturbance is apprehended at Ferndale.

### FRANCE.

**Dinner Given to the Italian Ambassador by M. Thiers—Delivery of the Parisian Forts to the French—Proposed Recess by the French Assembly.**

VERSAILLES, Sept. 11.—M. THIERS gave a dinner today in honor of the Italian Ambassador, the Chevalier NIGRA, at which all the representatives of foreign nations were present, with the exception of Prince METTERNICH, of Austria, and Dr. KERN of Switzerland.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—The evacuation by the German troops of the four Departments contiguous to Paris will be completed on the 13th inst. Negotiations have commenced in relation to the evacuation of the whole of France.

President THIERS proposes that the Assembly take a recess from the 17th inst. to the 1st of November. It is now decided that the evacuation shall commence at Fort Charenton, which will be first delivered up to the French by the German commander.

### GENERAL EUROPEAN NEWS.

**Death of Mehemed Pasha—Recovery of King Amadeus.**

CONSTANTINOPLE, Sept. 10.—MEHEMED PASHA, Minister without a portfolio in the Cabinet of the Sultan, is dead.

MADRID, Sept. 11.—King AMADEUS, who has been retarded in his journey through the provinces by sickness, has entirely recovered.

### SOUTH AMERICA.

**Debate on the Brazilian Emancipation Bill Ended—The Measure to Remain in Abeyance During the Present Session.**

LONDON, Sept. 11.—Late advices from Rio Janeiro show that the discussion in the Brazilian Legislature on the clauses of the Emancipation bill had terminated, but that the measure would not probably become a law during the present session, owing to strong opposition to its passage.

### PACIFIC COAST.

**Removal of Army Head-Quarters—Promising Railway Route Discovered—Indian Affairs in Arizona—San Francisco Election.**

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 11.—The removal of the head-quarters of the Department of Arizona from Wilmington, Cal., to Prescott is completed. Mr. REHRER, chief of the surveying party of the Atlantic and Pacific Railway in Arizona, reports the finding of an excellent route from the White Mountains to the Colorado River. Gen. CROOK, who camped at Prescott after an unsuccessful Indian campaign, has three parties still in the field, and will organize two more to take the field immediately, having received no orders to the contrary. The Republicans elect all three Congressmen. It is believed by many that MCGLYNN, the Republican candidate for State Harbor Commissioner, is defeated, being largely scratched by the Germans.

**Boiler Explosion in Newburyport, Mass.—Seven Men Killed and Several Wounded.**

NEWBURYPORT, Mass., Sept. 11.—The boiler in CURTIS' hat-factory exploded this morning, killing five men outright. Several others are wounded or missing. The names of the killed are Charles Boyle, Michael Purcell, Reuben Mace, James L. Jackson, A. L. Page, all of Newburyport, and George Etheridge, of Lawrence.

The firemen are overhauling the ruins and searching for the missing. The boiler-house was completely demolished. A neighboring building, occupied by a brass foundry, was badly shattered, about two-thirds of the wrecked boiler falling into it. The explosion occurred just before work in the factory commenced, otherwise the destruction of life would have been much greater. The main building was badly shattered. WM. PERKINS, who was scalded by the explosion, died a few hours after. G. W. RANDALL, who was also scalded, will probably recover. The damage amounted to $5,000. A Coroner's jury has been called to investigate the catastrophe.

Sub-Treasurer EYSTER, at Philadelphia, in response to inquiries, states that he intends to remove Mr. SELLEKER, the Treasurer of the Mint. It was reported that the latter had resigned, because his accounts, which are in much confusion, were being investigated.

# EUROPEAN MAIL NEWS.

## THE NEW REPUBLIC.

**Doings in the Assembly—The Rivet Proposition—Attitude of the Right—Press Prosecutions—Welcome Topics—Gen. Faidherbe's Policy—Mr. Seward's Movements.**

From Our Own Correspondent.

PARIS, Tuesday, Aug. 29, 1871.

The rapidity with which political events crowd upon us is almost incredible. Every day brings a new surprise; yet at the end of the week we find that no real progress has been made, no new ideas advanced, no questions permanently settled. The Assembly travels in circles—without coming to an end at any point, without getting beyond the provisional. Worst of all, it learns nothing from history, and occupies its time in discussing questions which we settled nearly a century ago. Here we find troubles and quarrels over the question of the executive powers, or over the elementary details of that question, and the whole subject can be found discussed in the largest and most comprehensive manner in the debates of the Virginia Convention. The Assembly is divided between the ideas of PATRICK HENRY and GOUVERNEUR MORRIS, yet not a single member consults these great authorities, or searches for light in the pages of the history of a successful Republic. LAFAYETTE was an imitator of WASHINGTON, JEFFERSON, ALEXANDER HAMILTON and other men whom he had known—rather a weak one, perhaps, yet still a useful translator—but not a single Deputy has yet given a sign that he understands even LAFAYETTE. It may not be true, as the *Times* says, that "France is still in the Middle Ages," or as CARLYLE says, that "no great idea useful to the world has come from France in fifty years," but I feel assured it is true that France is, politically and socially, more than fifty years behind either England or America. And even then it is astounding that so little use is made of the experience which has developed that splendid English constitution, still more astounding that the Republicans of France make no use of the lessons taught by the founders of our Republic. The history of their own country teaches them nothing, and even the lessons drawn from German experience and genius in the late war, after so short a time has elapsed, are so nearly forgotten that the rulers of the people desire to return to the old French military system—the same system which sustained so crushing a defeat. The words of such men as Baron STOFFEL are thrown upon the winds, and he himself is put under official ban for daring to tell disagreeable truths. And where will all this end? It does not seem possible that any stable government can be founded in France with so little tact and wisdom.

### THE RIVET PROPOSITION.

The Rivet proposition has not yet been settled, nor did it come up yesterday, as was expected, in its amended form, simply because the wires had not been sufficiently worked to guarantee it against an ignominious defeat. The Chamber is afraid of it, as well it may be. It is hotly pursued by seventeen out of the twenty leading journals of Paris, and discussed with a freedom of language which makes M. THIERS, who favors it openly, think the people extremely ungrateful after all that he has done for France. That may be true, but more than one may doubt whether a sentiment of gratitude ought to make a man turn against his most sacred convictions, and advocate a policy which he honestly believes would put the country in peril. DUCATEL opened the gates of Paris, (for which M. THIERS was not grateful enough to put his name in the official reports,) and saved at least, one half of the monuments of the city, yet no one claims that gratitude ought to make the Parisians adopt the ideas of DUCATEL. That is the fault of M. THIERS' age. But he has not trusted much to the sentiment, for none of the young Deputies could have worked harder than he has done during the past week, despite a very bad eye, and great prostration caused by overwork, to arrange this Rivet affair. Sunday night he visited several caucuses and tried to get a few serious members to join the movement. At midnight M. DE GOULARD was roused from his peaceful slumbers by M. SAINT-HILAIRE, who said that the chief was waiting for an interview. Until broad daylight the most heroic efforts were made to effect a compromise, but that it proved ineffectual is a fair supposition from the further adjournment of the question.

### ATTITUDE OF THE RIGHT.

At the same time the Right is also at work. It threatens to crush the proposition at once if presented in anything like its original form, and one sees that the persistence of M. THIERS is raising up an intensely bitter feeling. I was in Versailles on Sunday for a visit to the Grand Fair, and heard grumbling on every side. "M. THIERS takes an unfair advantage," said a Deputy to me; "for if we oppose him he threatens to resign, and to accuse us of trying to ruin the country. Yet we have resolved to let him go if he tries the same trick again." Said another: "That wretched motion of discord and misfortune shrinks from nothing, not even before the enemy now at the gates of Paris. It is hard to think that M. THIERS could stop it with a single word and that he refuses to say that word." Several meetings have been held to agree upon a successor to M. THIERS, and MCMAHON having refused, the Duc D'AUMALE was selected in committee. Gen. CHANGARNIER was thrown aside on account of his age. Of course, if the attempt is made to elect him, GAMBETTA will be opposed, and between the two may slip in NAPOLEON III., whose prefects are now assembled in Paris, and where sixty thousand *gend armes* and *sergeants de ville* only await the *mot d'ordre*.

### PRESS PROSECUTIONS.

It has recently been remarked that M. LEON SAY, who was the determined enemy of M. HAUSSMANN, and who wrote a book against him, has followed in the footsteps of his predecessor in all particulars, even the most minute. It was seen that the men who accused NAPOLEON III. of spending the people's money in buildings for the sake of putting "Ns" and "eagles" on them, spent the people's money in defacing these insignia, in changing the names of streets and in carving *liberté, fraternité, equaleté* upon the fronts of churches. Now, we find the men who had the most to say about absolute power the first to use such power when they are in office. The Government has entered suits against the *Patrie*, the *Univers* and the Paris *Journal* for saying that there was a rumor of disturbance at Lyons. The *Patrie* cries, "At last justice has been done;" for the Government, finding that M. RANE and the *Patrie* could not both remain upon the sidewalks of Paris, has arrested the *Patrie*. This most ridiculous way of turning the issue is said to have thrown M. DUFAURE into fits—of rage. The Paris *Journal* says that it has been arrested because it was unfortunate enough to fall upon the proof that JULES SIMON was No. 606 of the International. The sarcasms of these papers are so cutting that the Government has got the worst of the bargain at the outset. The writer of the *Patrie*, who knows all about our country by a long residence, wields one of the keenest blades in France, and I should not like to be in M. DUFAURE's position for the next few weeks.

### A WELCOME TOPIC.

It takes very little to exhilarate the mass of the Paris journalists, and to send them off at a tangent. The meeting at Gastein furnished a theme. Some of them see an immediate war between Prussia and Austria, from which France can get her revenge. The *Gaulois* is constantly attacking England and the English, and the other day gave an article to prove that the English had sent worthless wheat to the farmers of France as a gift of charity. The *Times* remarked that if English charities were to be made the subject of abuse and ridicule, England would remember that she had poor at home. In reply the *Gaulois* says that it makes a great difference between the people and the Government, which it hopes is a satisfactory explanation. I cannot exactly see what this has to do with the matter, especially as it was the people who sent the wheat. In connection with these charities are the words "*French Gallery Relief Fun*," which is a specimen of French-pigeon-English which I cannot decipher, and only knew by the connection that the latter word is intended for "fund."

### GEN. FAIDHERBE'S POLICY.

The resignation of Gen. FAIDHERBE is likely to cause some excitement, unless the event is obscured by greater ones. It is now certain that this move was in the Gambetta interest, and for the purpose of giving character to the attempt to dissolve the Chamber. Petitions are pouring in against the constituency of the Assembly, the member from Marseilles having already received six hundred. Gen. FAIDHERBE said in his letter that he resigned because he could not agree that the Chamber was constituent—a reason which M. BAZE wanted to consider an insult—and the same as that given by VICTOR HUGO, MILLIEVE, ROCHEFORT and others. Privately Gen. FAIDHERBE says that he resigned because he could not endure M. THEIRS. The General is a devoted friend of M. GAMBETTA, and it was GAMBETTA who saved the power of M. THIERS the other day. This will show how hard the former is working his wires. It is true, I believe, that he has had a serious difference with M. LAUVIER. There seems to be little doubt that, now his organization is in good working order, and with the aid of the International, M. GAMBETTA could get a majority in a new Assembly, and it is for this reason that he is trying to have the present Assembly dissolved.

### MR. SEWARD IN THE CAPITAL.

Mr. SEWARD has just arrived in Paris. A reception will be given to him Thursday evening by BOWLES BROTHERS, bankers, to which cards are now being issued.....The first cool days of the season have arrived, and thus far there are no signs of the cholera, or of other epidemics.

ASHBY.

## "A TERRIBLE TEMPTATION."

**Mr. Charles Reade on a Critique of His Latest Work—The Answer to His Complaint.**

Under the head-line "Facts Must Be Faced," Mr. CHARLES READE has written to the London *Times* in relation to the *critique* that journal published of his newest novel. It runs thus: "The *Times* of the 24th of August contains a notice of *A Terrible Temptation*, done upon a new plan. It is a careful synopsis of all the main incidents in my story, only my abridger has divested them of every charm. It is rather hard my name should be attached to a bad story told by another man when I have told a goodish one with the same materials; but I console myself by reflecting that the same ingenious process applied to HOMER's *Iliad* would prove it a contemptible work. There is something more serious reflecting on me, both as a writer and a man, which I cannot leave uncontradicted in columns so powerful as yours. My abridger has said that I have written about things which should not be spoken of, much less written about—alluding to my sketch of Rhoda Somerset—and that innocent girls ought not to be informed on such subjects. He even hints that mothers would do well to forbid my first volume to their unmarried daughters. You must admit, sir, this is a very serious thing to say in print, and very cruel to a writer of my age; then do, please, give me fair play for once, and let me be heard in reply. The character of Rhoda Somerset was not invented by me, but copied from a master hand. It was you who first introduced her, ponies and all, to the public, on the 3d day of July, 1862, in an admirable letter headed 'Anonyma.' On another occasion you discussed the whole subject, day after day, in leaders and a vast correspondence, so that for one lady who knows about the *demi monde* from my pages, twenty know a great deal more from yours. Should this lose you the esteem of my abridger, permit me to offer you, as a small substitute, the thanks of a better judge. You did your duty to the public in 1862, as you had often done it before, and were true to your own invaluable maxim, 'Facts must be faced.' For eighteen years, at least, the journal you conduct so ably has been my preceptor, and the main source of my works—at all events, of the most approved. A noble passage in the *Times* of Sept. 7 or 8, 1853, touched my heart, inflamed my imagination, and was the germ of my first important work, *It is Never Too Late to Mend*. That column, a monument of head, heart, and English, stands now dramatized in my pages, and embellishes the work it had inspired. Some years later you put forth an able and eloquent leader on private asylums, and detailed the sufferings there inflicted on persons known to you. This took root in me, and brought forth its fruit in the second volume of *Hard Cash*. Later still, your hearty and able, but temperate, leaders upon trades unions and trade outrages, incited me to an ample study of that great subject, so fit for fiction of the higher order, though not adapted to the narrow minds of bread-and-butter misses, nor of the criticasters who echo those young ladies' idea of fiction and its limits, and thus *Put Yourself in His Place* was written. Of *A Terrible Temptation*, the leading idea came to me from the *Times*—viz., from the report of a certain trial, with the comments of counsel, and the remarkable judgment delivered by Mr. Justice BYLES. The character of Rhoda Somerset I culled from your pages, and having observed with what firmness, yet coldness, you treated that character and topic, I have kept your method in view, and, at all events, tried to imitate it. Whatever wamth I have shown is in the scenes of virtuous love, in the Somerset's scenes I am cold and sarcastic. Up to the period of her repentance how do I treat this character? Do I whitewash the hussy, or make her a well-bred, delicate-minded woman, as your refined and immoral writers would? I present her illiterate, coarse, vain, with good impulses, a bad temper, and a Billingsgate tongue. In close contrast to this unattractive photograph I am careful to place my portrait of an English virgin, drawn in the sweetest colors my rude art can command, that every honest reader may see on which side my sympathies lie, and be attracted to virtue by the road of comparison. Believe me, Sir, a thousand innocent girls are at this moment being corrupted by writers of their own sex, with novels instinctively adapted to the female reader, to her excessive sexuality, and her sense of propriety. These writers, being women, know how to work on the former without alarming the latter, and so, by fine degrees and with soft insidious partinacity, they reconcile their female readers to illicit love, and shed a mild lustre over adultery itself. Yet so destitute of the true critical faculty are the criticasters of the day that these canny corrupters of female youth escape censure; it has gone astray after a writer in whose hands vice startles and offends, not captivates. My pen has never corrupted a soul; it never will, it never can, till water shall run uphill. Should this argument fall into abler hands that an abridger's, I expect to be told, not that it is the duty of all writers to ignore certain vices, and so do their best to perpetuate them, but that many subjects, open to the journalist, are closed to the novelist. This is true and reasonable. The answer is—journals must, of necessity, report in their small type some crimes and vices quite unfit to be mentioned in a novel; but that a journalist has any right to put into his leaded type and to amplify, discuss, and dwell upon any subject whatever, and that the poet or the novelist has not an equal right to deal with that subject in fiction, this is monstrous and the mere delusion of a rabid egotism. Since, therefore, I have taken Anonyma from your hands and have presented her in no voluptuous scenes, and have made her a repulsive character until she repents, no mother need forbid my book to her daughter; at all events, until she had forbidden her daughters to enter Hyde Park and the *Times* to enter her drawing-room, and has locked up every Bible on her premises."

### THE CRITIC'S ANSWER.

To this letter, the *Times* appends the words following: "We really did not know that Mr. READE had been our pupil for eighteen years, and we cannot help thinking that if he really had stood in that position he would not only have written better novels but better letters. In nothing does he more clearly show that he is not our pupil than in his impatience of well-merited reproof. We thought we had done him a service in telling the story of *A Terrible Temptation* without entangling the reader in the interruptions with which the book is filled. Had we chosen to be so, we might have been much more severe on the hundreds of pages devoted to a lunatic asylum, and on the eccentric diagram which illustrates them. No writer of fiction has a right to throw a long list of lunatic cases at the heads of his readers, and then to call his novel a good story. But, as we considered lunatic asylums one of Mr. READE's crotchets, we spared him criticism on that point. Had we been, to use his new-fangled word, 'criticasters,' he would not have escaped so lightly. On another subject we were more severe; nor has Mr. READE, in this letter, induced us to alter our opinion. No writer of fiction is justified, in a work which he well knows will find its way into innocent family circles, in describing scenes and people such as pure-minded young persons of either sex ought neither to imagine nor to know. When Mr. READE admits that one of the principal characters in his book is 'a hussy,' and that she is 'illiterate, coarse, vain, with good impulses, a bad temper, and a Billingsgate tongue,' he gives up the point, even without mentioning her disgusting profligacy, which he is careful to omit. It is no excuse that other writers are greater sinners in this respect. Their blacks can never make Rhoda Somerset white. We must altogether repudiate the notion that the original of that vicious woman ever existed in the columns of the *Times*; but were the imputation true, it would add nothing to Mr. READE's case. Ours are public, his private, duties. The columns of a newspaper necessarily contain 'facts' every day to which our rule, '*La mère en défendra la lecture à sa fille*,' applies; but they do not contain fictions like Mr. READE's. The public must have their facts, just as they must have their Bibles. They will, we hope, continue to read their newspapers, in spite of the wickedness of the age, which is occasionally reflected in the columns of the Press; and we trust they will read their Bibles, which Mr. READE is apprehensive may be locked up; but they will not continue to read our correspondent's works if they contain such unsavory stuff as is to be found in *A Terrible Temptation*."

## FORGED BONDS.

**Alleged Forgery of United States Security—A Commitment on Another Charge.**

*From the Pall Mall Gazette, Aug. 30.*

JOHN G. CLARKE, alias S. J. Cole, was brought up on remand, before Sir T. HENRY at Bow-street today, charged with forging American bonds and obtaining money by false pretenses. It will be remembered that one of the bonds in question, for $1,000, had been given to Col. SANDERSON, manager of the Langham Hotel Company, in payment of his account and for money advanced (about £180 in all).

Mr. J. FRITH BOTTOMLEY now attended for the prisoner, and asked to have the depositions read. Sir T. HENRY said it was not fair to counsel that he should be instructed so late in the inquiry. A fresh case was then taken.

Mr. T. R. SULLIVAN, treasurer of Messrs. BOWLES & CO., bankers, No. 449 Strand, said: On or about the 24th of April last the prisoner presented an American bond for $1,000, and asked for an advance upon it. He wanted £150—the full worth of the bond, it genuine, being rather over £200. He was told that it must be attested in the usual way by the notary and indorsed by his signature. He called several times, and eventually the sum asked for, about £150, was advanced to him. The bond was sent to America to be negotiated. A day or two after this he called and asked for another advance, considering the security more valuable, and some £20 or £30 was further advanced. He was told that he could not have any more money until information was received from America, when the full amount of its value would be paid to him. He was told to call in a month for the balance, but he never did, and in the meantime information was received from America that it could not be paid.

Mr. BOTTOMLEY—That is not evidence, legally.

Sir T. HENRY—No; but there is the fact that the bond was not paid and the prisoner never called for the balance.

Witness—We were induced to advance the money to prisoner because he presented a letter of recommendation from Col. SANDERSON, of the Langham Hotel.

Cross-examined—We should not have advanced money to the prisoner as a stranger but for the letter of introduction.

DRUSCOVITCH, the detective officer, repeated his evidence that when he apprehended the prisoner he gave the name of CLARKE, that he lived in that name at his last lodgings, and had a pass-book in his possession made out in the name of CLARKE, besides several tradesmen's bills also so made out. Witness added that since the last examination he had received intelligence from Mr. S. J. COLE, of America, to the effect that, being an aged man, he could not cross the Atlantic to give evidence.

Sir T. HENRY said under these circumstances the charge of forgery could not be sustained; but there was evidence to convict the prisoner for obtaining money under false pretences. Both Col. SANDERSON and the firm of BOWLES & Co. had lost large sums of money by accepting these bonds as genuine.

Mr. BOTTOMLEY applied for bail, assuring the Court that his client had an answer to the charge.

Sir T. HENRY said the prisoner had had several weeks to get evidence of this. It was not usual to grant bail in so serious a case.

The prisoner was then committed upon two charges for obtaining money by false protenses.

## THE GASTEIN MEETING.

**An Austrian Account of the Emperors' Interview.**

The latest issue of the *Eastern Budget* publishes letters from Vienna and St. Petersburg, which give a different account of the results of the Gastein meeting from others which have been printed. The Vienna correspondent, who writes on the 27th ult., says: "The only result which was arrived at in the conferences at Gastein is an agreement between Austria and Prussia on certain general principles of policy. The details of the agreement were taken down on both sides, and the two reports were afterward compared and adjusted. There was no idea of concluding a treaty, and none of the special employes, whose assistance would in such case have been necessary, were accordingly sent for. As to the numberless erroneous reports about the character and scope of the conferences, these are chiefly to be accounted for by the circumstance that the German party in Austria wished to use the Gastein meeting as a weapon against the Federalists. It was hoped that the announcement of a formal alliance with Germany would discourage the Federalists and Reactionists at the elections, and inspire corresponding energy and determination into the German party. The other side, too, spread reports in a contrary sense, with the object of depreciating the real importance of the interview. It purposely ignored the fact that the statement of policy made by the Vienna Cabinet on the 26th of December last, had created a situation which could not be accurately defined by a mere exchange of diplomatic dispatches. This defect has, according to the best information, now been supplied in the conferences at Gastein. The German and Austrian Chancellors were enabled by their confidential conversations with each other to obtain a clear idea of the mode in which the great principle of the identity of the interests of the two States could be realized to their mutual advantage. Their efforts to this end appear to have been successful; and they then naturally turned their attention to some of the more dangerous European questions, with a view to making the agreement they had arrived at instrumental in promoting the general peace. It so happened that the Roumanian Railway difficulty was at that time the question of the day, and the satisfactory manner in which it has been settled may be regarded as a happy omen for the application of similar means for any future difficulties that may arise. Even in Russia, where the Gastein meeting inspired the most distrust, this feeling is gradually disappearing, and a Panslavist organ of St. Petersburg declares that if the harmony between Austria and Germany is to produce as satisfactory results in other Eastern questions as it has done in the Roumanian affair, no Power will have more reason to congratulate itself upon it than Russia." The *Budget's* correspondent at St. Petersburg says, writing on the 20th inst: "The meeting at Gastein is naturally much talked about here. The newspapers affect to look upon the incident as of no importance for Russia, because they say there can be no doubt that the Vienna Cabinet will be duped by the astute BISMARCK. The only subject of regret, they add, which is connected with the interview is that one of its results has been the strengthening of the hostility felt for Russia of late by the Slavonians in Austria. Even the *Politik* of Prague—pathetically exclaims the Moscow *Gazette*—which was the last champion of Russian sympathies in Austria, now echoes the attacks of the other papers on the policy of Russia, and points out that by opposing federalism in Austria the Russian Government simply plays into the hands of the German Party. This charge is warmly repudiated by the *Gazette*, which declares that Russia continues to be animated by the friendliest feelings toward her fellow-Slavonians in Austria, though it cannot deny that she must look with disfavor on any scheme calculated to make Austria strong and united."

## FOREIGN NOTES.

German papers deride the extraordinary conversation said to have been held between BISMARCK and the correspondent of the *Daily Telegraph*. The correspondent has been hoaxed.

The *Univers* publishes the following prayer, which the Pope is said to offer up daily for France: "O Mary, conceived without sin, look down upon France; pray for France; oh, save France. The greater its guilt, the greater its need of thy intercession. A single word to Jesus, reclining in thine arms, and France is saved. O Jesus, obey Mary, and save France."

An article has appeared in the *Strasburg Gazette*, the organ of the German Government, threatening reprisals against the Alsatians who have elected to remain French subjects, should Germans continue to be persecuted in France. The *Gazette* points out that every Alsatian who has decided upon remaining a Frenchman is now a foreigner in Alsace, and cannot be allowed to do anything to endanger the safety of the State.

The number of deaths from suicide in France during the year 1869 was 5,114, against 5,547 in 1868; of the former number, 4,113, or about four-fifths, were males, and 1,101 females. With regard to age, 37 were under 16, and 1,432 over 60. Among the causes attributed were poverty 474, family troubles 571, love or jealousy 222, crime 26, insanity 1,516, physical suffering, 591, intoxication, &c., 664.

The correspondent at St. Petersburg of the *Eastern Budget*, writing on the 19th inst., says: "The great Netchayeff trial is coming to an end. After an almost uninterrupted sitting of twenty days, sentence was delivered on the second group of accused, consisting of thirty-three persons. Of these twenty-three were sentenced for participation in a secret society, with the object of subverting the existing state of things in Russia; the others were acquitted. The trial of the third and last group will begin shortly."

It is stated by the *Avenir Libéral*, the Bonapartist organ, that serious disturbances took place at Strasbourg on Aug. 26. About a thousand of the young men of the city were passing through the streets singing patriotic songs, when a Prussian patrol appeared and ordered them to disperse. The young men refused to obey, and the Prussians thereupon fired at the crowd. Several persons are said to have been severly wounded, and the soldiers did not escape without loss.

Advices received by the *Débats* from Strasbourg state that no fewer than 23,000 persons have left that city to settle in France, Switzerland and America. The *Débats* points out that if this emigration continues at the same rate, the time is not far distant when there will no longer be any Alsatians in Alsace. This result would be very flattering to French patriotism, and it would show that France still has irresistable attractions, notwithstanding her reverses. Nevertheless, the *Débats* thinks that the Alsatians would show more political sagacity were they to stay at home.

The following communication from the island of La Maddalena, appears in the Turin *Gazette*: "GARIBALDI has recovered after having suffered severely from his rheumatic pains, and now only wants repose and quiet. The present situation of France causes him much affliction. He speaks with contempt of VICTOR HUGO, LOUIS BLANC and JULES FAVRE, and declares them old and worn out. His son RICCIOTTI will soon return, married, to Caprera; his other son, MENOTTI, has devoted himself to an export business. Both seem to have absolutely renounced politics.

Sir RODERICK MURCHISON has received a letter from Dr. KIRK, at Zanzibar, dated July 19, 1871, in which he states: "I can, I regret to say, give no further accounts of LIVINGSTONE. What last I wrote about his visit to that little-known place west of Tanganyika is confirmed, and the Arabs from that quarter seem to count him quite one of the residents of those places. There is certainly no ill-feeling on the part of the Arabs to him. The little jealousy they seem to have shown at first has passed off, and I sent a letter a few days ago by the first caravan of the season to Ujiji. Do not despair. The Doctor is moving slowly, but safely; he evidently feels his way, and is determined to leave little doubts behind him this time."

The total expenses of the Mont Cenis Tunnel amount to 65,000,000f.; of these, 20,000,000f. are to be contributed by the Victor Emmanuel Railway, or Railway of Northern Italy. This sum is to be paid on or before the opening of the tunnel. The French Government was to pay 19,000,000f. if the work was accomplished within twenty years, reckoning from 1862. But if the work was accomplished at an earlier date, France bound herself to pay 500,000f. more for every year gained upon the stipulated time. As there have been eleven years thus gained, France will have to pay 5,500,000f. besides the 20,000,000f. of the original stipulation. She has, besides, to pay five per cent. interest on the money due for the work as it proceeded from year to year. Thus Italy will pay something less than 20,000,000f. Had the construction of the tunnel continued beyond the stipulated term of twenty years, Italy would have lost 500,000f. for every year in excess of that period.

The *Irish Times* has received from the Police the official report of the attempt to blow up the obelisk at Kingstown. It states that Police Constables LOUIS BARRY and THOMAS HANLON were on duty at the Quay-road about 12.10 o'clock on the night of Aug. 27, when they heard a loud explosion under the King George's monument in front of the harbor, which shook the whole neighborhood. The explosion was caused by some person or persons unknown attempting to blow up the monument, by placing under its base what appears to have been a large carpet traveling-bag containing a tin canister supposed to have held a large quantity of gunpowder. The constables were struck by fragments of the bag, the iron frame of which, with pieces of the bag, some burned paper, and the broken pieces of the tin canister, were thrown a considerable distance in another direction, and were subsequently brought to Kingstown Police Station by two harbor watchmen. A seaman and his wife who were passing were struck by the fragments, and the latter was thrown to the ground owing to the severity of the shock. The explosion is stated to have been louder than the report of an ordinary man-of-war gun, so that it may be presumed that the canister contained at least eight or ten pounds of powder.

"Strange as it may appear," says the *Gazette des Tribunaux*, "a man is at present confined in one of the prisons of Paris who owes his being still alive to the fact of having claimed in time the benefit of Article 12 of the Penal Code, which declares that 'every person condemned to death in France shall be executed by having his head cut off.' In fact, on the 27th May last a man named P——, who had, prior to the 18th March, been sentenced to death for murder, and was awaiting his execution in the prison of La Roquette, was set at liberty by the last defenders of the Commune. He at once joined his liberators and accompanied them to the barricade on the Boulevard du Prince Eugène. He passed the night in eating and drinking, but so much good fortune could not last, for the next morning he and his new comrades were all made prisoners by the soldiers of the Line and ordered to be shot. It was then that P——, with presence of mind, cried out that 'he had been condemned to death by the Court of Assizes of the Seine, and that he refused to be shot, such not being the punishment fixed by law.' The officer, greatly embarrassed by so extraordinary a demand, had the man taken apart, and late in the day handed him over to the civil authorities, who will, without doubt, soon decide on his ultimate fate."

The *Daily Telegraph* publishes the following statement: "Although it is many years since Her Majesty was so seriously indisposed as she has been during the last few weeks, there never has been any secret as to the nature of the indisposition. In the week that preceded her departure for Scotland, the Queen suffered from headache, sore-throat, and a consequent want of refreshing sleep, necessarily aggravated by the great heat. Nevertheless, Her Majesty bore the fatigue of the journey well, and obtained more sleep while traveling than she had enjoyed for days before. A couple of days after arriving at Balmoral the throat affection, which seemed to have been alleviated during the journey, returned with considerable severity, and occasioned such evident pain and suffering as to cause serious uneasiness to all around. Nor was it till more than a whole day had passed that the acuteness of the attack was relieved. We are glad to know, however, that, if the improvement in the condition of the throat has been gradual, it has steadily continued now for a full week, until the inflammatory symptoms have been effectually subdued, and all discomfort from that cause is at an end. The Queen is still, indeed, far from well; and some time must elapse before her Majesty can recover the moderately robust health which she enjoyed in the earlier and cooler months of the year; but of course we may, just now especially, hope much from the pure and bracing air of the Highlands."

### Yellow Fever at Beaufort—State of the Case.

The Beaufort (S. C.) *Republican* of the 7th has the following record of the appearance of the yellow fever in that town:

"It will be seen from our record of deaths that there have been two deaths in Beaufort from yellow fever. There have been only two. The facts concerning these are as follows:

Mr. STERN had been some time in Charleston. He walked to Beaufort from White Hall, a distance of thirty miles. He slept over night in the open air; was subsequently taken sick with country fever; after several days yellow fever symptoms appeared, with black vomit, from which he died.

Mr. PATTERSON had spent some five or six months on Fenwick's Island, near Ashepoo, in a malarial district, and his system was well filled with malaria. He was taken with country fever, when yellow fever, with black vomit, subsequently developed. He was sick a week.

MIDDLETON STUART, Jr., has been sick with yellow fever ten days. He was several weeks in Savannah, and while there was told by a relative of his, who is a policeman, of several cases of yellow fever then existing in that city. It was in the early part of August.

B. S. SAMS, son of Dr. M. M. SAMS, has been sick fifteen days. The fever ran into yellow fever with black vomit. He is improving, and the chances are considered good for his recovery.

GEORGE G. NICHOLS, son of Dr. E. G. NICHOLS, was taken suddenly sick with yellow fever. It was well developed within thirty-six hours. He has since recovered and is now about town; has been sick only four or five days. The above are the only cases known to us thus far, 3d of September.

LATER—6th of September, 3 o'clock P. M.—A severe storm is raging and the weather is very unpropitious for the sick. No new cases of yellow fever, and those before reported convalescent are doing well."

### An Odd Letter from Germany.

The Chief of Police of St. Louis has received a letter from Germany showing a curious idea of American justice. The following is a translation, as it appears in the St. Louis *Democrat*:

*To the Hon. Police President, St. Louis, America:*

I have been married twice, and both wives died. I was forced to marry again to get a mother for my many small children, so I married WILHELMINE BARTEL, of Broucke, near Gottingen, but lived with her only four months, as she turned out to be a very bad woman. Her wickedness consisted, first, in going away from home and not returning for several days. Second, she sold all my first wife's chemises and all my bedding, although I repeatedly told her not to do so, or she would bring me to the poor-house. My warnings she did not heed until I adopted forcible measures, when she left me and went to America.

About two years ago I received a letter from a friend in your country, in which it was stated that my wife had been found guilty of larceny, for which crime she was hung. The notice *I received with the greatest delight*, on account of the trouble she had caused me. I have, or my children have, an inheritance which I cannot recover from the Court until I can prove that my wife is dead. I therefore apply to you, the President of the Police, to inquire if the woman was hung for larceny, and hope you will inform me as soon as possible.

PHILIP BITTER,
Plasterer in Heiligenstadt, Reg. Bez Erfurt.
AUG 20, 1871.

### A Double Murder in Louisiana—Two Brothers Killed by a Negro.

Two brothers, named HERRING, who were Mayor and Sheriff of Byram Station, on the Jackson Railroad, ten miles from Jackson, La., were attacked by a negro on Tuesday afternoon, Sept. 5, and instantly killed. The particulars of the crime are thus given by the New-Orleans *Times*: "The negro previously had a difficulty with his employer about hitching up an ox team and he struck his employer and ran, and the brothers HERRING pursued him. He was finally brought to bay, and one of the party fired a shot-gun at him, wounding him with squirrel-shot in the thigh and hand. He then drew a knife and cut one in the throat and the other across the abdomen, killing both instantly. The negro, when the train passed Byram, was lying at the station unable to move, and the two bodies were about fifteen feet from him. The Sheriff of Jackson had been telegraphed, and was expected on the next train."

## PERSONAL, POLITICAL, AND GENERAL.

Senator MORTON is unable at present to accept an invitation to speak in Iowa.

The Charleston (S. C.) *Daily Republican* suspended publication last week.

The Milwaukee *Sentinel* says the Republicans of Wisconsin are enthusiastic, and confident of achieving a victory in the coming election.

A gentleman in Massachusetts in his prosperous days gave his town a tract of land for a public square. The square still bears his name, while he, penniless and friendless, is an inmate of the town almshouse.

Mr. WILL. M. CARLETON read some of his poems in Detroit on Thursday evening to good acceptance, including a new one entitled "The New Church Organ," which is shortly to appear, with illustrations, in *Harper's Weekly*.

That odd triangular divorce suit in San Francisco of Mrs. BERTHA A. WHITE against CHARLES W. WHITE, and FREEMAN WHITE against Mrs. BERTHA A. WHITE, has ended in a decree of divorce in each case.

A horse-doctor prescribed for three children, suffering from fever and ague, in Fort Wayne, Ohio, on Friday last. In a few hours one of them died, and the other two are now in a precarious condition. The "doctor" has been arrested.

"Admiral" SEMMES has received a delicate hint from a writer in the Mobile *Register*, who says to him: "The ease and audacity which eminently qualify a man to act the sailor or the novelist, may equally unfit him for the rôle of the historian."

One "Dr." A. F. B. GEORGE has been imprisoned in St. Paul, Minn., in default of bail, to await trial on a charge of malpractice. He is accused of persuading unhappy patients that they were about to be afflicted with cancers, and of inducing them to submit to painful and bungling surgical operations. As a minor matter it is alleged that he has four wives living.

A paper in Wisconsin tells its readers that a resident of that section nineteen years ago went to California; that before going he gave his sister a pair of sleeve-buttons; that three years ago one of the buttons was lost and diligent search failed to discover it, and that finally the brother who presented it recently returned home for the first time since his departure, and while strolling last week near the depot, found the long-lost button in the sand and restored it to its mate.

Miss NELLIE THURSTON, who made a balloon ascension from the Watertown Fair Grounds last Thursday, landed in the woods about twenty-five miles back of Richland Station, in the town of Redfield. She remained in the basket of the balloon suspended in a tree all of Thursday night, and jumped out on Friday morning and made her way to a hotel, where she arrived in a rather "mussed up" condition, but without having suffered any serious inconvenience.

The Yorkville (S. C.) *Enquirer* enters its protest against a declaration of martial law in York County, and asserts that after the most diligent inquiry it has been unable to procure any authentic facts to warrant Senator SCOTT in his assertion that deeds of violence and crime have been renewed there. The Chester *Republican* also says there is no need for harsh measures in Chester County, and declares it to be as free from crime as any other county in the United States.

ALEXANDER H. STEPHENS' latest is a fearfully long reply to the *World's* criticism of his opposition to the new departure, which he closes by saying that the *World's* teachings on this subject "are of the same character with those of the arch-tempter of mankind, when he subtly instilled into the ear of Eve the fatal idea that she might in safety 'depart' from the injunction given her by the Most High, when he said to her, if she should eat of the forbidden fruit, 'Ye shall not surely die.'"

The destructive tidal wave in New-Orleans is expected on the 5th of October, and the anxiety about it, the *Picayune* says, especially in the recently inundated district, has risen to feverish heat. The people gather at the street corners, and discuss the matter excitedly, while many plans, looking to an escape from its effects, are proposed with ingenious and elaborate cunning. One person, an ancient matron from Ethiopia, has gone to work with energy, and, like Noah, will be prepared for the advent of the flood. Around a huge iron kettle she has constructed a raft of hen-coops. Seated in the kettle, she expects to float away when the tide comes in, and save her chickens as well.

An agricultural fair in Deloto, Mo., was diversified by a personal encounter between two rival exhibitors, Col. JOHN O'FALLON and Col. J. W. FLETCHER, a brother of the Ex-Governor and Vice-President of the Fair Association. The incident occasioned great excitement, and friends of each rushed forward and knives and pistols were drawn freely. Each of the gentlemen, too, drew weapons, but a peace-maker came in the person of Mr. EUGENE RANKIN, a young man of discretion and pluck, who, although he had his clothes badly cut, was not injured. An armistice was established, and the two Colonels tacitly promised that no further difficulty should take place inside the fair-grounds.

At the Coroner's inquest in Lawrence, Kansas, Mrs. MARSH, mother of the dentist who murdered his wife and little daughter, and then killed himself, made some further revelations concerning the mental condition of her son. She said that for a number of years he had had spells of despondency, and had frequently said to her that he was afraid he should drown himself or commit a murder. And, alluding to the day of the tragedy, she said: "He came to me, took me by the hand, and, after looking at me some time, said: 'Mother, I have to try and not be quick about doing anything, to keep a spell off of me.' He has appeared to be losing his judgment for two or three days, and he was not in his right mind yesterday. He has been twice in the Insane Asylum at West Philadelphia, Penn."

Six days before the election in California, Senator COLE wrote to a friend that the independent movement in San Francisco would amount to nothing, even if it continued up to the day of election. He said: "The regular Republican and tax-payers' ticket will be elected by a large majority, and this attempt to break our ranks on the eve of a battle will be signalized only by its failure. I have no doubt whatever that some of the Bell-ringers are spurred on by Democratic influences, with the hope of dividing the Republican Party in this most important contest. Others of them are incited by disappointments which sometimes occur in politics; and others again are or were laboring under a delusion, which is being rapidly dispelled." The event shows that his anticipations of good results were well-founded.

Congressman A. E. GARRETT has published a card in Tennessee papers telling how he procured a pension. He describes an attempt to assassinate him in July, 1864, at Granville, in that State, where he had been placed by Gen. W. B. STOKES to guard a Pay-master engaged in paying off a portion of his regiment. He says that he was "brutally shot from behind without any notice, intimation, or provocation," and that for the disability thus received in the line of duty as an officer, he filed an application for a pension six years ago. The certificate, he says, was issued to him May 1, 1871, and the fact that he received it while he is a member of Congress is "entirely accidental, the Department knowing that he has never made any effort to have it acted on by any member or any other person except his attorneys."

Hon. RICHARD VAUX and twenty-four other leading and influential Democrats of Pennsylvania have published an address to the Democratic Party of that State, in which they argue at some length that the Fourteenth and Fifteenth Amendments are illegally adopted; that to accept them would be in direct antagonism to all the history and traditions of the party, and that the majority of the recent State Convention at Harrisburg, when they made in its platform "the indefeasible and monstrous assertion that certain issues have been settled in the manner and by the authority constitutionally appointed," took upon themselves to act for the party "in the manner and by the authority" not vested in them. Finally they say: "The negro race should be protected by all lawful means in their lives, their liberty and their property, and by the enjoyment thereof aided to pursue their own happiness; but we here and now do further reaffirm this is a white man's government, formed by white men for white men and their posterity forever."

## RECORD OF CRIME.

### The Clinton-Street Abortion Case—Verdict Against Mrs. Byrnes.

Coroner YOUNG held an inquest yesterday in the case of MARY RUSSELL, the young woman whose death is alleged to have resulted from an abortion produced by Mrs. ANN E. BYRNES alias Brundage, at No. 116 Clinton-street. The particulars of this case have been heretofore fully published in the TIMES. The Coroner's examination-room was filled yesterday with an interested audience, who listened attentively to the testimony of the witnesses, which will be found below:

Dr. WARREN A. JAMES, of No. 445 Grand-street, testified that he was a regular physician, and had been in attendance on MARY RUSSEL during four years; that on the 24th of August she said she had taken some medicine given her by a Dr. TULLY, for the purpose of procuring an abortion; the girl said nothing about Mrs. BYRNES, and witness had never seen her; the girl said that Mrs. BYRNES had produced an abortion "the other time," but did not say when; from the symptoms, witness was satisfied that she had an operation for abortion performed.

Dr. JEREMIAH P. BLIVEN, of No. 445 Grand-street, testified that he knew MARY RUSSELL, and was called to see her on Aug. 25, when she confessed that she had not been married, and that she was suffering from an operation for an abortion performed on her by Mrs. BYRNES.

MARY HAMBLIN, of No. 53 East Broadway, sworn: MARY RUSSELL came to my house about a month ago, and asked me to go with her to Mrs. BYRNES' house; it was Aug. 15; she told Mrs. BYRNES her condition, and wanted to know what she could do for her; about 8 o'clock P. M. went with her to Clinton-street; never saw Mrs. BYRNES before; another lady was with her: MARY asked Mrs. BYRNES when she should come; Mrs. BYRNES told her to come every Tuesday night; had heard Mrs. BYRNES' name mentioned before as an abortionist; deceased said she would go on Tuesday night; I know HENRY PULLEN; met him for the first time in January last; two or three nights after we had been to Mrs. BYRNES', he gave me $10 to get a gold chased ring from MARY RUSSELL, which belonged to him; he never spoke of Mrs. BYRNES; I gave the money to MARY and told her PULLEN sent it; MARY had previously told witness she was very poor.

MARY E. COUCH was next sworn, but her evidence was unimportant.

MARY RICE sworn: was arrested at No. 116 Clinton-street; went there to see Mrs. BYRNES, to see if she could relieve her of her trouble; she said she would if she could have proper care; went there for the purpose of having an abortion produced; she told her to come on the following Tuesday night; told her she had heard she was a safe woman, and she wanted her to relieve her; on the Tuesday following she went to the house.

The rest of the testimony was not important, and the jury rendered a verdict charging Mrs. BYRNES with having caused the death of MARY RUSSELL, and she was committed to the Tombs for trial. Several of the witnesses were sent to the House of Detention to insure their appearance on the trial of the case.

### Suicide of a Jeweler.

Between 6 and 7 o'clock yesterday morning HENRY ROTHFELDER, a native of Mulhausen, Alsace, forty-five years of age, and a watchmaker and jeweler by occupation, committed suicide by shooting himself through the heart with a pistol. Deceased was a single man, and boarded with Mr. PHILIP SCHEU, at No. 236 East Tenth-street. He had no relatives in this country, and was employed by Mr. ALEXANDER NEWBERGER at Twenty-seventh-street and Sixth-avenue. He had been a sufferer from neuralgia and rheumatism for nearly a year, and was very much depressed in spirits in consequence. He was last seen alive on Sunday night about 9 o'clock, when Mrs. SCHEU delivered him a message from his employer. ROTHFELDER then went to bed, and shortly after 7 o'clock yesterday morning, as he had not made his appearance, Mrs. SCHEU knocked repeatedly at the door of his room and receiving no reply opened it and found the deceased lying dead on the bed, with a single-barreled pistol beside him. He had placed the muzzle of the pistol close to his breast and shot himself through the heart. Death must have been instantaneous. Coroner HERRMAN was notified, and held an inquest in the case, when a verdict of suicide was rendered. The deceased had been fifteen years in this country, and was formerly employed at BALL & BLACK'S. He is said to have been the inventor of the stem-winding watch, now in such common use.

### Desperate Conflict Between Italians and Irishmen.

At 1 o'clock, yesterday morning, a fight occurred at the corner of Elizabeth and Broome streets, between three Italians, named GUISEPPE FLEREN, ANTONIO FALVELLA, and FELAN LEGONIC, and three Irishmen, named JOHN MULLEN, JOHN H. COSTELLO, and STEWART FISHER. During the mêlée knives and pistols were freely used by the belligerents, and several pistol shots were fired. The arrival of the Police on the scene put a stop to the conflict, when it was found that the Italians were uninjured and that their three antagonists were wounded. MULLEN'S right hand was severely cut, FISHER was slightly stabbed in the back and left hand, while COSTELLO received a severe scalp-wound by a pistol-bullet. All the belligerents were taken to the Spring-street Police Station. The Italians were locked up on charges of felonious assault. The wounded men were attended by Dr. ROBINSON, of the Central Police Office. Subsequently the Italians were arraigned before Justice HOGAN, at the Tombs, and committed for trial. All the participants in tde mêlée live in Elizabeth-street, between Spring and Broome streets, and the fight originated in a quarrel about the late Italian celebration.

### Outrage by a Policeman.

MINNIE KENNEDY, of No. 119½ Greene-street, charged Patrolman O'NEAL, of the Sixth Precinct, yesterday before Commissioner MANIERRE, with having beaten and kicked her on the 6th inst., in her room. She bore a black eye and other marks of the ill usage she had received. She stated that O'NEAL accused her of stealing his watch, and when she denied it he assaulted and beat her in a brutal manner. The officer said that on the night of the 5th inst. he was off duty and visited the complainant, and while in the house his watch was stolen, and he visited her on the following day to see if he could find it. During the interview the complainant was seized with a fit, and fell against a bed-post, receiving her injuries in that manner. This was denied by the girl, who produced as a witness the policeman whom she had called in to arrest O'NEAL. The case was referred to the Board.

### Robbery in a Broadway Store.

On the night of the 7th inst. the millinery store of RICHARD SCHAZZ & CO., at No. 758 Broadway, was entered by burglars, who forced open the scuttle leading from the roof without being discovered. The thieves packed up and carried away fifty pieces of various-colored silks, and several pieces of velvet, in all valued at over $5,000. The robbery was not known until the store was opened on the morning of the 8th.

### Grand Larceny.

DANIEL MCLOUGHLIN was yesterday arrested in this City by Detective BENNETT, on the complaint of JAMES H. JEWELL, of Komack, Long Island, who charges the accused with stealing $200 in pennies and currency, belonging to S. P. HALLOCK, of the latter place. He was delivered to Officer TRAINOR, and taken to Komack to await a trial.

### The Eel Creek Mystery Solved—Identification of the Body.

Yesterday, the body of the young woman found last week on the beach at Cold Spring Harbor, Long Island, was fully identified as ROSE LOVELL. She was the wife of JOHN LOVELL, the sailing-master of Mr. LORILLARD's steam-yacht *Peerless*. It seems that on Saturday, the 2d, she expected a remittance from her husband, who was engaged in his regular duties on board the *Peerless*, at that time lying somewhere about Cold Spring Harbor, and not receiving it, she started on the steamer *Martin* to see him. Mr. and Mrs. PATTERSON, two friends of the deceased, have fully identified the body as that of Mrs. LOVELL. The District-Attorney, Mr. DOWNING, was notified yesterday, and he will be present at the inquest today, when the body will be disinterred and probably brought to the City for burial by her friends.

### Westchester County Fair.

The annual Fair of the Agricultural and Horticultural Society of Westchester County was inaugurated last evening by a grand reception, comprising a ball, at the Floral Hall, and supper at the hotel on the Fair Grounds, near White Plains. About 500 ladies and gentlemen of the most distinguished and wealthy families of the county, with a number of invited guests from the City, were present and participated in the gaities of the evening, which were kept up with unabated interest until the "wee sma' hours" of the following morning.

The exhibition of farm and garden produce, agricultural implements, &c., will commence this forenoon, and from present indications it is believed that the show this year will far surpass the previous ones.

### A Terrible Suit.

In the Supreme Court Chambers, yesterday, before Judge BARNARD, in the suit of "Count JOHANNES" *vs.* GEORGE JONES and L. J. JENNINGS, of the NEW-YORK TIMES for "libel," the plaintiff made application that the case be advanced on the calendar. The "Count" stated that the case was set down for final hearing at 10 o'clock that morning, and it took precedence of the proceedings in relation to the injunction against the City authorities.

Judge BARNARD—I think this matter can be settled in a very short time. This action was brought by you against the TIMES for an alleged libel charging you with professional and other actions unbecoming a gentleman and a member of the Bar. Issue has been joined in that case very recently and for the purpose of expediting, the result you move that it be advanced on the calendar and tried in the October term.

"Count JOHANNES"—Pardon me. It was joined on the 25th March.

Judge BARNARD—In the natural course of the regularity of judicial proceedings it will be reached, probably, in a year, and after a consultation, chiefly with myself, I think it should not be done. I have thought the granting of the motion would set a very bad example, because every person who imagines that he was aggrieved, or was really aggrieved, would ask to have his case taken out of the regular course and advanced on the calendar. While we have the power to grant the motion, we do not feel justified in doing so, except in the case of a public official, and then only when his official character is at stake, or when it interferes with his public usefulness. Looking at it in that light, gone, I think you are, Count. [Laughter.]

"COUNT" (excitedly)—Why the very first line of this libel is an apparent falsehood. It says: "The last of the Count JOHANNES."

Judge BARNARD—That is not true.

"COUNT"—This is an attack on me as a counselor of this Court, and the Court is bound to protect its officers in all their rights and prerogatives. I cite as an authority the English Court of Queen's Bench. See, your Honor, what I have endured in the public streets and in this Court-house; how I have been insulted in the ferry-boats; and the very charges in the TIMES against me of endeavoring to hang an innocent man to share the $49,000 reward for the arrest of the murderer of Mr. NATHAN. My office has been ransacked, the signs torn off, and I ask is that to be endured? A client went to another counsel in the full belief that it was here a motion was made to strike me from the Bar.

JUDGE BARNARD—The law as it at present exists does not permit me to do so.

COUNT JOHANNES—Then all I can do is to indict them next week. [Laughter.]

The Count then retired, threatening that he would have the editors of the TIMES in Sing Sing very speedily.

### The Greek Church—Erection of a New Edifice.

In a very few days plans will arrive in this City of the Greek or Orthodox Christian Church which is about to be erected on Lexington-avenue. The ground has already been purchased, and is located on the above-mentioned thoroughfare, between Fifty-first and Fifty-second-streets. The structure, it is said, will be essentially Eastern in its order of architecture, and will consequently be quite a novelty among Metropolitan buildings. It is designed that the church shall be no mean representative of Russian architecture, and to this end no expense will be spared to further the projected ecclesiastical enterprise. The cost of the edifice it is estimated will be about $250,000, which will be defrayed by the Russian Treasury in St. Petersburg. The church, though attached to the Russian Legation in the United States, will be directly under the supervision of the Metropolitan of St. Petersburg, and will in no way be connected with the diocese of the only resident Greek Bishop in the United States, His Grace of San Francisco. When completed, the Greek Church of Lexington-avenue will rival in the splendor of its appointments, and in the elegance of its altar-service, the grandest temples of the Church of Rome in America.

### City Meteorological Report.

The following observations show the temperature, &c., yesterday, at the Central Park Mineral Springs:

| Temperature. | 6 A. M. | 9 A. M. | 12 M. | 3 P. M. | 6 P. M. |
|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Degrees Fahrenheit. | 59 | 63 | 68 | 70 | 69 |
| Stand of Bar. in inch. | 30.20 | .. | 30.34 | .. | 30.33 |

Wet-bulb hygrometer at noon, degrees Fahr. [illegible]

## LAW REPORTS.

### COURT CALENDARS—THIS DAY.

COURT OF APPEALS.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The following is the Court of Appeals Day Calendar for Sept. 12: 344, 345, 346, 348, 316, 351, 353, 356.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS.

*Held by Barnard, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.*

Nos.
1—Hoyt vs. Cubbedge.
21—Cheesman vs. Burger.
88—Albert vs. Albert.

Nos.
110—The Tomlinson Demarest Co. vs. Barnett.

*Held by Cardozo, J.—Calendar called at 10½ A. M.*

Nos.
2—Andrews vs. Vreeland.
3—Same vs. Same.
4—Same vs. Same.

Nos.
5—Andrews vs. Vreeland.
36—Cook vs. Bancker.

MARINE COURT—TRIAL TERM.

*Part I.—Before Tracy, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.*

Nos.
5948—Crow vs. Gilman.
6114—Moore vs. Wood.
6238—Wilcox vs. Hall.
6228—Burke vs. Atfield.
6258—Wellman vs. Lawrence.
6315—Abrens vs. Haacke.
6396—Mayer vs. Elias.
6397—Dodd vs. Jacobson.
6398—Haller vs. Secor.

Nos.
6399—Oriental Powder Co. vs. Green.
6491—McDermott vs. Cleveland.
6402—Stern vs. Loewenthal.
6413—Solomon vs. Moore.
— —Holibrook vs. De Leon.
— —Dunlan vs. Conkling.
6410—Ranson vs. Pickert.

*Part II.—Held by Shea, J.*

Nos.
6294—Waldron vs. Horan.
6371—Herts vs. Harris.
6379—Sheridan vs. Charlock.
5968—Whitney vs. Bowne.
6305—Bucking vs. Turner.
6270—Bauer vs. Lorillard S. S. Co.

Nos.
6284—Maurer vs. Horieck.
6404—Miner vs. Andrews.
6405—Stone vs. Stone.
6407—Hayward vs. Lumley.
6408—Hartman vs. Coulter.
6109—Levy vs. Schreyer.
6411—Weeks vs. Jacobs.

*Part III.—Held by Joachimson, J.—Calendar called at 10 A. M.*

Nos.
6516—Requa vs. Barclay.
6243—Same vs. Same.
7088—Graham vs. Ullner.
7260—Hart vs. Murray.
7153—Nixon vs. Brickwedel.
7273—Fairchild vs. McLean.

Nos.
7149—Jones vs. Jones.
7256—Same vs. Same.
7058—Blessman vs. Ackerman.
——Alty vs. Fox.
7335—Tappen vs. George.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS.

*Held by Bedford, C. J.*

Nos.
1—The People vs. Thos. McGuire; robbery.
2—The People vs. Patrick McGuire; robbery.
3—The People vs. Michael Dorsey, Patrick Fallon, John Kearney; burglary.
4—The People vs. John Reynolds; bigamy.
5—The People vs. Cornelius McGuire; rape.
6—The People vs. Thos. Booth; forgery.
7—The People vs. Henry Wilson; felonious assault and battery.

Nos.
8—The People vs. Mary McDonald; grand larceny.
9—The People vs. John Daly; grand larceny.
10—The People vs. Nellie Brown; grand larceny.
11—The People vs. Michael Smith; grand larceny.
12—The People vs. John Lundy; grand larceny.

### DECISIONS.

SUPREME COURT—CHAMBERS—SEPT. 11.

*By Judge Barnard.*

J. G. Lombard *vs.* Frederick Cochen; motion granted and reference ordered to hear and determine.

Lawrence Hennessy *vs.* Empire Extinguishing Company; motion granted.

In the matter of the petition of John A. Duff, Receiver; reference order to report with opinion.

*By Judge Sutherland.*

Moses et al. *vs.* Sylvester; motion for re-settlement denied, &c.

SUPERIOR COURT—SPECIAL TERM—SEPT. 11.

*By Judge Jones.*

Barker *vs.* Savage et al.; Martin *vs.* Martin; Brown et al. *vs.* Codling et al.; Paine *vs.* Codling et al.; Pierson *vs.* McGill; Christianson *vs.* Wells; order of reference.

### MARINE COURT—PART III.—SEPT. 11.

*Before Judge Tracy.*

MISCELLANEOUS PROSECUTION.

*William Reiss* vs. *Elizabeth Kruber*.—This was an action for malicious prosecution, damages being laid at $500. It appeared on the trial that in the early part of this year, the plaintiff and defendant lived in the same house, the cellar of which was partitioned off to be used by each occupant for the storage of wood and coal. Plaintiff missed some of these articles, and broadly intimated his belief that defendant had helped herself to his property without asking his permission. For this defendant commenced a suit for slander, and had plaintiff locked up for three days in Ludlow-street Jail on an order of arrest. This arrest plaintiff claims to have been malicious, and hence the present suit. The testimony on behalf of plaintiff being in, defendant's counsel moved to dismiss the complaint on the grounds that it did not appear that the decision in favor of plaintiff in the slander suit had been rendered before the commencement of this action; that it did not appear that there was a want of probable cause on the part of defendant, or the presence of malice.

Judge TRACY granted the motion, dismissing the complaint.

## THE EAST RIVER BRIDGE.

### The Caisson on the New-York Side Successfully Moved to its Proper Position.

The caisson for the New-York side of the East River Bridge has so far advanced toward completion that yesterday it was towed to its final position on the New-York side. The caisson is oblong shaped, 172 feet by 102 feet, the main part 13 feet deep, and the fangs or wedge at its base 9½ feet, making its entire depth 22½ feet. The work is now being done under the immediate supervision of Mr. DIVINE BURTS. The planks are screwed together with huge wrought-iron bolts, and each crevice is carefully caulked with yarn and pitch, so as to make it perfectly watertight. When finished, the temporary bottom will be knocked out and the caisson will be then sunk into its proper position by means of hydraulic pressure. At present it is far from being completed. A barricade ten feet high has yet to be constructed, which will take at least two months to complete, so that the caisson cannot be ready to be sunk before the latter end of November. When it was previously moved it required four engines to pump air into the hold in order to keep it afloat, but yesterday only one engine was needed. On the top or deck are two double staircases, made on a new plan, so that men can descend and ascend at the same time without obstructing each others' route.

There are also air-valves and four large tubes through which the mud will be brought to the surface by means of dredging machines. The inside is lined with boiler iron, so that there will be no danger of the pitch and tar in the interior taking fire, as was the case with the Brooklyn caisson. Soon after 3 o'clock yesterday, six tugs were attached to the huge bulk, and after steadily pulling for a few minutes it slowly moved, and in a short time was safely moored off the Atlantic dock. Here it was considered advisable to let it remain till the tide had risen almost to its height, and then it was slowly moved down the river.

On arriving opposite the bulkhead, where it is now moored, the whole of the steamers had as much as they could possibly do to keep it in the position desired. Ropes broke—men and boys pulled and tugged at hawsers, but it was no use. It was not till the tide had ceased to flow that the caisson was safely secured in its position. Great excitement prevailed around the neighborhood. The masts of the vessels and the house-tops were crowded with anxious sightseers, but beyond the floundering of a navvy in the water for a few seconds nothing occurred to disturb the otherwise monotonous scene.

### Diplomatic Changes.

The First Secretary of the Russian Legation, M. DANZAS, recently promoted from a second secretaryship, has entered upon his duties, and M. SCHIRCOFF, just arrived from St. Petersburg, will fill the office of second secretary. M. CATACAZY still remains in charge of the Legation, which, it is expected, will shortly be raised to an embassy of the first class.

## FINANCIAL AFFAIRS.

### Sales at the Stock Exchange—SEPT. 11.

FIRST BOARD.

| | |
|---|---|
| $1,000 U. S. 6s, '81 C..118⅜ | 200 N.Y.C. & H. R. R.100⅜ |
| 1,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '65.115⅜ | 100 do.....b. c.100⅜ |
| 2,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.114⅜ | 100 do.......b3.100⅜ |
| 3,700 U.S.5-20 C.,'68, s.114⅜ | 1600 do..........100⅜ |
| 6,000 G. St. 7s, G. bds. 98⅜ | 10,000 N.Y.C.& H.Ctf. 95⅜ |
| 4,000 do.......... 98⅜ | 10,000 do......b. c. 95⅜ |
| 4,000 do.......... 98⅜ | 40,000 do.......... 95⅜ |
| 4,000 S.C.6s,n. J.& Jy. 57⅜ | 300 Erie R.........b. c. 32⅜ |
| 7,000 Louisiana 8s..... 92⅛ | 800 do.......... 32⅜ |
| 3,000 C. P. R. G. bds..103⅛ | 700 do.......... 32⅜ |
| 4,000 do..........102⅛ | 800 do.......... 32⅜ |
| 5,000 U. P. 10s, Inc... 84 | 300 do.......... 32⅜ |
| 5,000 Ill. Cen. bds.....106⅜ | 200 Harlem R..........129⅜ |
| 2,000 H.& S.J.8s.Ct.B.100⅜ | 800 Reading R......b. c.115⅜ |
| 2,000 D.L.& W.1st M.103 | 200 L. S. & M. S. R.......113⅜ |
| 50,000 T. & W., 1st St. | 400 do...b. c. c.113⅜ |
| Louis Div.......... 89⅜ | 100 M. & St. P. R...... 63⅜ |
| 18,000 do.......... 89 | 100 do........s3. 63⅜ |
| 1,000 Gt. W., 1st, '88.. 93 | 100 do.........c. 63⅜ |
| 3,000 Han. & N., 1st. 89 | 600 Un. Pac. R....... 32 |
| 1,000 C.&R.I.&P.R.7s,104 | 100 do......b60. 32 |
| 1,000 U. P. R., 1st M. 91 | 200 do.......b3. 32 |
| 12,000 C., C. & I.C. 1st. 90⅜ | 500 do......b. c. 32 |
| 22 Cen. Nat. Bank...107⅜ | 500 do.......... 31⅜ |
| 20 Contin. Bank...... 99⅜ | 500 do.......... 31⅜ |
| 200 Spring M. Coal...... 80 | 500 do.......... 31⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 80⅜ | 700 Chic. & N. W. R... 70⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 81 | 1000 do.......b. c. 70⅜ |
| 100 Con. Coal of Md... 42⅜ | 200 do......b60. 70⅜ |
| 100 Quick. Min. Co..... 16⅜ | 200 do.......... 70⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 16⅜ | 200 do.......... 70⅜ |
| 200 Mariposa Pref....... 6⅜ | 100 do.......... 70⅜ |
| 300 Cn. C. of Md., b. c. 42 | 200 C. & N. W. Pf..... 92⅜ |
| 700 P. M. S'mship Co.. 57 | 200 C. & R. I. R........110⅜ |
| 100 do......b. c. 57 | 50 Mil. & St. P. Pf.... 82⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 56⅜ | 200 do.......... 82⅜ |
| 600 do.......... 56⅜ | 100 T., W. & W.R., b3. 64⅜ |
| 700 do.......... 56⅜ | 800 do.......... 64⅜ |
| 500 do.......... 56⅜ | 700 do.......... 64⅜ |
| 800 do.......... 56⅜ | 100 do.......... 64⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 56⅜ | 400 do.....b. c. 64⅜ |
| 300 W. U. Tel.....b. c. 67⅜ | 100 Del., L. & W. R...110⅜ |
| 600 do.......... 67⅜ | 600 Ohio & Miss. R.... 45⅜ |
| 200 do.......... 67⅜ | 100 O. & Miss. R. Pf... 79 |
| 200 do.......... 67⅜ | 10 Mor. & Essex R... 95⅜ |
| 500 do.......... 67⅜ | 100 do.......... 95⅜ |
| 500 do.......... 67⅜ | 400 H. & St. Jo. R.... 71 |
| 10 Adams Ex......... 87⅜ | 100 do.......b60. 70⅜ |
| 15 U. S. Ex......... 59⅜ | 100 do......b3. 70⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 58⅜ | 100 H. & S. J. R.Pf.b3. 81⅜ |
| 100 do.......... 58⅜ | 200 do.......... 81 |
| 200 do.......... 58 | 100 C., C. & Ind. C. R. 21⅜ |
| 125 Panama R......... 72 | 100 do.......... 21⅜ |
| 200 Cleve. & Pitts. R.121⅜ | |

SECOND BOARD.

| | |
|---|---|
| $20,000 U. S. 5-20C.,'65.115⅜ | 200 Mar. Pf.......... 6½ |
| 15,000 U. S. 5-20 R..'65.115⅜ | 50 Adams Ex....b. c. 87 |
| 50,000 U.S.5-20C.,'65,n.114⅜ | 200 Wells-F.Ex.Scrip. 2⅜ |
| 50,000 U. S. 5-20 C., '67.114⅜ | 300 Pac. M. S. S. Co.... 56⅜ |
| 141,000 do.......s3.114⅜ | 200 do...bet. call. 56⅜ |
| 10,000 do.......b3.114⅜ | 30000 N.Y.C.&H.Ctfs. 95⅜ |
| 500 do....Small.114⅜ | 200 Erie.......... 32⅜ |
| 2,500 U. S. 5-20 C., '68.114⅜ | 30 do.......... 32⅜ |
| 10,000 U. S. 6s, cur.....116 | 200 Reading..........115⅜ |
| 10,000 Tenn. St. 6s, old 73⅜ | 1000 do..........115⅜ |
| 10,000 do.......... 73⅜ | 300 L. S. & Mich. So..113⅜ |
| 4,000 S. C. St. 6s, new, | 100 do...bet. call.113⅜ |
| Jan. & July... 57⅜ | 50 Chic. & N. W...... 71 |
| 5,000 do.......... 57⅜ | 100 Chic. & N. W. Pf. 91⅜ |
| 10,000 do.Apl.&Oct 60 | 50 do.......... 92⅜ |
| 1,000 C. Pac. Gold Bs.102⅜ | 200 do...bet. call. 91⅜ |
| 14,000 Union Pac. 1st.. 91⅜ | 50 C., C., Cin. & Ind. 91 |
| 2,000 do.......... 91⅜ | 200 N. J. Cen.......b3.109 |
| 5,000 do.......... 91⅜ | 200 Chic. & R. I.......110⅜ |
| 3,000 St.L.&I.M.Bds. 93 | 500 do...bet. call.110⅜ |
| 2,600 U.P.7s,L.G.Bds. 84⅜ | 200 Mil. & St. Paul.... 63 |
| 6,000 Union Pac. Inc. 84 | 400 Mil. & St. Paul Pf. 82⅜ |
| 6,000 Mil. & St. P.1st. 95 | 300 Tol., W. & West... 64⅜ |
| 7 Bank of Republic.114⅜ | 300 do.......... 64⅜ |
| 200 Spring M. Coal.... 80 | 50 do.......... 65⅜ |
| 200 Cons. Coal of Md., | 100 Del., Lack. & W..110 |
| bet. call....... 42⅜ | 100 Han. & St. Jo...... 70⅜ |
| 10 W. Union Tel...... 67 | 100 Col.,C.&Ind.Cen.. 21⅜ |
| 1300 do...bet. call. 67⅜ | 200 Union Pacific..b. c. 32 |
| 100 Mar. Min. Co....... 3⅜ | 100 Ohio & M.Pf..b. c. 79⅜ |

MONDAY, Sept. 11—P. M.

The sales of Gold advanced ⅜ ₱ cent. today, to 114⅛ ₱ cent., and the Public Funds of 1867 advanced ⅛ ₱ cent. to 114⅜ ₱ cent. The demand for the latter was partly speculative, based on the stiff price of Gold, and partly from some of the moneyed institutions uptown who have soon to surrender their 5-20s of 1862. In regard to Gold to pay into the Treasury for Customs, it is probable that some of the Importers have paid the advance in price rather than depend upon borrowing Gold until they can reimburse their Customs payments by sales of Merchandise. The lending rate of Gold was not so dear as on Saturday, but the apparent ease is supposed to be only a dodge of the *Bull* clique in the Gold Room to cover their purpose of exacting a much higher bonus later in the week. Wednesday is now spoken of as the day upon which they will probably *squeeze* the deliveries—the day before the regular Treasury sale.

The Stock Exchange opened with a bearish feeling against the Railways and Miscellaneous Stocks, and there was considerable pressure to sell up to 1 o'clock P. M., on the same influences that adversely affected the market on Saturday Afternoon—the Bank Statement, the Gold difficulties, and the supposed sales of Stocks for City Hall account. As no difference appeared, however, in the ease of Money, there was a recovery in prices in the Afternoon of 1@1½ ₱ cent. from the cheapest sales of the morning, and some confidence is felt that the market will further improve as the business of the week progresses. A decline in the First Mortgages of the Central and Union Pacific Roads at the early Exchange Board was partially recovered in the Afternoon. The State Stocks of the South were barely steady. The Public Funds were generally firm at the close of business.

Bills on London are 108@108¼ ₱ cent., 60 days, and 108⅝@108⅞ ₱ cent., short sight. The business is almost nominal, on account of the scarcity and high price of Gold, and the indisposition of remitters to operate on the present condition of things in the Gold market. The Customs demand for Gold today was $628,000.

After the late Boards the following quotations were made, as compared with Saturday night. There was more steadiness in the New-York and Western Roads, and in some of the Miscellaneous Stocks:

CLOSING PRICES, SEPT. 11.

| | Saturday. | Monday. |
|---|---|---|
| United States 10-40s | 111⅞ | 111⅞ |
| United States 5-20s of 1862 | 115½ | 115⅝ |
| United States 5-20s of 1867 | 114¼ | 114⅜ |
| American Gold | 113⅞ | 114⅛ |
| Bills on London, 60 days | 108⅜ | 108¼ |
| N. Y. C. and Hudson | 101⅛ | 101 |
| N. Y. C. and H. Debts Ctfs. | 96 | 95⅛ |
| Reading | 115⅞ | 115½ |
| Chicago and Rock Island | 110⅞ | 111⅛ |
| North-west Common | 71⅛ | 71⅛ |
| North-west Preferred | 93 | 91⅞ |
| Pacific Mail | 57⅛ | *56⅛ |
| St. Paul Preferred | 82⅞ | 82¼ |
| St. Paul Common | 63⅞ | 63⅛ |
| Lake Shore | 113⅞ | 113⅞ |
| Ohio and Mississippi | 46⅛ | 45⅞ |
| Toledo and Wabash | 65⅛ | 65⅛ |
| Western Telegraph | 67⅛ | 68 |
| Erie | 33⅛ | 32⅞ |
| Union Pacific | 32⅛ | 32⅛ |

UNITED STATES TREASURY,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1871.

| | |
|---|---|
| Gold receipts | $756,873 31 |
| Gold payments | 117,850 24 |
| Gold balance | 65,086,677 89 |
| Currency receipts | 418,874 40 |
| Currency payments | 365,910 16 |
| Currency balance | 8,824,637 54 |
| Customs | 628,000 00 |

The following bids were made for the various Public Funds of the United States:

| | |
|---|---|
| 6 ₱ cent., reg.,'81.....117⅜ | 5-20 coup., '67........114⅜ |
| 6 ₱ cent., coup.,'81.....119 | 5-20 coup., '68........114⅜ |
| 5-20 coup., '62........115⅜ | 10-40 registered.......111⅜ |
| 5-20 coup., '64........115⅜ | 10-40 coupon..........111⅜ |
| 5-20 coup., '65........115⅜ | 6s, currency..........115⅜ |
| 5-20 coup., n. i., '65...114⅜ | |

And the following for the State Bonds:

| | |
|---|---|
| Tennessee 6s, old...... 73⅜ | Ala. 8s, Ala. & Chat.R 87 |
| Tennessee 6s, new bds 73⅜ | Arkansas 6s, Funded. 53 |
| Virginia 6s, old....... 63⅜ | Ar.7s.L.R.P.B.& N.O. 48 |
| Virginia 6s, new bds.. 69⅜ | Ar.7s,Miss.O.& R. Riv 47⅜ |
| Virginia 6s, reg. old.. 52 | Ohio 6s, '81..........104 |
| Virginia 6s, Con. Bds. 65⅜ | Ohio 6s, '86..........106 |
| Virginia 6s, Def. Bds. 29⅜ | Illinois Canal Bds, '70.111 |
| Georgia 6s........... 83 | Ill. coup. 6s, '77.......101 |
| Georgia 7s, new bds... 91 | Ill. coup. 6s, '79.......101 |
| Georgia 7s, Gold bds.. 98⅜ | Ill. War Loan..........101 |
| N. Carolina 6s, old..... 43⅜ | Indiana 6s, War L'n..100 |
| South Carolina 6s...... 75 | Indiana 5s............100 |
| S. Car. 6s, Jan. & July 57⅜ | N.Y.Reg.Bounty L'n.108⅜ |
| S. Car. 6s, April & Oct. 60 | N.Y.coup. Boun. L'n..108⅜ |
| Missouri 6s.......... 97⅜ | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '72.108⅜ |
| Mo. 6s, H. & St. Jo.Is. 96⅜ | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '73.108⅜ |
| Louisiana 6s, Lev. bds 70 | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '74.108⅜ |
| Louisiana 7s, Pen. bds 65 | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '75.108⅜ |
| Louisiana 8s, 1910..... 92⅜ | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '77.108⅜ |
| California 7s.......... 113 | N.Y.6s, Canal L'n, '78.109 |
| Connecticut 6s......... 101 | N.Y.5s, Canal L'n, '74.102 |
| Alabama 8s............ 100 | N.Y.5s, Canal L'n, '75.102 |
| Ala. 8s, M. & Eufala R 90 | N.Y.5s, Canal L'n, '76.102 |

And the following for the Railway Mortgages:

| | |
|---|---|
| N. Y. Cen. 6s, '83...... 93⅜ | Han. & Naples 1st.... 88⅜ |
| N. Y. Cen. 6s, '87...... 90 | Gt. West. 1st, '88...... 92⅜ |
| N. Y. C. 6s, R. Est..... 90⅜ | Gt. West. 2d, '93...... 88 |
| N. Y. C. 6s, Subs'n..... 90⅜ | Gal. & Chi. Ext.......100⅜ |
| N. Y. Cen. 7s, '76.......101⅜ | Gal. & Chi. 2d........ 98 |
| Erie 1st Extended..... 101 | Mor. & Es. 1st.........105⅜ |
| Erie 1st indorsed...... 95 | Mor. & Es. 2d..........100⅜ |
| Erie 3d 7s, '83......... 93 | Clev. & Tol. S. F.......101⅜ |
| Erie 4th 7s, '80........ 91⅜ | N. J. Cen. new bds.....102⅜ |
| B., N. Y. & E. 1st, '77. 94 | P., Ft. W. & C. 1st....104 |
| Hud.R.7s, 2d S.F., '85.104 | P., Ft. W. & C. 2d.....101 |
| Hud.R.7s, 3d S.F., '75.102⅜ | P., Ft. W. & C. 3d.....100 |
| Harlem 1st 7s..........102⅜ | P.,Ft.W.&C.8₱c.eq.b 101 |
| Alb. & Sus. 2d bds...... 95⅜ | Clev. & P. Cons. S. F. 94 |
| Mich. C. 1st 8s, '81.....120⅜ | Clev. & P. 2d..........100 |
| Chi., B. & Q.8₱c.1st.112⅜ | Clev. & P. 3d.......... 93 |
| Mich. So. 7 ₱ c. 2d....100 | Clev. & P. 4th........ 84⅜ |
| M.S.& N.I.S.F.7 ₱ c.103 | Chi. & Alt. Inc........ 95 |
| Pac. R. 7s,gtd.by Mo.100⅜ | Ohio & Miss. 1st......101 |
| Cen. Pac. bds..........102⅜ | Ohio & Miss. Cons..... 93 |
| Un. Pac. 1st bds....... 91⅜ | Dub. & S. C. 1st...... 94 |
| Un. Pac. L. G. 7s...... 84 | Pennsyla R. bds....... 92 |
| Un. Pac. Inc. 10s...... 84 | St. L. & I. M. 1st..... 92⅜ |
| Ill. Cen. 7 ₱ c., '75....106⅜ | Mil. & St. P. 1st 8s....108 |
| B. & So. Ill.R. 1st 8s. 97⅜ | Mil. & St. P. 1st 7 3-10 95⅜ |
| Alt. & T. H. 1st.........100 | Mil. & St. P. 1st...... 94⅜ |
| Alt. & T. H. 2d Pf..... 87⅜ | M. & St. P. I.& M.Div 88 |
| Alt. & T. H. 2d Inc.... 79 | Mil. & St. P. 2d....... 89 |
| Chi. & N. W. S. F......100 | Chi. & Mil. 1st......... 95 |
| Chi.& N.W.Cons. bds.100 | Joliet & Chi. 1st......108 |
| Chi. & N.W. Ext'n bs. 91⅜ | C., Chi. & I. 1st....... 90⅜ |
| Chi. & N. W. 1st........100 | C., Chi. & I. 2d........ 72 |
| Han. & St. J. conv....100⅜ | Tol., P. & W., E. D.... 89 |
| Del., L. & W.1st........102⅜ | Tol., P. & W., W. D... 88 |
| Del., L. & W. 2d........ 97 | Tol., P. & W. 2d....... 80⅜ |
| Tol. & W. 2d........... 92 | N. Y. & N. H. 6s.......100 |
| Tol. & W. Equip. bds. 85 | Bos., H. & E. gtd...... 22 |
| Tol. & W. cons. conv. 89⅜ | Cedar F. & M. 1st..... 88 |

And the following for the City Bank Stocks:

| | |
|---|---|
| New-York...........138⅜ | East River.............115 |
| Manhattan..........147 | Market................128 |
| Merchants'.........121 | Nassau................110 |
| Mechanics'.........135 | Shoe and Leather.....154 |
| Union..............145 | Corn Exchange........126 |
| America............148 | Commonwealth......... 99 |
| City...............225 | Importers'&Traders'.190 |
| Merchants' Exch'ge..100 | Park..................155 |
| Seventh Ward........106 | Manuf. & Merchants'.102 |
| Mechanics Bank. Ass.117⅜ | N. Y. Nat. Exchange.100 |
| Ocean.............. 95 | Central National......107⅜ |
| Mercantile.........127 | First National........200 |
| American Exchange.119 | Second National......185 |
| Bk. of the Republic..114 | Fourth National......114 |
| Bank of N. America..107 | Gold Exchange......... 79 |
| Irving.............125 | Bkrs' & Brokers' Ass. 90 |
| Metropolitan.......142 | |

And the following for the Miscellaneous Shares:

| | |
|---|---|
| Del. & Hud. Canal....123 | Mariposa Min. Co..... 3⅜ |
| Maryland Coal Co.... 31 | Mariposa Pf........... 6⅜ |
| American Coal........ 54 | Mar. Trustee Ct'fs.... 20 |
| Spring Mt. Coal...... 80 | Adams Express........ 87 |
| Con. Coal of Md...... 42⅜ | Wells-Fargo Express 55 |
| West. Union Tel...... 68 | Am. M. Un. Express. 58⅜ |
| Quicksilver Min. Co.. 16⅜ | Pac. Mail S. Co....... 56⅜ |

PHILADELPHIA STOCKS—SEPT. 11.

*Telegraphed to Messrs. E. D. Randolph & Co.*

| | Bid. | Asked. |
|---|---|---|
| City 6s, old | 101⅛ | Sales. |
| City 6s, new | 101⅜ | 101⅞ |
| Camden and Amboy | 128⅜ | 129 |
| Pennsylvania Central | 62⅝ | Sales. |
| Reading | 115⅜ | Sales. |
| Lehigh Valley | 62½ | Sales. |
| Catawissa Preferred | 49 | 49⅝ |
| Philadelphia and Erie | 28 | Sales. |
| Northern Central | 42½ | 43 |
| Lehigh Navigation | 38⅝ | Sales. |
| Lehigh Gold Loan | 91⅜ | Sales. |

The following comparative table shows the quantity of some of the principal articles of produce left at tide-water from the commencement of navigation to and including the 7th of September, in the years indicated:

| | 1869. | 1870. | 1871.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| Canal opened | May 6. | May 10. | April 24. |
| Flour, bbls | 280,400 | 249,400 | 149,800 |
| Wheat, bushels | 9,368,500 | 8,727,800 | 9,230,000 |
| Corn, bushels | 3,277,100 | 2,927,600 | 13,937,100 |
| Barley, bushels | 12,000 | 94,300 | 90,100 |
| Oats, bushels | 1,952,600 | 2,330,500 | 1,893,900 |
| Rye, bushels | 227,100 | 315,400 | 207,100 |
| Malt, bushels | 164,300 | 443,900 | 739,500 |
| Feed, lbs | 6,554,900 | 7,302,600 | 4,421,600 |

The earnings of the Burlington, Cedar Rapids and Minnesota Railroad Company for the first week in September were $19,817, being an increase of $7,545 over those for the first week in August.

## BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

# CONVERSION OF 5-20 BONDS.

AN IMMEDIATE PROFIT OF

FOURTEEN PER CENT.

AND AN ANNUAL INCREASE OF INCOME OF

THIRTY-EIGHT PER CENT,

WILL BE SECURED TO HOLDERS OF 5-20S BY CONVERTING THEM AT ONCE INTO

7-30 LAND GRANT GOLD BONDS

OF THE

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

JAY COOKE & CO.

☞ FUNDING FIVE-TWENTIES.

OFFICE OF FISK & HATCH, No. 5 Nassau-st.,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 9, 1871.

Holders of Five-Twenty Bonds of all issues, except 1867s and 1868s, are liable to be called on at any time to surrender them to the Government, and to receive payment therefor. Large amounts are being exchanged through us daily for

Chesapeake and Ohio Bonds,
Western Pacific Bonds, and
Central Pacific Bonds,

all of which pay the same rate of interest as the Five-Twenties, the interest and principal of which are just as sure to be paid at maturity in coin. By the exchange an addition of from twelve to twenty per cent. is made to the capital. The demand continuing so heavy these Bonds must all largely advance in price, and soon become scarce.

We are paying today for Five-Twenty Bonds 114 to 115.

And are selling
Chesapeake and Ohio Sixes at 93 and accrued interest.
Western Pacific Sixes at 95.
Central Pacific Sixes at 103.

FISK & HATCH.

☞ JACKSON COUNTY, MISSOURI, 8 PER CENT. BONDS, For sale by W. P. CONVERSE & CO., No. 54 Pine-st.

☞ PARTNER WANTED, WITH CASH CAPITAL, to join a member of many years' standing in the Stock Exchange and Gold Board, already established as banker and stock broker. Address, confidentially, A., Box No. 102 *Times* Office.

☞ BURLINGTON, CEDAR RAPIDS AND Minnesota Seven per Cent. Gold Sinking Fund Bonds for sale at 90 and interest by HENRY CLEWS & CO., No. 32 Wall-st., New-York.

## BANKING AND FINANCIAL.

☞ FIRST MORTGAGE SINKING FUND LAND-GRANT BONDS

OF THE

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD COMPANY,

IN DENOMINATIONS OF $1,000, $500, AND $100, can now be had from the undersigned or through the principal banks and bankers of the United States. The attention of investors is invited to the merits of these bonds, secured by a first and only mortgage on the road, equipments, franchises, and property of a trunk line of railroad which will shorten the distance between New-York and San Francisco some 230 miles, and in addition the mortgage to secure the bonds covers a land-grant of 1,500,000 acres of the most fertile land in the West, which is prohibited from being sold at less than four ($4) dollars per acre by the terms of the mortgage deed, and according to the present market price of the Illinois Central Company's lands is worth $18,750,000. This loan was originally for $5,500,000, but has been largely reduced by subscriptions of actual investors. The remaining balance of the loan is offered at 97½ and accrued interest, but the right is reserved to advance the price at any time, without notice.

The bonds have thirty years to run; bear 8 per cent. interest, payable in New-York, London or Frankfort-on-the-Main, at the option of the holder, without notice, free of taxes. BOTH PRINCIPAL AND INTEREST ARE PAYABLE IN GOLD. They are Coupon Bonds, but can be registered with the coupons ON, or can be registered with the coupons OFF, and interest paid to registered owner. Interest payable Aug. 15 and Feb. 15. A liberal sinking fund, formed from the entire land sales, in payment for which the bonds will be received at par and accrued interest, provides for the early extinguishment of this loan.

Trustees—Farmers' Loan and Trust Company.

These bonds offer favorable inducements to parties desiring to fund their Five-Twenties, or other high-priced securities.

In converting Five-Twenties the investors realize 17 per cent. profit on the principal; 2 per cent. per annum excess of interest; and at the same time get a perfect security.

Maps, circulars, documents, and full information furnished on application.

*Though acting as agents for the sale of this loan, our firm buy and sell in their regular business the bonds of the St. Joseph and Denver City Railroad Company, those of the Eastern Division being now quoted at 102 and accrued interest. These were originally placed by us at 97½.*

TANNER & CO.,
Bankers, No. 11 Wall-st.

☞ FIVE-TWENTIES CAN BE FUNDED with us into the best Railroad Bonds. We recommend those of the RONDOUT AND OSWEGO COMPANY for three reasons: 1. These Bonds are safe. The road is near this City. Every investor can travel over it for himself. The net earnings of one-half of the line pay at present 10 per cent. on all the bonds which will be issued on the whole road. 2. By conversion, as we recommend, the investor adds 25 per cent. to his capital. 3. He also adds 48 1-3 per cent. to his income.

EDWARD HAIGHT & CO.,
No. 9 Wall-st.

☞ LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD CONSOLIDATED SEVEN PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS for sale at ninety-two and one-half and accrued interest.

JOHN J. CISCO & SON, No. 59 Wall-st.

## COMMERCIAL AFFAIRS.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 11, 1871.

The receipts of the principal kinds of Produce since our last have been as follows:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ashes, pks.......... 18 | Hides, No.......... 751 |
| Bees-wax, pks........ 18 | Hides, bales........ 172 |
| Cotton, bales........ 2,273 | Leather, sides...... 16,264 |
| Cotton-seed Oil, bbls. 50 | Moss, bales......... 235 |
| Copper, bbls......... 72 | Spirits Turp.. bbls.. 1,110 |
| Copper, cakes........ 196 | Resin, bbls.......... 7,838 |
| Dried Fruit, pks..... 619 | Oil-cake, pks........ 1,443 |
| Eggs, bbls........... 1,548 | Pork, pks........... 310 |
| Flour, bbls.......... 20,798 | Cut-meats, pks....... 38 |
| Wheat, bushels....... 174,870 | Lard, pks........... 794 |
| Corn, bushels........ 109,750 | Butter, pks.......... 3,535 |
| Oats, bushels........ 50,075 | Cheese, pks......... 10,202 |
| Rye, bushels......... 39,720 | Tallow, pks......... 209 |
| Grass-seed, bushels.. 438 | Rice, pks........... 97 |
| Flaxseed, bags....... 950 | Starch, boxes....... 2,195 |
| Beans, bbls.......... 43 | Sumac, bags......... 394 |
| Peas, bbls........... 139 | Tea, half chests..... 591 |
| B. E. Peas, bags..... 22 | Tobacco, hhds....... 793 |
| Corn-meal, bbls...... 230 | Tobacco, bxs. & cs... 1,807 |
| Hemp, bales.......... 18 | Whisky, bbls........ 516 |
| Hops, bales.......... 40 | Wool, bales......... 95 |

The export clearances since our last, as reported at the Merchants' Exchange, Pine-street, have been as follows:

By the steamer *Denmark*, for Liverpool—1,065 bales Cotton, 66,701 bushels Wheat, 3,068 Dry Hides, 20 cases Tobacco, 290 hhds. Tobacco.

By the ship *Bridgewater*, for Liverpool—96 hhds. Tobacco, 38,796 bushels Wheat, 16 bales Cotton, 398 pieces Dye-wood, 500 barrels Flour, 4,348 bushels Corn, 1,200 bags Oil-cake.

By the brig *Glimpse*, for Queenstown and orders—10,400 bushels Corn.

By the bark *Bina*, for Londonderry—40,397 bushels Corn.

By the bark *Annie Richmond*, for Londonderry—42,000 bushels Corn.

By the brig *Daisy*, for Havre—1,714 pks. Fish-oil, 10 cks. Rum, 58 hhds. Tallow, 4 hhds. Bark, 250 cs. Lobsters, 4,800 Staves.

By the ship *Nimbus*, for Antwerp—700 tcs. Lard, 10 hhds. Tallow, 60,473 bushels Wheat.

By the brig *Valencia*, for Gibraltar and orders—8,800 cases Refined Petroleum.

By the bark *Argean*, for Marseilles—529 pks. Tallow, 1,710 tcs. Lard, 100 boxes Bacon, 14 hhds. Tobacco.

By the brig *Julianna*, for Marseilles—1,020 bbls. Petroleum, 5,252 cases Petroleum.

By the bark *Luigi*, for Genoa—452 hhds. Tobacco, 3 cases Tobacco.

By the brig *J. H. Gillespie*, of St. John's, N. F.—150 bbls. Pork, 1,998 bbls. Flour, 17 bags Feathers.

By the schooner *Isaac Oliver*, for Aux Cayes—150 bbls. Pork, 50 bbls. Flour, 140 pks. Fish, 1,000 boxes Soap, 1,000 boxes Herring, 2,500 lbs. Lard, 1,500 lbs. Butter, 10 boxes Cheese, 20 bales Tobacco, 25 boxes Sugar, 25 bags Rice, 20 cases Kerosene, 10 bags Pepper, 25 boxes Candles, 10 boxes Florida Water, 100 bdls. Shingles, 20,000 feet Boards.

By the brig *John Gwan*, for Demerara—271 bbls Pork, 30 bbls. Oil-cake, 30 bbls. Tar, 6 pks. Mixed Meats, 25 cases Oil, 50 cases Turpentine, 45 cases Axes and Hatchets, 10 bales Cotton Duck, 5 pks. Scales, 2 cases Clocks, 3 bbls. Lard-oil, 339 pks. Woodware, 2 bbls. Globes, 2 hhds. Tobacco, 46 pks. Beef, 7,940 lbs. Lard, 13,632 lbs. Ham, 200 bushels Corn, 400 bushels Bran, 154 carboys Acid, 200 Shooks, 140 bales Hay, 98 sides Leather, 290 pks. Butter. 10 kegs Syrup, 1,000 reams Paper, 50 head Live Stock, 100 boxes Florida Water.

By the ship *George M. Adams*, for Callao, (in part) —86 pks. Tallow, 200 boxes Soap, 100 boxes Candles, 10 boxes Tape, 40 pks. Cotton Spools, 22 pks. Razors, 10 pks. Brushes, 25 boxes Brooms, 5 cases Combs, 5 cases Spoons, 25 cases Blacking, 618 cases Chairs, 5 cases Presses, 264 cases Sewing-machines, 9 cases Pianos, 15 pks. Drugs, 30 pks. Machinery, 14,050 lbs. Lard, 50 cases Petroleum, 30 bbls. Pork, 385 Oars, 50 cases Oil.

And from Philadelphia, for Hamburg, ship *Norwester*—229,484 gallons Refined Petroleum.

COFFEE—There has been a good inquiry for Rio and Santos at full prices; sales, (partly made some days since, but not previously reported), 3,950 bags Santos by the *Fingal*, 1,029 bags Rio by the *North America*, 1,215 bags do. by the *Contest*, and 500 bags do. by the *A. Pendergast*, on private terms. The stock in first hands this evening is 42,415 bags. Other kinds have been quiet, but stiffly held. We now quote: Java at 21c.@23c.; Maracaibo, 15c.@17½c.; Laguayra, 15½c.@16½c.; Rio, 11¼c.@14¼c., in bond; Native Ceylon, 16c.@17½c.; Jamaica, 16c.@17c.; Singapore, 17c.@19c.; Costa Rica, 15c.@17c.; Manila, 14c.@15c., Mexican, 16c.@16½c.; Savanilla, 15c.@17c.; Curacoa, 15c.@16c.; San Domingo, in bond, 10c.@10½c., gold, ₱ lb.

COCOA—Sales, 105 bags Caraccas on private terms.

COTTON—Has been sparingly offered and purchased, since our last, at essentially unaltered prices. Sales, 416 bales for early delivery, including 32 bales to shippers, 333 bales to spinners, and 51 bales to speculators. For forward delivery a moderate movement has been reported at about previous figures; sales, 12,000 bales, basis of Low Middling, including on Saturday evening for September, 200 bales at 19⅜c., 100 bales at 19 11-16c., 300 bales at 19⅜c.; October, 100 bales at 19⅜c., 500 bales at 19 5-16c., 2,200 bales at 19⅜c.; November, 100 bales at 19⅜c., 700 bales at 19⅜c., 100 bales at 19 5-16c.; November and December, 300 bales each at 19⅜c.; December, 500 bales at 19⅜c., 400 bales at 19 3-16c., 100 bales, basis Low Middling, free on board at Mobile, October and November shipment, at 18⅜c. And today, for September, 200 bales at 19⅜c., 200 bales at 19 11-16c., 800 bales at 19⅜c.; October, 500 bales at 19⅜c., 100 bales at 19 5-16c., 500 bales at 19⅜c., 300 bales at 19 5-16c., 700 bales at 19⅜c.; November, 500 bales at 19⅜c., 800 bales at 19 3-16c., 300 bales at 19⅜c., 200 bales at 19 3-16c.; November and December, 100 bales each at 19 3-16c., together; December, 200 bales at 19 3-16c., 300 bales at 19⅜c., 100 bales at 19 3-16c.; January, 100 bales at 19 5-16c.; February, 200 bales at 19 5-16c., 100 bales at 19⅜c.; March, 200 bales at 19 7-16c. The average quotations of Saturday's forward deliveries, as officially reported upon the bulletin, were as follows: September, 19.70c.; October, 19.26c.; November, 19⅛c.; December, 19.04c.; February, 19 5-16c. The receipts at this port today were 2,273 bales, including 1,424 bales from New-Orleans, 108 bales from Norfolk, 145 bales from Savannah, 127 bales from Charleston, 126 bales from Wilmington and 343 bales ₱ railroad. The receipts at all the shipping ports today were 2,746 bales, and thus far this week, 4,333 bales, against 3,019 bales same time last week. The receipts at all the shipping ports since Sept. 1, have been 13,989 bales, against 18,653 bales same time in 1870.

*Closing Prices of Cotton in New-York Today.*

| | Uplands. | Alabama. | N. O. | Texas. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| Ordinary | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ | 17⅜ |
| Good Ordinary | 18⅜ | 18⅜ | 18⅜ | 18⅜ |
| Low Middling | 19⅜ | 20 | 20⅜ | 20⅜ |
| Middling | 20⅜ | 21 | 21⅜ | 21⅜ |
| Good Middling | 22⅜ | 22⅜ | 23 | 23⅜ |

The quotations are based on Cotton running in quality not more than half a grade above or below the grade quoted.

FLOUR AND MEAL—State and Western Flour has attracted less attention, and under rather more liberal offerings has been quoted easier, and difficult to place, without yielding more in price than the leading holders seemed willing to concede. Sales have been reported since our last of 11,200 bbls., all told, including very inferior to very choice Superfine State and Western at $5 25@$5 85; inferior to very good Extra State, $6@$6 35; very good to fancy at $6 35@$6 85; poor to very good shipping Extra at $5 90@$6 30; poor to very good shipping brands round-hoop Extra Ohio at $6@$6 35 ₱ bbl. We quote:

| | |
|---|---|
| No. 2 Flour, ₱ bbl | $4 25@$5 00 |
| Sour Flour | 4 40@ 5 15 |
| Superfine State and Western | 5 25@ 5 85 |
| Extra State | 6 00@ 6 85 |
| Extra City, shipping brands | 6 00@ 6 85 |
| Extra Genesee | 6 85@ 8 65 |
| Extra Ohio, round-hoop shipping brands | 6 00@ 6 35 |
| Extra Ohio, trade and family brands | 6 40@ 8 65 |
| Extra Western, shipping brands | 5 90@ 6 30 |
| Extra Western, trade and family brands | 6 35@ 8 65 |
| Extra St. Louis, ordinary to fancy | 6 25@ 9 75 |

Southern Flour has been in less request at somewhat easier prices, with sales since our last of 850 bbls., at $5 50@$6 85 for poor to good, and $6 85@$9 75 for good very choice Extra, ₱ bbl. Rye Flour has been in fair demand at $4 10@$5 15 ₱ bbl.; sales, 400 bbls. Cornmeal continues in fair demand at $3 30@$3 85 for White and Yellow Western, $3 65@$3 75 for Jersey, and $4@$4 10 for Brandywine, ₱ bbl.; sales, 630 bbls.

GRAIN—Wheat has been less active and quoted less firm, Spring having yielded about 2c. a bushel, on more liberal offerings, particularly of samples grading below strictly prime, which latter was exceptionally scarce. Red and Amber Winter Wheat attracted a fair share of attention, mostly from export buyers, and held its own comparatively well, with considerable sales reported to arrive. White Wheat was inactive. Sales have been reported since our last of 162,000 bushels, all told, afloat and to arrive, White Western at $1 58@$1 70, chiefly at $1 62@$1 65, afloat; Red and Amber Western at $1 50@$1 62, chiefly at $1 53@$1 54 for fair to very good New Red; $1 57@$1 60 for New Amber do., the latter rate for choice Amber Michigan; $1 45@$1 52 for soft Red and Amber do.; No. 1 Spring at $1 46@$1 47 for fair; No. 2 Spring at $1 43@$1 45 for straight samples; soft do., $1 30@$1 42½; White Genesee, $1 60@$1 65; Red and Amber, $1 50@$1 60; Amber Southern, on private terms, ₱ bushel....Corn has been moderately active, and though opening lower, it closed with a fair show of steadiness at the modified figures. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 173,000 bushels at 68c.@70c. for inferior to choice New Mixed Western, chiefly at 69c., for Straight samples of Canal, afloat; 69c.@69½c. in store; 68c.@68½c. for steamer grades; 71c.@73c. for Yellow Western; 72c.@74c. for White Western....Western Rye has attracted more attention and has been quoted firm at 83c. in store and afloat, with sales reported of 16,000 bushels at the quoted rate....Of Canada Peas, small sales were reported at $1 18 ₱ bushel, free, showing an easier market.... Barley and Barley-malt have been quiet at previous quotations....Oats have been in more demand, for trade and speculative purposes, and have advanced, closing strong and buoyant. Sales have been reported, since our last, of 129,000 bushels at 48c.@52c. for poor to prime New Mixed Western, chiefly at 50c.@51c. for prime No. 2 Chicago, afloat, and 50c.@50½c. from store and to arrive; 46c.@50c. for New Black; 51c.@55c. for ordinary to choice New White Western and White Ohio, and 45c.@49c. for Jersey.

*Stock of Grain in Store in the New-York and Brooklyn Warehouses.*

| | -1871.- | | | 1870. |
|---|---|---|---|---|
| | Aug. 28. Bushels. | Sept. 4. Bushels. | Sept. 11. Bushels. | Sept. 10. Bushels. |
| Wheat | 417,457 | 401,948 | 471,710 | 1,628,926 |
| Corn | 2,700,333 | 3,130,713 | 3,310,849 | 750,622 |
| Rye | 38,000 | 44,728 | 30,492 | 50,770 |
| Oats | 536,095 | 740,114 | 884,629 | 1,215,244 |
| Malt | 198,036 | 198,946 | 187,525 | 195,836 |
| Peas | 25,306 | 25,114 | 22,539 | 21,254 |
| Barley | .... | 428 | 9,483 | 107,474 |

HEMP—Of Manila, 1,500 bales were sold at 13c., gold, ₱ lb. Market essentially unchanged.

METALS—The feature of business today was the sale of 400 tons old Double-headed Rails on private terms. Market generally firm.

MOLASSES—Sales have been confined to job lots within our previous range: 50 hhds. Trinidad, Port-of-Spain, changed hands at 32c.; 150 bbls. New-Orleans at 48c.@55c.; and small lots of Porto Rico at unaltered figures. We quote: Porto Rico at from 35c.@55c. for new; Cuba, 20c.@28c. for old, and 23c.@35c. for new; English Islands, 33c.@45c., and New-Orleans, 35c.@60c., ₱ gallon.

NAVAL STORES—Resin has been more active on the modified basis of $3@$3 12½ for Strained, ₱ 280 lbs.; sales, 8,000 bbls. at Wilmington, here and to arrive here, on private terms; also, 50 bbls. good Strained at $3 25, and 500 bbls. Pale at $6 37½@$7 75 ₱ 280 lbs. Tar has been steady but quiet. Nothing new in Crude Turpentine. Spirits Turpentine has been in more request and stronger, closing at 54½c.@55c. ₱ gallon; sales, 650 bbls. within the range of from 53c.@55c., including 130 bbls., to arrive, at 54c. ₱ gallon. We now quote: Spirits Turpentine, 54c.@55c.; Crude, nominal; Resin, $3@$8 ₱ 280 lbs., the latter for choice White; Tar, $3@$3 50; Pitch, $3 25 ₱ bbl.

PETROLEUM—Crude in bulk has been very quiet at 13¼c.@13½c. ₱ gallon. Shipping Crude has been inactive at 17¼c.@19c. ₱ gallon. At Philadelphia the nominal quotation was 17c.@17¼c. ₱ gallon. The receipts at Philadelphia were 1,000 bbls. The Creek quotations for Crude Petroleum in bulk were nominally $4 67½@$4 70 on the Lower, and $4 35 on the Upper Road, ₱ bbl....Refined Oil continues quiet and rather heavy, with sales reported of 2,000 bbls. Standard White, early delivery, reported at 23½c.; and 3,000 bbls. do., high test, at 24½c. ₱ gallon. At Philadelphia, the current quotations for Standard White were 23½c.@23¾c., for prompt and all the month deliveries, ₱ gallon, on a dull market; sales, 4,600 bbls. high test at 23½c. ₱ gallon. The receipts at Philadelphia were 4,290 bbls. today. Refined Oil, in cases, continues in slack request at 22c.@29c. as the extremes, ₱ gallon. Naphtha rules quiet on the basis of 9½c.@10c. for Western, in shipping order.

PROVISIONS—Pork has been in moderate request for early delivery, and with light offerings has been quoted stronger in price. Sales have been reported since our last of 450 bbls., in lots, at $13 62@$13 75 for Western Mess; $14@$14 25 for New City Mess; $10@$10 50 for New Prime to Extra Prime; $10 50 for Prime Mess, ₱ bbl. For forward delivery there has been a more active inquiry noted for Western Mess on the basis of $13 62@$13 75, seller September; $13 75, seller October; $13 50, seller December, and $14 for New, seller January; sales, 6,250 bbls. ....Dressed Hogs have been salable and steady, ranging from 6c.@7¼c. ₱ lb....Cut-meats continue in moderate request at 11c.@12c. for Hams, 5c.@6c. for Shoulders, 13¼c.@14¼c. for Smoked and Sugar-cured, ₱ lb., sales equal to 110 pks....Bacon has been in moderate demand at 7¼c.@8¼c. for Ice-cured City; sales, 130 boxes, chiefly at 8c. for Long Clear....Lard has been in rather slack demand, opening steadily, but closing less firmly. Sales have been reported of 600 tcs. and bbls., for early delivery, at 9c.@9⅝c. for No. 1 to choice Steam and Kettle-rendered, chiefly at 9½c. for prime, and 9⅝c. for choice Western Steam, 9¾c. for New, 9½c. for Kettle-rendered, and 9¼c.@9¾c. for City. For forward delivery sales were reported of 250 tcs. prime Western Steam, seller October, on private terms....Beef has been in moderate demand at $8@$11 for Mess, and $11@$14 50 for Extra Mess; sales, 120 bbls. Tierce Beef has been in more demand at $14@$19 for Prime Mess, and $18@$22 for India Mess, ₱ tierce; sales, 250 tcs. Beef Hams continue quiet at from $18@$22 50 for the range of qualities, ₱ bbl. Sales, 75 bbls., in lots....Butter has been generally quiet at former rates. We quote State, fair to choice, at 25c.@32c., and very inferior to fair at 13c.@25c.; Western, good to fancy, at 18c.@25c., and inferior to good at 18c.@20c., ₱ lb....Cheese has attracted more attention at from 9¼c.@11c. for fair to fancy State Factory; 8c.@9½c. for good to extra State Farm Dairy; 5c.@9¼c., for Western.

SUGARS—Raw have been moderately inquired for at essentially unaltered prices; sales, 300 hhds. Grocery Cuba on private terms; 122 hhds. Martinique at 9 7-16c.; 53 hhds. do., in lots, at 9¼c.@9¾c., and 100 hhds. Common Refining Cuba at 9c. ₱ lb. We now quote fair to good refining grades Cuba strong at 9⅜c.@9⅝c.; fair to choice Grocery grades, 9¾c.@10⅜c.; Porto Rico refining grades from 8⅞c.@9¾c.; and Grocery from 9¾c.@11c.. ₱ lb.; No. 12 Clayed Box Sugar has been quoted at 10¼c. ₱ lb. Refined Sugars continue in fair request at from 11c.@13¼c., as the extremes; hards ruling at 13¼c.; A's at 12¼c.; B's at 12⅛c.@12⅜c.; extra C's at 12⅜c., ₱ lb.

TALLOW, &c.—Tallow continues in fair demand at steady prices; sales have been reported since our last of 168,000 lbs. Tallow at 8¾c.@9⅜c., chiefly at 9¼c. for prime; also, 18,000 lbs. Stearine at 9¼c.@10¼ ₱ lb.

WHISKY—Has been in slack request and quoted at 92½c.@93c., with sales reported of 225 bbls., in lots.

FREIGHTS—The supply of room available on both berth and charter was extremely limited, and rates were very strong and buoyant in all lines, with a brisk call for accommodation from Grain shippers, and a good inquiry for vessels adapted to the Petroleum trade. A more liberal offering of Provisions was reported, and higher figures were paid for steam room to Liverpool. The outward movement in Produce was seriously impeded by the unusual scarcity of tonnage. The aggregate of the reported Grain engagements, (berth and charter,) were equal to about 310,000 bushels. For Liverpool the reported engagements since our last have been small lots of Cotton, by steam, at ⅜d. ₱ lb.; 15,500 bushels Grain, by do., at 12d. for Corn and 12½d. for Wheat, ₱ bushel, which rates were refused at the closing, and ½d. more a bushel claimed; 850 boxes Bacon, by steam, at 40s.@45s.; 6,000 boxes Cheese, by do., at 45s.@50s.; 40 hhds. Tallow and 28 hhds. Tobacco on private terms; also, an American ship, of 1,503 tons register, with a full cargo of Grain, from Philadelphia, on private terms. For London, 7,800 bushels Wheat, by sail, at 12d. ₱ bushel; 250 bbls. Resin at 3s. ₱ 280 lbs.; also, a British bark, of 230 tons register, with about 1,500 bbls. Petroleum at 7s. 3d. ₱ bbl. For Cork and orders, a Norwegian bark, of 375 tons register, with about 2,700 quarters Grain, at 8s. 9d.; another, of 400 tons register, with 2,800 quarters do., same rate; an Austrian bark, of 408 tons register, with 2,900 quarters do., same rate; an Austrian brig, of 398 tons register, with about 2,700 quarters do., at 9s., which was the closing rate for vessels immediately available here; a Norwegian bark, of about 300 tons register, (to arrive,) with about 2,000 quarters do., at 8s. 6d.; another, of 328 tons register, (to arrive,) with about 2,300 quarters do., same rate; a British bark, of 492 tons register, with about 3,400 quarters do., reported chartered in England previous to arrival, without particulars; a British bark, of 450 tons register, (to arrive,) with about 2,700 bbls. Petroleum at 7s., or, if direct, at 6d. off ₱ bbl., and the usual 10 ₱ cent. additional if to the Continent; a British brig, of 255 tons register, (to arrive,) with 1,600 bbls. do. on private terms; and another, of 290 tons register, with about 1,850 bbls. do., reported at 7s. 6d. ₱ bbl. For Antwerp, 1,000 bags Clover-seed at 32s. 6d. ₱ ton; 35 hhds. Tobacco at 45s.; also, a British ship, of 942 tons register, with about 6,000 bbls. Petroleum, from Philadelphia, at 6s. 3d. ₱ bbl. For Bremen, a German ship of 616 tons register, reported with a full cargo of Petroleum, without reliable particulars. For Belfast, Derry, Dublin or Liverpool, a British ship, of 1,062 tons register, with about 7,000 quarters Grain, half in bags, at 8s. ₱ quarter. For Continental ports direct, a Norwegian bark, of 510 tons register, with about 3,500 bbls. Petroleum, at 6s. 6d.; an American ship, of 1,050 tons register, with about 6,000 bbls. do. at 6s.; a bark, (to arrive,) with about 5,500 bbls. do. reported without reliable particulars. For Gibraltar and orders, an American brig of 331 tons register, with about 2,300 bbls. Petroleum at 6s.4½d., excluding the Spanish ports, or if direct, at 6s., ₱ bbl. For St. Johns, N. F., a British brig of 193 tons register, with general cargo, on private terms. For Jamaica, a British schooner of 141 tons register, with equal to 1,800 bbls. at 70c. ₱ bbl., and back with Sugar at $5.

## NEW-YORK CATTLE MARKET.

NEW-YORK, Monday, Sept. 11, 1871.

Trade in horned Cattle improved a trifle on yesterday forenoon. At Weehawken Yards quality ranged from common to fair, prices from 9½c.@12c. ₱ lb., weights from 6 cwt.@8 cwt. on 54 lbs.@57 lbs. to the cwt. net. This forenoon, at One Hundredth-street Yards, trade was brisk on light animals, quality ranged from common to firm, prices from 10½c.@13c. ₱ lb. on 56 lbs.@58 lbs. to the cwt. net. Veals were dull from 8c.@9½c. ₱ lb. Sheep and Lambs in demand from 5¼c.@8¼c. ₱ lb. for Sheep. Lambs sold in heavy lots from 7c.@8c. ₱ lb.; the quality was good. Hogs steady from 6¼c.@6½c. ₱ lb. for City-dressed. Live Hogs sold on private terms.

SALES TODAY.

S. ROSENTHAL sold for self 58 Native Illinois Steers, good Cattle, from 11½c.@12c. ₱ lb., weight 8 cwt. Also, 80 Illinois Steers, coarse native Cattle, from 11c.@11¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7½ cwt. H. MEYER sold for N. MORRIS, 102 Steers, Cherokees, common Cattle, at 9½c. ₱ lb., weight 6¼ cwt. T. GILLESS sold for self and Co., 340 Steers, Illinois fair Cattle, at 11½c. ₱ lb., weight 6¾ cwt. C. S. GLOVER sold for self, 89 Steers, Kentucky and Illinois mixed nice Cattle, from 11½c.@12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7½ cwt. W. FITCH sold for self 61 Steers, Illinois fair Cattle, from 11½c.@12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 8¼ cwt.; also, 96 Steers, Illinois fair Cattle, at 11¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; again, 144 Steers, Texans, grazed in Kansas, at 8¾c. ₱ lb., weight 5¼ cwt. strong. G. W. MARTIN sold for self 28 Steers, Kentuckys, good Cattle at 12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 8¼ cwt. W. THOMPSON sold for COON & CO. 96 Steers, Indiana rough fat Cattle, from 11¼c.@12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; also, 62 Steers Ohios, from fair to good, from 11¼c.@12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 8¼ cwt. BURCHARD & MERRITT sold for selves 32 Steers, Ohios, nice Cattle, at 12¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; also, 16 Steers, State Cattle, good lot, at 12c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt. T. C. EASTMAN sold for ALEXANDER MANN 51 Steers, Illinois medium Cattle, at 11¼c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.; also, for H. MONROE, 87 Steers, Illinois, from common to good, from 10¼c.@12c. ₱ lb., weight 7 cwt.; again, for M. ROSENTHAL, 29 Steers, Illinois plain Cattle, at 11c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt. WILLIAMS & VALENTINE sold for selves 65 Steers, Kentuckys, from fair to good, from 11c.@12c. ₱ lb.; also, 68 Steers, Illinois, from common to nice, from 10½c.@12c. ₱ lb., weight 7¼ cwt.

FORTY-EIGHTH-STREET SHEEP MARKET.

HUME & ELLIOTT sold 225 Sheep, weight 19,630 lbs., at 5¼c. ₱ lb.; 357 Lambs, weight 24,370 lbs., at 8c. ₱ lb.; 390 Sheep, weight 36,710 lbs., at 6c. ₱ lb.; 131 Sheep, weight 11,760 lbs., at 6¼c. ₱ lb.; 133 Lambs, weight 8,570 lbs., at 7¾c. ₱ lb.; 370 Lambs, weight 24,380 lbs., at 7½c. ₱ lb.; 63 Lambs, weight 4,170 lbs., at 7¼c. ₱ lb.; 119 Lambs, weight 7,980 lbs., at 7¾c. ₱ lb.; 378 Lambs, weight 22,515 lbs., at 7c. ₱ lb. S. MCGRAW sold 234 Veals for $1,869 96; 1,568 Sheep and Lambs for $7,479 26. J. KIRY sold 32 Sheep, weight 1,945 lbs., at 6c. ₱ lb.; 113 Lambs, weight 7,780 lbs., at 7¼c. ₱ lb.; 1 Veal, weight 150 lbs., at 8¼c. ₱ lb.

RECEIPTS.

Gross arrivals at Communipaw Yards for week ending Sept. 9, 1871: 3,988 head of horned Cattle, 10,552 Hogs, 7,600 Sheep and Lambs. There were slaughtered in same yards, during same week, 847 head of horned Cattle, 10,283 Hogs, 5,720 Sheep and Lambs.

Gross arrivals at One Hundredth-street Yards for week ending Sept. 11, 1871: 1,819 head of horned Cattle, 7 Cows, 7 Veals. Western stock—93 head of horned Cattle, 7 Cows, 391 Veals, 57 Sheep.

Gross arrivals at Forty-eighth-street Sheep Yards for week ending Sept. 11, 1871: 15,255 Sheep and Lambs, 1,163 Veals, 52 Cows, 14 head of horned Cattle.

Weekly report of sales effected at CHAMBERLIN'S Yards for week ending Sept. 11, 1871: 1,481 Sheep and Lambs; range of prices for Sheep, 5¼c.@6¾c. ₱ lb.; range of prices for Lambs, 8c.@8¼c. ₱ lb.; 13 Beeves, from 10c.@12c. ₱ lb.; 35 Cows and Calves, sold together, from $40@$60@$80 per head; 650 Veals, from 9c.@11c. ₱ lb.

## MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Sept. 11.—FLOUR steady, with a good demand; sales, 2,800 bbls., at $7 for No. 1 Spring, $7 50 for Amber Winter, $8 for White Winter, $8 50 for Double Extra. WHEAT firm; sales, 1,200 bushels Red Ohio at $1 40; 15,000 bushels Amber Indiana as $1 44; 5,000 bushels new No. 1 Milwaukee Club at $1 43; 1,500 bushels No. 1 White, to arrive, at $1 60; 7,500 bushels Red Indiana on private terms. CORN firm but quiet; sales, 1 car at 64c., 2 cars at 65c. BARLEY quiet; an offer of 92½c. was made for Bay Quinte, but refused. CORN-MEAL, $1 50 for bolted, $1 40 for unbolted, ₱ cwt. MILL-FEED unchanged; Shorts, $19@$20; Shipstuffs, $23@$25; Middlings, $27@$30, ₱ ton, as to quality. HIGHWINES, 90½c.@91c. Canal FREIGHTS—Wheat, Corn and Rye, 8¼c.; Barley, 7¼c.; Oats, 6c., to New-York; Lumber, $3 75 to the Hudson; $4 87½@$5 to New-York. Railroad FREIGHTS—Flour to Boston, 53c.; to New-York, 40c.; to Albany, 35c. RECEIPTS by Lake—66,000 bushels Wheat, 31,000 bushels Corn, 32,000 bushels Barley, and 2,858,000 feet Lumber. SHIPMENTS by Canal—26,000 bushels Wheat, 7,400 bushels Corn, 18,200 bushels Barley, 9,500 bushels Oats, and 1,877,000 feet Lumber.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 11.—FLOUR—Low grades firm; order lots higher; an advance in Southern freights checks business; Superfine Winter, $4@$4 25; Extra Winter, $4 35@$4 60; Double Extra Winter, $4 90@$5. WHEAT closed stiff and higher; No. 3 Red, in elevator, $1 15@$1 17½; No. 2 Red Winter, $1 28. CORN unchanged for bulk; depressed for sacked lots; Low Mixed, in elevator, 44½c.; Yellow Mixed, 46c.; Choice Yellow, sacked, 55c. OATS lower on account of the advance in freights; Mixed, in bulk, on track, 31c.@33c.; White, sacked, 42c.@44c. BARLEY steady; No. 2 Spring, 60c. RYE higher; sales at 61c.@63c. HIGHWINES steady at 89c. TOBACCO, HEMP, and BAGGING unchanged. PORK firm at $13@$13 25, latter on orders. BACON active; Shoulders higher; sales of jobbing and order lots Shoulders at 6¾c.@7c.; Clear Rib, 7¼c.; Clear Sides, 8c. LARD firm; Refined, 9¼c. Live HOGS steady at $4@$4 50. CATTLE easier; Texans, $1 50@$3; natives, $2@$4 75. RECEIPTS—7,000 bbls. Flour, 34,000 bushels Wheat, 6,000 bushels Corn, 41,000 bushels Oats, 13,000 bushels Rye, 2,000 bushels Barley.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Sept. 11.—RECEIPTS—Flour, 10,000 bbls.; Wheat, 348,000 bushels; Corn, 352,000 bushels; Oats, 72,000 bushels; Barley, 10,000 bushels, and Rye, 18,000 bushels. SHIPMENTS—Wheat, 252,000 bushels; Corn, 258,000 bushels; Oats, 42,000 bushels, and Rye, 8,000 bushels. By rail—6,000 bushels Corn. Canal FREIGHTS—12¼c.@12½c. for Corn, 13¼c.@14c. for Wheat, 8¼c.@9c. for Oats, to New-York. In store—Wheat, 104,000 bushels; Corn, 382,000 bushels; Oats, 225,000 bushels; Rye, 3,000 bushels; Malt, 3,000 bushels; Barley, 69,000 bushels. FLOUR quiet and unchanged. WHEAT—Market bare of Spring, and generally nominal. CORN heavy, dull and lower; sales, 24,000 bushels No. 2 Western at 57¼c.; 10,000 bushels do., to arrive, at 57c. OATS dull and nominally 40c. for No. 2 Western, RYE held at about 70c. BARLEY dull; sales, 1,000 bushels Western at 75c. SEEDS active; sales, 700 bags Timothy at $3. HIGHWINES, PORK and LARD unchanged.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—FLOUR—demand good at full prices; Family, $5 75@$6. WHEAT steady, with moderate demand; sales of sample lots at $1 20. CORN buoyant and unsettled; Ear, 53c.; Shelled, 56c. RYE—demand good at full prices, 65c.@68c. OATS steady, with moderate demand, 32c.@39c. BARLEY steady, with moderate demand. PORK buoyant and unsettled; asking $12 75@$13. LARD—stock withdrawn, anticipating higher prices. BULK MEATS buoyant and unsettled; sales of Shoulders at 5¼c.; Rough Sides at 6¼c. BACON buoyant and unsettled; not much offering; Shoulders held at 6¾c.; sales of Sides at 7¼c.@7¾c. HAMS—Sugar-cured, 14½c.@15c. Live HOGS firm and in fair demand; $4@$4 50. WHISKY steady, with moderate demand, at 90c.

LOUISVILLE, Sept. 11.—TOBACCO very active; sales, 78 hhds.; Lugs, $7@$7 75; low to good Leaf, $8@$17 25. BAGGING—Demand light; holders firm; 18c.@19c. FLOUR active at full prices; Family Extra, $6. GRAIN—Supply light; demand active; sales readily made on arrival. WHEAT firm; $1 15@$1 25. CORN, 55c. OATS, 36c. RYE, 65c.; all on arrival. PROVISIONS buoyant; higher prices asked. PORK, $12 50@$13, in round lots. BACON in good demand; Shoulders, 5¾c.; Clear Rib Sides, 7¾c.; Clear Sides, 8c., in round lots, packed. HAMS—Sugar-cured, 14¼c. LARD, 9¾c.@10¼c.

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The supply of WHEAT is small, with a good milling demand; market firm; sales, 1,700 bushels fair White Genessee at $1 60. RYE—Improved in value; sales, 500 bushels No. 2 Western at 87½c. CORN in fair request at full prices; sales, 1,000 bushels Western Mixed in Central Elevator, at 70c., and 900 bushels do. do. in store, at 71c. BARLEY firm; limited receipts and fair demand; sales, 1 car No. 2 Six-rowed State at 98c.; 1 do., do., in bags at $1; 5 cars Minnesota No. 5 at 93c. OATS firm; moderate demand; sales 2,000 bushels State at 50c. in bags, delivered.

TOLEDO, Ohio, Sept. 11.—FLOUR dull and unchanged. WHEAT quiet and unchanged; No. 2 Red, $1 31; No. 2 Amber Illinois, $1 34. CORN quiet and unchanged; High Mixed, 55½c.; Low Mixed, 54½c.; Yellow, 56c. OATS quiet and unchanged; No. 1, 37½c. FREIGHTS firm; to Buffalo, 4c.; to Oswego, 8½c. RECEIPTS—9,000 bbls. Flour; 71,000 bushels Wheat, 12,000 bushels Corn and 17,000 bushels Oats. SHIPMENTS—105,000 bushels Wheat, 51,000 bushels Corn and 38,000 bushels Oats.

MILWAUKEE, Sept. 11.—FLOUR—Extra Spring declined 12½c.; $5 50@$6 25 for choice. WHEAT weak; No. 2, $1 15¼@$1 16, cash; $1 15@$1 15½, seller September. OATS lower; No. 2, 30½c. CORN—No. 2 Mixed, 47c. RYE lower; No. 1, 61½c. BARLEY lower; No. 2 Spring, 62c. FREIGHTS advancing; to Buffalo, 9½c.; to Oswego, 15c. RECEIPTS—2,000 bbls. Flour, 68,000 bushels Wheat. SHIPMENTS—4,000 bbls. Flour, 89,000 bushels Wheat.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 11.—FLOUR firm and in good demand. WHEAT active and higher; advanced 2c.; 10,000 bushels No. 1 Red Winter, $1 35; No. 2 do., $1 32. CORN firmer; high Mixed, 58c. OATS better, 37c. PETROLEUM dull and unsettled; Refined, 22c.@22½c.; Crude, $5 45@$5 50.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 11.—COTTON—Operations suspended by rain; net receipts, 601 bales; gross, 614 bales; exports, to Great Britain, 1,979 bales; coastwise, 877 bales; sales, 400 bales; stock, 20,910 bales; Middling, 19c.@19¼c.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 11.—FLOUR, $5@$8. CORN firm and scarce at 65c. OATS firm and scarce; nominally 52c. PORK, $13 25@$13 50. LARD stiffer; tierce, 10c.@10¼c. BACON—Shoulders higher, 7¼c.@7¾c.; Clear Sides higher and scarce, 8¾c.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 11.—COTTON quiet and steady; Middling, 20¼c.; net receipts, 143 bales; gross, 168 bales; exports, coastwise, 25 bales; sales, 174 bales; stock, 670 bales.

SAVANNAH, Sept. 11.—COTTON in light demand and firm; Low Middling, 18¼c.@18¾c.; net receipts, 101 bales; exports coastwise, 432 bales; sales, 25 bales; stock, 2,822 bales.

CHARLESTON, Sept. 11.—COTTON dull; Low Middling, 18¼c.; net receipts, 262 bales; exports coastwise, 425 bales; sales, 25 bales; stock, 3,799 bales.

GALVESTON, Sept. 11.—COTTON steady; Good Ordinary, 17c.; net receipts, 663 bales; exports, coastwise, 2 bales; sales, 200 bales; stock, 12,519 bales.

AUGUSTA, Sept. 11.—COTTON steady, in fair demand; Middling, 18¼c.@18¾c.; net receipts, 50 bales; sales, 75 bales.

MOBILE, Sept. 11.—COTTON quiet; Middling, 19¼c.@19½c.; net receipts, 224 bales; exports coastwise, 1 bale; sales, 100 bales; stock, 5,519 bales.

DETROIT, Sept. 11.—WHEAT dull and declined 2c.@3c.; No. 1 White, $1 41@$1 42; Extra, $1 45@$1 46; Amber Michigan, $1 36.

## FOREIGN MARKETS.

LONDON, Sept. 11—11½ A. M.—Consols opened at 93¼@93⅜ for both money and the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862, 93¼; 1865s, old, 93⅜; 1867s, 92⅛; 10-40s, 90¼.

1½ P. M.—Consols closed 93⅜ for both money and the account.

4½ P. M.—Consols closed at 93¼@93⅜ for both money and the account. United States 5-20 Bonds, 1862s, 93¼; 1865s, old, 93⅜; 1867s, 92⅛; 10-40s, 90¼.

PARIS, Sept. 11—P. M.—Rentes, 57f. 75c.

PARIS, Sept. 11—A. M.—Rentes, 57f. 42c.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 9—Evening.—United States 5-20 Bonds closed at 95⅜ for the issue of 1862. The rate of discount of the Bank of Frankfort has advanced to 4 ₱ cent.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 11—10½ A. M.—COTTON—The market opened quiet; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅜d.; the sales of the day are estimated at 12,000 bales.

1½ P. M.—COTTON—The market is dull; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.@9¼d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅜d.@9½d.; the sales of the day are now estimated at 14,000 bales, including 3,000 bales for export and speculation.

4½ P. M.—COTTON—The market closed dull; Middling Uplands, 9⅛d.@9¼d.; Middling Orleans, 9⅜d.@9½d. The sales of the day have been 14,000 bales, including 3,000 for export and speculation. PRODUCE—Refined Petroleum, 19d. ₱ gallon.

Evening.—LINSEED-OIL, £33@£33 10s. ₱ ton. Common RESIN, 8s. ₱ cwt. Spirits TURPENTINE, 39s. ₱ cwt.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### FEMALES.

WANTED—BY TWO YOUNG PROTESTANT women, situations together; one as cook and to do coarse washing, the other as chamber-maid and fine washer and ironer or waitress; both have unexceptionable City references from former employers, who can be seen. Apply at No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a situation as infant's nurse; is fully capable of taking entire charge; understands bringing it up by the bottle; excellent City reference given; no objection to the country. Call for two days at No. 144 West 30th-st., basement.

WANTED—BY A VERY RESPECTABLE young woman, a situation as lady's maid and seamstress, or nurse and seamstress; good seamstress, dress-maker, cut and fit; operate on machines; experienced nurse; dress hair neatly; very best City references. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE PROTestant girl, a situation as chamber-maid and seamstress, or would take care of children; has good City reference. Call for two days at No. 602 3d-av., in the fancy store.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable middle-aged Protestant woman as child's nurse and seamstress, and to make herself useful; has unexceptionable City references. Apply or can be seen at 116 East 11th-st., between 3d and 4th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERIcan young woman as dress-maker and seamstress; can cut and fit for children, and do all kinds of family sewing; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY AN AMERican girl, eighteen years of age, to do light housework; best City reference. Can be seen for two days, if not engaged, at No. 123 Chrystie-st., over the tailor's store.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker would like to engage the work of a few private families at home, or to go out by the day; good references given. Call or address for two days No. 451 West 21st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A COMPEtent woman as first-class cook; understands her business; is an excellent baker and economical in her kitchen; best City reference. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED YOUNG woman, a situation in a private family as chamber-maid and waitress, or waitress; is willing and obliging; has City reference. Call at No. 218 West 17th-st., between 7th and 8th avs.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRSTrate plain cook, willing to do some washing and ironing, in a small private family; is a good baker; best of City reference. Call at No. 132 15th-st., between 6th and 7th avs., for two days.

WANTED—BY PROTESTANT COOK AND laundress, situations in private family; both understand their business perfectly; have good City references as to character, ability, &c. Apply at BEDELL'S, No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A DRESS-MAKER, TO GO out by the day, week or month; cuts and makes ladies' and misses' suits in the neatest style; family sewing; has her own machine; the best of reference. Call or address No. 233 East 54th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young girl as seamstress; has no objections to assist with chamber-work; understands operating on machine. Can be seen at her last employer's, No. 6 West 39th-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO REspectable girls, one to cook, wash and iron, the other to do chamber-work and waiting, or to do the work of a family between them; good reference. Call at No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a first-class laundress, who thoroughly understands her business; has excellent reference; can be seen at No. 203 Lexington-av., above 32d-st., second floor, front room.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman; is a good cook, or would be willing to assist with the washing and ironing; has four years' reference from last place. Apply at No. 363 3d-av., in fancy-store.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED DRESSmaker, to go out by the day, or would take dressmaking in; is willing to make children's dresses; can operate on sewing-machine. Address No. 333 West 11th-st. Call for two days, with reference.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE GIRL, A situation as good cook and to assist with washing and ironing; is a good baker; has good City reference from her last place. Call at No. 63 West 44th-st.; can be seen for two days.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as a first-class seamstress; is a good cutter and fitter of ladies' and children's dresses; good reference. Call or address at No. 490 6th-av., first floor, front room.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT WOMAN, a situation as first-class chamber-maid, or laundress and chamber-maid and fine washer; she is a thorough laundress or chamber-maid; good references; country or City. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, a ladies' maid and seamstress' situation; excellent seamstress, good dress-maker, operates on machines, dress hair neatly; very best City references. Call at No. 330 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT GIRL A situation as chamber-maid and seamstress, or as seamstress only; best City reference. Apply at No. 56 West 17th-st., on Tuesday and Wednesday, between 10 and 3 o'clock.

DRESS-MAKING, MILLINERY AND general family seamstress, to go out by the day or week; can cut, fit and trim ladies' and children's suits and dresses in various styles, or would reside in the family if desired. Address, one week, DRESS-MAKER, No. 333 West 11th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A GOOD cook; understands making all kinds of soups; is a good baker, and will assist in washing and ironing; one year's reference from last place. Call at No. 1,305 Broadway.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITUation as first-class waitress, and would be willing to do the chamber-work of a private family; is neat and willing; best of City references given. Call at No. 425 9th-av., between 33d and 34th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable girl to do housework or chamber-work and waiting in a small family; best City reference from last employer. Apply at No. 425 7th-av., between 33d and 34th sts.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant woman as cook, and to assist in washing; understands her business thoroughly; has good references. Can be seen at 133 6th-av., over drug-store.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS COOK BY A very respectable Scotch Protestant woman; country or City; she is a first-class cook; good references. Call at No. 335 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class cook; no objection to a private boarding-house; best City reference. Call or address No. 363 West 51st-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG woman as chamber-maid and waitress, or to do chamber-work and assist in the washing; best City references. Call at No. 203 West 27th-st., near 7th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and seamstress in a private family; first-class reference given. Call for two days at No. 239 West 39th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN to take washing to her own house, or go out by the day; best City references. Apply at No. 314 West 39th-st., between 8th and 9th avs., Room No. 9.

WANTED—BY AN EXCELLENT LAUNdress, the washing of a few families at her own house; best references given. Call or address at No. 160 West 28th-st., one flight up.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRSTclass waitress, who thoroughly understands her duties, in a private family; unexceptionable reference. Call or address No. 490 6th-av., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS SEAMstress; understands all kinds of family sewing; understands cutting and fitting; good City reference from her last place. Apply at No. 127 West 31st-st.

WANTED—SITUATIONS BY TWO GIRLS, one as good family cook, and the other as chamber-maid and waitress; both want to go together in same family. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and waitress, or would do chamber-work and assist in washing; best City reference. Call at No. 203 East 53d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable young woman to take care of children and do plain sewing; has the best of City reference. Call or address 151 West 46th st., between 6th and 7th avs.

WANTED—BY A FIRST-CLASS CHAMBERmaid, a situation in a good City family; has the best of reference; two years in her present place. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG WOMAN, A SITuation as chamber-maid and waitress, or waitress alone; no objection to a short distance in the country; good City reference. Call at No. 433 West 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A YOUNG Protestant girl, to take care of one or two growing children, and do chamber-work. Call at No. 261 West 25th-st., second floor, back.

WANTED—BY A PROTESTANT YOUNG woman, to do chamber-work and waiting, or chamber-work and assist at washing and ironing; good City reference. Call at No. 219 East 38th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and seamstress in a private family; first-class reference given. Call for two days at 273 3d-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS A FIRSTclass cook in a private family; understands all kinds of cooking. Apply at No. 52 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Protestant woman as first-class waitress; best City reference. Call at No. 341 5th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRSTclass cook; would be found trustworthy; first-class City reference. Call at No. 213 West 19th-st.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG GIRL, A SITUAtion as chamber-maid and seamstress; understands operating. Call at No. 444 West 26th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS PROFESSED waitress; Protestant; best of references. Call at No. 405 5th-av., corner of 37th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION IN A PRIVATE family by a first-class cook; an excellent baker; best City reference. Apply at No. 8 West 44th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant girl as lady's-maid and seamstress. Call at No. 10 East 17th-st., from 10 to 2 o'clock.

## SITUATIONS WANTED.

### FEMALES.

| EMPLOYERS | SERVANTS. |
|---|---|
| Promptly suited with capable servants for any capacity; City or country. | Girls wanted this day; plenty of places ready; no delay; come and see. |

EMPLOYMENT OFFICE,
No. 138 6th-av., over drug-store.

EMPLOYERS

In City or country supplied with servants of all nations, both Protestant and Catholic.

J. W. CARPENTER,
NO. 133 WEST 11TH-ST., CORNER 6TH-AV.

SERVANTS.

EMPLOYERS RETURNING TO CITY can be promptly supplied with capable and well-recommended servants at ODELL'S, No. 109 West 34th-st., near Broadway. Established 1852.

COLORED SERVANTS.

Employers wishing first-class colored help of every description, coachmen, waiters, cooks, waitresses, nurses, laundresses, &c., promptly supplied at SIMMS' Select Agency, No. 541 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A PROTESTant cook, who thoroughly understands her business in all its branches; country preferred; best references. Call at No. 109 West 15th-st., rear building, near 6th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable Scotch Protestant woman as first-class cook; understands game, soups, baking, pastries, jellies, ice-cream, &c.; excellent City reference. Call or address No. 314 West 39th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-class cook in a private family; understands all kinds of good cooking; an excellent baker; City and country reference. Call at No. 292 7th-av., between 26th and 27th sts., in store.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE YOUNG girl, a situation as waitress, and to assist in chamber-work in a private family; best City reference. Address A. M., No. 54½ West 32d-st., Up-town Advertisement Office.

WANTED—BY AN EXPERIENCED LAUNdress, washing at her house; understands French fluting, and does up linens and fineries in superior style. Call or address No. 157 West 27th-st., rear house, first floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable woman as first-rate cook; excellent references from last place. Apply at No. 107 West 20th-st., second floor.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRSTclass infant's nurse, Protestant, with excellent City references. Can be seen for two days at No. 49 West 18th-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT SEAMstress and operator on Wheeler & Wilson's machine, a few more engagements by the day or week. Address No. 43 East 33d-st.

WANTED—BY A COMPETENT WOMAN, A situation; is a good cook, washer and ironer. Call at the German Institute, No. 127 Norfolk-st., M. HILD.

WANTED.—A LADY DESIRES TO FIND A situation for a reliable, trustworthy nurse; thoroughly understands the care of an infant. Apply for two days at No. 109 East 25th-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid and waitress, or would do chamber-work and take care of children; good City reference. Call at No. 241 West 33d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS WET-NURSE by a married woman; good satisfactory City reference. Call at No. 191 Mott-st., in the rear.

WANTED—WASHING AND IRONING BY a good laundress, or would do a family's washing. Call at No. 209 West 26th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE WOMAN, to go out washing or house-cleaning. Call or address No. 335 West 26th-st., between 8th and 9th avs.

### MALES.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A FIRSTclass Protestant man as coachman; thoroughly knows his business; long experience, with first-class City reference; willing and obliging. Call or address for two days J. B., at D. Wright's saddlery-store, No. 305 4th-av.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable married man and his wife; no incumbrance; is a practical gardener, a good florist, and understands hot and cold graperies; can give the best of reference; will be disengaged from Oct. 1. Address for three days J. H., Gardener, Box No. 210 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A SCOTCHMAN, A SITUAtion as coachman; of long experience; a careful driver; understands his business thoroughly in all its branches; a single man; has best of references as to capability from his employers. Address M. M., Box No. 191 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S SITUATION, by a first-class single man, twenty-six years of age, of long experience and first-class reference; is willing and obliging; no objection to the country. Address E. B. for two days, at the saddlery store, No. 37 Union-square.

WANTED.—A GENTLEMAN WOULD LIKE to obtain a good situation for his coachman, (Protestant;) has been in his family three years and a half; respectable and sober; understands all about horses. Can be seen with his present employer, No. 8 East 31st-st.

WANTED—BY A MOST RESPECTABLE Protestant young man, (single,) a situation as coachman in a private family; has the very best City references; family must be Protestant; no other family need apply. Can be seen at his present employer's, No. 23 West 22d-st.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS GARDENER by a single man, capable of taking charge of a gentleman's place; green-houses, hot and cold graperies, flower, fruit and vegetable gardening, &c. Address M. D., Box No. 203 *Times* Office.

WANTED—A COACHMAN'S AND GARdener's situation, by a young married man; will be found willing and obliging; fifteen years' experience; ten years good City reference. Address A. B. C., Box No. 206 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY A MIDDLE-AGED FRENCHman, a situation as waiter in a small private family; has the best of City references; no objection to country. Address A. N., Box No. 207 *Times* Office, for three days.

WANTED—A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO procure a good situation as coachman and groom for a protestant young man, whom he can highly recommend. Call or address W. BANKS & CO., No. 79 Duane-st.

A MAN AND WIFE (COLORED) WANT situations together—man as waiter, wife as chamber-maid, or to assist in waiting; first-class recommendations; man has been four years in last place; no objections to the country. Address J. W., Box No. 199 *Times* Office.

WANTED—BY AN ENGLISH BUTLER, A Protestant, a situation as head butler or waiter; has the best of references. Can be seen at No. 405 5th-av., near 37th-st.

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE MARried man, a situation as waiter in a private family; has good reference. Can be seen at No. 10 East 34th-st., from 11 to 1 o'clock.

WANTED—A SITUATION BY A RESPECTable man (French) as first-class waiter; understands his business perfectly; has several years' City reference. Apply at No. 340 4th-av.

WANTED—BY A SINGLE MAN, A SITUAtion as coachman and groom or coachman and gardener; excellent reference. Call on or address J. W., No. 436 6th-av., harness-store.

WANTED—BY A GERMAN, WHO IS NOT afraid of work, a situation as porter. Call on H. VOGEL, No. 217 East Houston-st.

### CLERKS AND SALESMEN.

WANTED—A SITUATION AS CLERK IN A law office by one recently admitted to the bar. Address J. H., Box No. 168 *Times* Office.

## HELP WANTED.

WANTED—IN A PRIVATE FAMILY, A respectable middle-aged woman as cook; must understand her business in all its branches, baking, &c.; only those who are fully qualified and can furnish unquestionable references as to honesty, capacity and sobriety need apply at No. 35 West 27th-st.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, A LARGE number of girls for excellent situations, such as cooks, chamber-maids, nurses, seamstresses, waitresses, laundresses, house-workers; also, girls lately landed. At CARPENTER'S, No. 133 West 11th-st., corner 6th-av.

WANTED—A NURSE FOR CHILD EIGHT months; thoroughly experienced, with every qualification; no other desired; will be compensated accordingly; no objection to a good monthly nurse. Apply to J. S. LOCKWOOD, No. 46 Broad-st., today.

AT BEDELL'S, NO. 340 4TH-AV., ARE wanted for excellent situations, now vacant, in families returning to the City, servants in every capacity, both Protestant and Catholic. Girls not wishing to remain in the office will be sent for at their residences.

WANTED—AT BOOKHAM'S, NO. 336 4TH-av., a number of superior servants, ladies' maids, experienced nurses, seamstresses, twenty superior and other cooks, waitresses, chamber-maids for families returning to the City, and all others.

WANTED—AN OFFICE-BOY ABOUT FOURteen or fifteen years of age; salary, $3 per week. Address in own handwriting, with references, Box No. 2,253 New-York Post-office.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED FIRSTclass cook; Protestant preferred; one who is willing to assist with the coarse washing. Call on Wednesday, between 9 and 10 A. M., at No. 10 East 40th-st.

WANTED—A GOOD EXPERIENCED LAUNdress; must have good City references, and a Protestant preferred. Apply at No. 39 West 37th-st.

A COMPETENT WAITRESS CAN find a good situation by applying at the office No. 49 3d-av., from 9 till 11 this day.

## BUSINESS CHANCES.

TO DRUGGISTS, PERFUMERS AND OTHERS.—FOR SALE—The copyright of certain well-known first-class toilet articles, which have long maintained a world-wide celebrity, and which only requires a small amount of perseverance and tact to realize handsomely and permanently. Apply to S. M. PETTINGILL & CO., No. 37 Park-row.

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AMERICAN WATCHES IN GREAT varieties, cuckoo, French and American clocks, jewelry, diamonds, sterling silver-ware. FRANKFIELD & CO., 209 6th-av., cor. 14th-st., and 323 8th-av., cor 28th-st.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

ALDERNEY COW AND CALF FOR SALE—An extra fine cow, four years old and calf seven months; color fawn and white; fine breed and handsome. Apply to coachman SAM. at Lamb & Son's stables, 56th-st. near 5th-av.

TRI-NITRO-GLYCERINE, EXPLODers, fuses and insulated wire, and experienced blasters. No. 40 Broadway, Room No. 39.

The New York Times.

NEW-YORK, TUESDAY, SEPT. 12, 1871.

### Amusements This Evening.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., corner 8th-av.
NARCISSE. Leading characters by Mr. and Mrs. Bandmann, Messrs. Thorne, Eytinge, Miss Henrietta Osborne, and Miss Edith Challis.

FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.
24th-st. near Broadway.
DIVORCE. Leading characters by Messrs. Harkins, Lemoyne, Davidge, Lewis, Miss Fanny Davenport, Miss Fanny Morant, and Miss Clara Morris.

UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.
14th-st., near Broadway.
BURLESQUE, PANTOMIME and COMEDY. Principal parts by Mr. F. Rogers, Miss Belle Howitt and Miss Lizzie Willmore, Miss Bonfanti and Miss Annie Adams.

WALLACK'S THEATRE.
Broadway, corner 13th-st.
THE PRINCESS OF TREBIZONDE. Leading characters by Miss Lydia Thompson, Miss Camille Dubois and Mr. Harry Beckett.

BOOTH'S THEATRE.
23d-st., corner 6th-av.
THE PET OF THE PETTICOATS and FAMILY JARS. Leading characters by Miss Lotta and Mr. Pateman.

OLYMPIC THEATRE.
Broadway, near Houston-st.
HUMPTY DUMPTY (Pantomime.) Leading characters by Messrs. Geo. L. Fox, C. K. Fox, and the Marten and Kiralfy troupes.

NIBLO'S GARDEN.
Broadway, near Prince-st.
FRITZ, OUR COUSIN GERMAN. Leading characters by Mr. Joseph K. Emmet and Miss Rose Evans.

WOOD'S MUSEUM.
Broadway, corner 30th-st.
DRAMATIC PERFORMANCE. Afternoon and evening. Large collection of curiosities on exhibition.

STEINWAY HALL.
14th-st., near 4th-av.
GRAND VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL CONCERT. By the Vienna Lady Orchestra.

NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS.
28th-st., corner Broadway.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, FARCES AND COMICALITIES.

BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE.
23d-st., between 6th and 7th avs.
NEGRO MINSTRELSY, FARCES, DANCING AND FUN.

CENTRAL PARK GARDEN.
7th-av., corner 53d-st.
SUMMER NIGHT CONCERT. By Theodore Thomas' Orchestra.

AMERICAN INSTITUTE FAIR.
3d-av., corner 63d-st.
EXHIBITION OF WORKS OF ART, SCIENCE, AND MECHANICS. Open day and evening.

PARIS PAVILION CIRCUS.
Fulton-st., near Hoyt, Brooklyn.
ATHLETIC AND EQUESTRIAN FEATS. Dan Rice, Manager.

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| And an extra copy to getter-up of club. | |
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The above have been the fixed advertising rates of the NEW-YORK TIMES for the past eight years, and will not be changed, although our circulation has largely increased during that time.

### To Advertisers.

Advertisers in the TIMES are requested to bring in their notices at as early an hour in the day as possible. If received after 9 o'clock, it will be impossible to classify them under their proper heads.

☞ For the accommodation of up-town residents, advertisements for insertion in the TIMES will be received at No. 54 West 32d-st., junction of Broadway and 6th-av.; also No. 1,241 Broadway, at same rates as are charged at office of publication.

☞ Messrs. DREXEL, HARJES & Co., Bankers, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Paris, are the accredited agents for the NEW-YORK TIMES in that city.

### Notice

We cannot notice anonymous communications. In all cases we require the writer's name and address, not for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith. We cannot under any circumstances return rejected communications, nor can we undertake to preserve manuscripts.

☞ Advertisements for the WEEKLY TIMES must be handed in before 10 o'clock this evening.

☞ *We beg to state that we shall shortly publish, in a cheap pamphlet form, in English and German, the proofs we have submitted during the past few weeks of the City frauds. The warrants copied from the Controller's books, checked and revised by the official accounts sent in to the Board of Supervisors by Mayor Hall, together with the particulars of the "armories swindle," and the numerous other frauds committed under the "Rule of Four," will be arranged in a perspicuous and handy form. A totally new introduction to these reports will be written, and explanations given which will bring the history down to the present time. This pamphlet will have a very large circulation all over the Union—over 150,000 copies are already ordered. We can print only two pages of short advertisements in this pamphlet, and it will be necessary to send in notice early of any applications for this space. We are also ready to receive orders for the pamphlet.*

## NEWS OF THE DAY.

### EUROPE.

The evacuation by the German troops of the four departments contiguous to Paris will be completed on the 13th inst. Negotiations have commenced in relation to the evacuation of the whole of France.

Queen VICTORIA has recovered from her attack of indisposition.

The military manœuvres at Aldershot are progressing favorably. Gen. JOHN G. BARNARD and Major SUMNER, of the United States Army, are in attendance as representatives of the American Government.

The Reading Grammar School was opened today, the Lord Chancellor officiating at the ceremony.

MEHEMED PASHA, Minister in the Cabinet of the Sultan, is dead.

King AMADEUS has recovered from a slight indisposition.

The strike in Newcastle, England, has virtually ended. Half of the usual number of workmen have recommenced work.

M. THIERS gave a dinner yesterday to the Italian Ambassador. A large number of the representatives of foreign nations attended.

President THIERS has proposed to the Legislature that they take a recess until the 1st of November.

NAPOLEON arrived at Torquay yesterday, and was enthusiastically received.

### GENERAL.

The Coroner's jury in the case of the steamer *R. E. Lee*, which exploded her boiler near Fayetteville, N. C., find that the United States Inspector was guilty of a great neglect of duty in giving a certificate without examining the boiler.

The chief of the surveying party of the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad in Arizona, reports to have found an excellent route through that Territory.

The boiler in CURTIS' hat factory, in Newburyport, exploded yesterday, killing six men outright. Several others were wounded. The building was damaged to the extent of $5,000. A Coroner's jury has been called to investigate the matter.

The election returns in California are proving more and more favorable to the Republican Party. It is now thought that the Republican candidate for State Harbor Commissioner is elected.

The discussion in the Brazilian Legislature on the Emancipation bill has ended, but the measure is not likely to go into force this session on account of the decided opposition to its passage.

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It is now stated on the authority of Hon. ROBERT B. ROOSEVELT, Democratic member of Congress from the Fourth District of this City, that the debt of New-York is not less than **$200,000,000.** The assessed value of the real estate of the City and County of New-York for the year 1871, is $769,302,250, and that of personal property is $306,947,223, the total being $1,076,249,473. The debt of this City is, therefore, more than 18½ per cent. of the assessed valuation of its property, and 26 per cent. of the assessed valuation of the real estate which is the only part that can be counted on to pay the debt. Of this enormous burden, more than $163,000,000 or over four-fifths have been added since Jan. 1, 1869, under the administration of the Ring.

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As we supposed, the little scheme of the Democrats to carry Maine by stratagem has miscarried. The result is directly contrary to their wish or design. The State not only goes squarely Republican, but will, according to the returns received up to the time of writing, give a majority larger than last year, when a Congressional election was pending. Mr. KIMBALL, the Democratic candidate, is a very popular man, but his associations were too much for him. The people are sick of Democracy. Whether against the new departure, as in Kentucky, or for it, as in California; whether led by a sharper, as in California, or by a gentleman, as in Maine, the people are getting more and more weary of it, and the Republican vote, in spite of every effort to check it, is steadily growing, and will grow till it gains its full stature in the great election of next year.

### Heartless Robbery.

It is astonishing what unlooked for misfortunes happen in this world. We need not remind our readers that we have published a series of warrants which prove that immense sums were paid out by our respected rulers to INGERSOLL, GARVEY, KEYSER, and two or three other firms, for furniture supplied and work done to the new Court-house and other County buildings. A Committee of Citizens was appointed to inquire into these and other expenditures, and, very naturally, the members wanted to see the vouchers and other specifications of details of the transactions in question. These vouchers were to have been handed over to the Committee this morning. All was then to have been cleared up. Controller CONNOLLY and the Mayor were to have proved their innocence. The cruel charges which have been brought against them were to have been refuted. It was to have been shown that INGERSOLL really did supply furniture worth $5,663,648 83; that ANDREW J. GARVEY fairly earned $2,870,464 06 by plastering; that KEYSER did plumbing-work to the value of $1,231,817 76; that carpets were supplied by the respectable, but unknown, Mr. J. A. SMITH to the tune of $565,731 34. The Controller had the proofs of all this in his possession, and today they were to have been triumphantly submitted. On Saturday night Mr. CONNOLLY and Mr. HALL slept the sleep of innocence, knowing well that in the course of a few hours every stain on their characters would be wiped away.

But on Sunday they found that fate had another blow in reserve for them. Between 6 and 8 o'clock in the evening—they can fix the time to a nicety—some malignant wretch broke into the Controller's office, walked straight up to the wooden closets in which the priceless papers were deposited, having probably consulted with some seer as to their whereabouts, and—incredible to relate—walked off with thirteen bundles of them. The Controller has never been able to afford to buy safes in which to keep his valuable papers, J. MCBRIDE DAVIDSON having received only $404,347 72 for safes supplied during one year. This miserable sum did not allow of a safe being placed in the County Bureau. As the Mayor says, the City and County expenditures have been "economical to penury" (*sic*)—that accounts for the City debt being now two hundred million dollars. If the people will not allow their rulers enough money to furnish their offices properly, they must expect to lose valuable documents.

When HALL and CONNOLLY heard that these vouchers had been stolen they were almost heart-broken. They were not prepared for so strange a loss. The Controller's books and accounts are generally guarded by a score of janitors, and by an endless number of clerks. Perhaps Mr. CONNOLLY does not keep quite so many persons in his office as the New-York *Herald*, which employs sixty thousand reporters—that, we believe, was the number it stated the other day—but he thought he had enough to watch safely over his papers. Imagine, then, his grief and consternation when he found that they had been stolen from under his very nose. We should have thought that everybody would have sympathized with him. But instead of that, people burst into a loud laugh when the story got wind, and went about asking each other with a broad grin, "Have you heard of this robbery in the Controller's office?" Even the City Hall officials, instead of showing any proper feeling, went about saying, in the slang of the hour, that it was "too thin." Are their hearts made of stone?

We entreat Controller CONNOLLY and Mayor HALL to endure this visitation with fortitude. Although the vouchers are gone, INGERSOLL can surely produce his books, showing when and to whom he supplied his five millions' worth of furniture. It cannot be that a man in his large way of business has not kept books. But it is said that he has left the country—a particularly unfortunate coincidence, seeing that the vouchers of his transactions were so soon to be made away with. Even at the worst, however, HALL and CONNOLLY are better off than they were before. The vouchers would have supplied undeniable proofs of their guilt—in the absence of these the *Herald*, the *World*, and the other Ring papers can keep up a perpetual ding-dong about the "great robbery," under cover of which the brace of injured innocents may escape. CONNOLLY boasts that he can "face it out." Of course he can. A man who could do what he has done is not easily capsized. He can stand the abstraction of these papers if the people can. And HALL and CONNOLLY still retain unshaken faith in the gullibility of the dear public. They believe that this affair, from beginning to end, is a nine-days' wonder which will all blow over. Presently the "Citizens' Committee" will want to be poking its nose into the City accounts. They will ask for vouchers. Then there will be another secret *auto da fé*, another mysterious robbery, and the Controller and the Mayor will stand with their hands on their hearts, and tears pouring down their cheeks, assuring the public that they know nothing about it. The people will say, "Never mind; you are the victims of circumstances; we forgive you, and once more put our purses in your hands." The *Herald* will set its fifteen editorial writers (only one-fourth "Europeans") to prove that Mayor HALL is the most honest and incorruptible official that ever adorned any Government, ancient or modern. And so the little comedy will go on—*unless* the Four chief performers should perchance have miscalculated the extent and elasticity of the public patience. In that case there might be a sudden end to all their lies and trickery, and the real thieves—the only thieves, the thieves without conscience or mercy—may be swept away in a great and terrible storm of indignation. We shall see what will happen.

### The People vs. The Plunderers.

Judge BARNARD's injunction, restraining our Municipal robbers from squandering any more of the people's money and running the City still further into debt, came up for a hearing yesterday, when the Ring appeared, each by separate counsel, with O'GORMAN for the lot, and inundated the Court-room with a flood of exculpatory affidavits, which, from present appearances, will take two or three days to read. In these affidavits, cunningly drawn by shrewd lawyers, an attempt is made to befog the main question at issue, and to cover up, by a mass of legal verbiage and repeated references to chapter this and chapter that of the law of this or that year, the few plain facts which the injunction called upon them to answer.

They were simply required by Judge BARNARD's injunction to obey the laws of their own creation. They procured the passage of what is known as the Two per Cent. Tax Levy through the Legislature, under the pretense of economy, with the distinct understanding on the part of the tax-payers of this City, and so expressed in the act itself, that this tax of two per cent. was to cover all the expenses of the City and County Government. They now turn round and tell the people, in substance if not in words, that the Two per Cent. act was a fraud, and that it is nonsense to talk about carrying on the City Government with the paltry sum of twenty-three millions annually, raised by a two per cent. tax. Mr. FOLEY's complaint, on which the injunction was granted, quotes the provisions of the Two per Cent. act, and then goes on to show wherein it has been violated; that whereas the act requires them to confine the expenses of the Government to twenty-three millions, they have already issued bonds to the extent of thirty millions during the first six months of the year; that whereas the act requires them to pay the interest on the debt, and the portion of the principal falling due this year, out of the twenty-three millions, they have, in distinct violation of the law, issued consolidated bonds for the payment of this principal and interest, which bonds are to be added to the permanent debt of the City.

And how do they attempt to answer these charges? By admitting, as before stated, that the Two per Cent. act, for which, when it was pending before the Legislature, they got the indorsement of such men as PETER COOPER, was a fraud and a sham, and was intended to be so from the start. CONNOLLY, in his affidavit, talks about a "fair construction" of the law, and refers to other acts and parts of acts by which, "as he is advised," he had a right to violate its plain intent and meaning, and evade its entire scope and purpose. It may be that among the mass of fraudulent legislation that the Ring engineered through the last Legislature, or forged in the clerk's office, they may have so jumbled the laws that one act shall contradict or override another, and a third shall annul them both; but we trust that Judge BARNARD will give the laws such a construction as will accord with the plain intention of the Legislature, and not with the secret designs of the Ring.

With regard to the *Transcript*, the New-York Printing Company, the Stationery Company, and the *Leader*, to which they were enjoined from making any further payments, we have affidavits from the Ring officials denying any connection, whether of ownership or otherwise, with each and all of these jobbing concerns. This was to be expected, and the affidavits can pass for what they are worth; but those conversant with the facts will believe there has been "some tall swearing" around the City Hall, in this connection, since Friday last. Judge BARNARD will do well to examine a few witnesses orally on this subject. A little cross-questioning might develop the precise time when Ring proprietorship in these business firms ceased. The "Boss" hasn't had time to make his affidavit yet, except through his tool and dummy, CORNELIUS CORSON. Large bodies move slowly. Indeed, if we may believe his counsel, the "Boss" hasn't exactly ascertained yet what Mr. FOLEY's complaint is all about. He has heard something about an injunction, but the idea of his being enjoined from doing anything he pleases, even to killing a proprietor of the TIMES, passes his comprehension. As for our frisky and versatile Mayor, he favors the Court with two affidavits, both amounting to about the same thing, except that he calls one an "affidavit on motion," and the other an "answer of co-defendant, A. OAKEY HALL." He denies everything that inculpates A. OAKEY HALL, and pronounces it "scandalous." He also enters into a labored defense of all his Ring associates, and reiterates the substance of his editorials in the *Leader* for the last six weeks, which he informs the world were written without pay or reward, and solely "as a diversion from business."

One thing occurred during the reading of these windy affidavits that was pertinent to the issue and important to the public. Judge BARNARD asked that a statement of the debt of the City and County be furnished him, as it stood on the day he granted the injunction. If the Judge succeeds in getting a statement which shall be full, clear and intelligible, he will do what the people have not been able to do for the last three years. We hope Judge BARNARD will require the Controller to include in the statement the outstanding unpaid claims against the City, which he has hitherto carefully concealed. When these are furnished, the people will probably find that the actual debt of the City, as Mr. ROOSEVELT intimates in last week's *Citizen*, is nearer two hundred than one hundred millions.

### Clerical Honor.

The Episcopal Church in this country has been distinguished in former years by a sober steadfastness and calm conservatism. Whatever were the differences of opinion as to doctrine or discipline among its members, those differences rarely, if ever, reached a point at which it was necessary to invoke ecclesiastical discipline. Indeed, such was the placidity of that communion that, notwithstanding some heart-burnings between High-church and Low-church, it was regarded by the more zealous denominations as being quite as conducive to moral drowsiness as (according to envious enemies) the cushions of its church pews, and the sermons of its clergy, were to sound bodily slumber. But during the last ten or fifteen years the Episcopalians have changed all that. Some of them have gone so far in what is called Ritualism that it would puzzle an unsophisticated brother to tell whether he was in one of their churches, or in one under the patronage of the Scarlet Woman of Babylon; while, on the other hand, some have taken upon themselves to omit such parts of the Liturgy and to disobey such of the canons, as did not meet their approval. The result, of course, is confusion and conflicting interests, if not conflicting authority; and to outsiders an unhealable schism seems impending.

With the merits of the theological or even the ecclesiastical points of these disputes, we have nothing to do. Whether an Episcopal clergyman shall preach in a Presbyterian pulpit, or the rector of one parish shall officiate within the invisible bounds of another—whether children are regenerated in baptism and so forth—it is not for us even to discuss. But there is one point common to these disturbances on which we and all our readers are interested: It is whether men may violate the laws, and defy the discipline of a constituted body to which they have promised submission, and then, with honor, claim membership of that body and the enjoyment of its privileges. This point is well illustrated by the different courses taken by two presbyters of this Church, one in Chicago, the other in New-York. Rev. Mr. CHENEY, of Christ Church, in Chicago, has, in the course of ecclesiastical discipline, been deposed from the ministry of the Episcopal Church by a competent Court. Yet he has insisted upon officiating as usual in his church, and, being sustained by its wardens and vestrymen, he has utterly disregarded not only the sentence of the Court, but the monitions of the Bishop (WHITEHOUSE) of that diocese. On Sunday of this week, Bishop WHITEHOUSE visited Christ Church to administer confirmation. He was met in the vestry-room by the deposed presbyter in full canonicals, who held out his hand and saluted his bishop. The prelate's reply was, "I cannot recognize you in that dress," and learning from the wardens that he would be obliged to submit to the presence of Mr. CHENEY within the chancel, as a presbyter and as the rector of the parish, during the administration of the sacred rite, he read a protest, and, "yielding to force," retired.

In New-York a very different course was pursued on the same day by a clergyman of the same communion. Rev. Mr. GALLAGHER, of Emanuel Church, having become dissatisfied with certain parts of its Liturgy, and certain traits of its discipline, instead of assuming to administer his office as he pleased, and to do so notwithstanding the sentence of an ecclesiastical court, and the warnings of the Bishop of the diocese, addressed a letter to that prelate, asking a dissolution of his connection with the Church, and setting forth, in a perfectly respectful, yet bold and manly style, the reasons for his request. Mr. GALLAGHER will hereafter use the new Liturgy known as the Union Service Prayer Book, to the interesting differences between which, and the old Liturgy we may direct attention hereafter. But aside from all question as to the ecclesiastical points at issue in these and like cases, can there be a doubt as to which of the courses taken, that in Chicago or that in New-York, was correct? Strip these clergymen of their canonicals, and turn them into a secular association, or a club of gentlemen, and ask which of them pursued the right, the honorable course? Was it the man who, having assumed certain duties and responsibilities, and promised conformity to certain discipline, refused either to discharge the duties or to submit to the discipline? or he who, finding that he could not conscientiously continue to perform the office he had assumed, resigned that office respectfully and decidedly into the hands of his superior? To this question there seems to be but one answer consistent with common sense and justice; and it is because we see common sense and justice openly set at naught by those who would thereby seem to seek for themselves the crown of religious martyrdom, that we notice this matter. The Cheneys of the Church should be taught that they may preach and pray as they please, when they please, and where they please; but that if they profess to belong to any corporate body or voluntary association, ecclesiastical or other, they must conform to its rules and its discipline, or else resign their membership, cease their functions, and give up their privileges. So honest laymen do, and must it be the flock that teaches the shepherd?

### Aid and Comfort for Tammany.

The Twenty-second-street Committee have, at the instance of their venerable Chairman, resolved that they will accept and abide by the action of the approaching State Convention upon the question of organization in this City. If the Convention which meets on the 27th of this month, upholds the action of the State Committee, the Twenty-second-street organization is formally pledged to dissolve. And yet, on the same evening on which they gave this pledge, they ordered elections to be held for delegates to the several local Conventions. These Conventions the Committee call to meet on the 13th, 14th, and 19th of September, before the State Convention has acted, and the Tammany Republican organization proceeded last night to elect delegates to them. What is the object of, or excuse for, this? It looks very much as if their promise to abide by the action of the State Convention was not intended to be kept, or if kept, that a legacy of confusion was to be left behind. Their Chairman, in his inaugural address last January, told them that under no circumstances should he oppose the action of the State Committee if it should order a reorganization, and yet his Committee is today opposing the action of the State Committee, and anticipating that of the State Convention in a manner directly subserving the ends of Tammany. It is by this kind of work that the members of that Committee who are on the Tammany pay-roll earn their salaries.

### Suppressing an Inventor.

It might be supposed that a society existing for the express purpose of encouraging scientific progress would give speedy examination, if not active support, to inventions of importance, highly recommended, and promising to be of signal economic utility. From accounts that have lately reached us, it would appear that this is precisely what the British Association does *not* do, and that the retrogression rather than the advancement of science is what that well-known body chiefly aims at. A brief statement of the grounds that seem to warrant these singular presumptions ought fairly to accompany them.

Mr. H. HIGHTON is an electrician of celebrity, who, for years, has been industriously experimenting in his favorite science. It is understood that he now puts forth certain lofty claims. He considers, in a word, that his discoveries are among the most important that have been made since the time of VOLTA. Having, as he deems, perfected his improvements, or at least having gone so far as to be able to demonstrate their value, Mr. HIGHTON naturally desired to make them public, and to reap what might be the appropriate rewards. Being a member of the British Association, it occurred to him that a very good initiatory proceeding would be to read a paper on the subject before that society. He therefore wrote in due form to the Secretary, announcing his wish so to do. The official promptly answered that there would be no difficulty in arranging the matter. It soon appeared, however, that there would be a great deal of difficulty, and, in short, that Mr. HIGHTON would never be listened to at all. His papers were first forwarded to what is known as the "Physical Section." The "Physical Section" took the easiest and simplest course which it is possible on the receipt of any kind of documents to adopt. After waiting some time, the inventor wrote to the Secretaries of the Section inquiring whether his papers had been received. No difficulty was found in omitting to take the least notice of this communication, and finally Mr. HIGHTON wrote a letter of "strong remonstrance" to the Chairman of the Section, Prof. TAIT. That gentleman replied and appointed an interview. On this being held, it appeared that every thing had been done "regularly," but that the "whole Committee" of the Section—as distinguished from their Chairman, who took no part in the discussion—had come to an adverse decision.

A peculiar significance attaches to this from the fact that Prof. TAIT and Mr. HIGHTON had a rather sharp scientific controversy some time ago, and that the latter gentleman has expressed with some force and emphasis his convictions touching the untenability, not to say the absurdity, of his opponent's views. It appears that the Professor advocates the set of hypotheses terminating in what is known as "the dissipation of energy;" which means, among other fine things, that in time all motion whatever, whether of the planetary system, the winds, tides or streams, must absolutely cease, and all things pass into silence and complete extinction. Mr. HIGHTON strongly disapproves of this uncomfortable notion, and holds it to be unsustained by valid evidence. Hence, he complains, he is set down as a "scientific heretic," and hence his electrical discoveries could not be made known to the world through the proceedings of the British Association. His efforts to get his paper a hearing before the Chemical Section—although, to this end, he offered to give up the reading of another paper of less moment which he was already engaged to deliver before this department—were equally unsuccessful, and Mr. HIGHTON retired from the field.

The question of the probable weight, or value, of the inventions may naturally be raised. It throws light on this point to say that an American gentleman of large means and much knowledge of electrical subjects had already offered to introduce the inventions into the United States entirely at his own cost and risk, and to secure Mr. HIGHTON all attainable rights by suitable bonds. To this it may be added that the English Post-office is now actually using two batteries constructed on the new principle, and that the Prussian Government has signified its readiness to make trial of the same. The claim is that these batteries double or treble the power of ordinary ones, and do their work at nominal cost from the use of what are commonly waste materials. Such discoveries are, of course, important to the whole civilized world, and it certainly looks anything but creditable that a body like the British Association should refuse, to allow even a paper to be read before it on the subject. Mr. HIGHTON had better bring his discoveries over here. He will at least receive a fair hearing.

## MINOR TOPICS.

Some time ago we published the following letter, apparently written by Mr. W. B. ASTOR:

> 34 PINE-STREET, July 21.
>
> *Editors of the Times:*
>
> You are wrong in naming me as one of the Controller's Committee. It was my son, JOHN JACOB ASTOR. Please print this note in correction, and oblige. Yours, respectfully,
>
> WM. B. ASTOR.

After this we heard a rumor that Mr. W. B. ASTOR denied being the writer of this letter, and we accordingly placed the manuscript in the hands of one of Mr. ASTOR's friends. By this gentleman it was shown to Mr. ASTOR, and the latter now writes to us as follows:

> No. 85 PRINCE-STREET, Sept. 8, 1871.
>
> *To the Editors of the New-York Times:*
>
> GENTLEMEN: The following notice, published in your paper in July last, has just been shown me. [Mr. ASTOR here quotes the above letter.] I beg to state that the above is a forgery, and will feel obliged by your giving this statement the same publicity as given to the note purporting to have been written by me.
>
> Respectfully yours, WM. B. ASTOR.

We can only say that the forgery in question is the closest we have ever seen, and that even now, with the actual writing of Mr. ASTOR before us, and the fictitious letter, it is difficult to see any difference between the two. Moreover, Mr. ASTOR's friend writes to us to say: "Mr. ASTOR is not at all surprised that the letter looked genuine to you when he sees it." We have preserved the copies of the true and false letters.

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Controller CONNOLLY having had his vouchers stolen, the same thief may be induced to try and steal "Slippery DICK'S" reports. In case this is done, and to prevent any inconvenience to that honest official, we reproduce a summary of the amounts he has confessed to paying from the County Treasury within the last thirty-one months:

| | |
|---|---|
| Ingersoll & Co. | $5,644,716 70 |
| A. J. Garvey | 2,854,369 76 |
| Keyser & Co. | 1,231,817 76 |
| J. McB. Davidson | 404,248 72 |
| C. H. Jacobus | 59,729 68 |
| J. W. Smith | 59,940 15 |
| J. O'Brien | 7,500 00 |
| A. W. Lockwood | 22,317 00 |
| C. Lockwood | 12,872 30 |
| Ward & Stanton | 38,564 15 |
| Miscellaneous | 482,551 07 |
| Printing, stationery and advertising for 1869–70 | 2,641,828 30 |
| Total | $13,459,455 87 |

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The regular Republican General Committee last evening ordered primary meetings to be held on the evening of the 18th of September—next Monday—for the election of delegates to the State Convention which meets on the 27th. Unlike the Tammany Republican Committee, it did not call any Conventions for local nominations, deeming it more proper to await the action of the State Convention as to which General Committee may authoritatively call the local Conventions.

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It is a fact which the City authorities would do well to note, that the most definite suggestion of summary means of ridding the community of them has come from the slow-moving Germans. "That economical people," as Mr. ROOSEVELT said the other evening, "will not submit to have their houses mortgaged by the issue of municipal bonds, in order to give to corrupt men wealth and luxury." In harmony with which sentiment the *Volksblat*, a paper published in German in Cincinnati, remarks: "This movement inaugurated at Cooper Institute is the first *universal* attack by storm upon the Tammany stronghold. TWEED, HALL and CONNOLLY already feel the scaffold shake beneath their feet, and this time see, to their great astonishment, that the people can no longer be trifled with. Between these party tyrants and the tax-paying people the battle is for life and death; either these harpies and wholesale thieves must be cast down, or the citizens of New-York must be plunged into a financial abyss. It should not surprise us, therefore, if determined men in New-York, in their just indignation at this enormous plundering of the Tammanyites, should speak openly of a Vigilance Committee as a means of making short work with these political marauders.

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Toward the close of Mr. A. OAKEY HALL'S reply to the complaint before Judge BARNARD occurs this characteristic sentence:

> "And this defendant further avers that for causes not now pertinent to state, as he is advised by counsel, a necessity for large expenditures of money for improvements, has been by the extraordinary developments of the property of the City of New-York and care for its future, thrown upon the comprehension of one year, and impossible to be made as gradual as expenditures for improvements have been made in the past history of this City."

Mr. HALL need not have signed a document containing this sentence. Any notary public familiar with the Mayor's verbosity and confused ideas would have certified that it was his. The maxim he quoted the other day to an interviewer that "the lawyer who argues his own case has a fool for a client," seems to apply to a lawyer who draws his own papers.

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One of those mysterious accidents that seem providential occurred during the siege of Strasbourg, and its details have just been made public. At the time the bombardment was at its height, a shell tore through one of the beautiful painted windows, flew across the nave of the Cathedral, and, smashing in the organ pipes lodged in the organ itself. Had it burst, the destruction not only of the organ, but of a great part of the Cathedral must instantly have ensued. Strange to say—for these German messengers rarely failed to fulfill their errand—the shell remained embedded in the heart of the instrument without exploding. The missile has now been extracted, and is to be seen on the floor below, mounted on a marble pedestal which bears an inscription describing the date and occasion of the occurrence.

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A remarkable instance of rapid traveling is reported, which, while a few years ago it would have seemed incredible, will no doubt in a few years more be surpassed. On the afternoon of Aug. 2, a gentleman left San Francisco by the Pacific Railroad, and arrived in London before the expiration of seventeen days from the time of his departure. He reached New-York just in time to get on board a steamer bound to Liverpool, the steamer made a very quick passage, and the traveler left her promptly for an express train in the same hour that she arrived in the Mersey. If the improvements in steam-engines accomplish what is expected by some experts, the transit between San Francisco and London will be effected by 1880 pretty regularly within fifteen days.

## BINGHAMTON EXCITED.

### The Susquehanna Valley Home—Extraordinary Cruelty Toward the Children—An Investigation Ordered by the Citizens—Painful Facts Elicited.

From Our Own Correspondent.

BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Monday, Sept. 11, 1871.

Great excitement is being manifested here in consequence of discoveries touching the present management of the Susquehanna Valley Home, an institution in this city for orphan and friendless children. On Monday last a lady named ROGERS discovered a little boy about nine years of age near her residence in Oak-street, walking along, dragging after him a large block of wood, which was riveted to his neck, and fastened to a chain about four feet long. She recognized him as FREDERICK BARMAN, a child belonging to the Home, and a member of the Sabbath-school class at that institution, of which she is the teacher. Upon questioning him, he said that he had worn the block in that manner for four or five weeks, and not having been in his class for that time, his statement was evidently true. He said he had escaped from the Home on Sunday, and had slept in a barn. Mrs. ROGERS immediately took him with her, and reported his story to the officers of the city, and the boy was taken in charge by them. As soon as the news of the outrage became known in the city, the wildest excitement prevailed, and hundreds flocked to the jail, where the boy had been placed, to see the evidence of brutality practiced at the Home. The block that was fastened to the boy's neck was of oak, and weighed sixteen pounds. It was necessary to file off the iron collar before he could be released. The back of his neck was worn raw by the hard metal. A public demand was made for investigation into the affair, and the Board of Managers appointed a committee of leading citizens, who are now making a secret investigation. What the result of their deliberations will be is not yet known. Mr. J. P. NOYES, one of the Committee, having made a public statement virtually sustaining the outrage upon the boy, has been compelled to resign from the Committee. He says that he believes the BARMAN boy is a very bad boy, and that as corporal punishment is forbidden in the institution, mild means of punishment have failed to produce any effect upon him; and he thinks that he could not himself have thought of any means of restraint so effectual as this log-punishment, introduced by Rev. Mr. VAN EPPS, Superintendent of the Home. This statement has raised a general cry of indignation about the ears of Mr. NOYES.

The Susquehanna Valley Home was established a few years ago, and, up to the management of Mr. VAN EPPS, as Superintendent, has indeed been a home to many friendless and outcast children. The Home is supported by liberal grants from the State, by donations from private sources, and by appropriations from various counties. VAN EPPS was installed as Superintendent about two years ago. He is, I believe, a Massachusetts man, and he is absent in Boston now, but expected here to-night. At an interview with several women who have worked at the Home during his administration, and who have children there, I have been furnished with statements almost too horrible to believe, in regard to VAN EPPS' treatment of the children in his charge. A Mrs. PARKS had two children at the Home, and a few months since learned, indirectly—as children are not allowed to see their parents alone, and then only once a month—that her children were treated very harshly. She made application to have them returned to her care. This was several times refused, but she finally succeeded in obtaining possession of her little girl, aged six years. The other child, a boy nine years old, remained at the Home. On the Fourth of July last Mrs. PARKS stole him from a procession of the children of the Home and took him to her house, where he has since remained. He said he had been punished for trifling things by being stripped entirely naked and then having cold water dashed over him for a long time in a dark cellar. He related several instances of cruelty to other children.

Mrs. BUCKNUM, a widow, supporting herself by washing, has now two children at the Home. She herself worked there a few weeks under VAN EPPS, and makes the following statements as to what she knows to be facts in regard to affairs at that institution: Before VAN EPPS took charge, she says, the children were treated very kindly, and the place was indeed a home. When he came things were all changed. He introduced most extraordinary modes of punishment, all of them brutal in the extreme. She has seen little boys and girls taken and stripped of all their clothing, placed in the cellar, and then showered with water cold from the well for several minutes at a time until the little things were almost dead. VAN EPPS has, for the slightest offenses, ordered the shoes and stockings off of children in the Winter, and forced them to walk in the snow for an hour at a time. He inflicted this horrible treatment upon a boy who had just recovered from a severe illness. Mrs. BUCKNUM has seen a little boy forced to hold a heavy chain upon his head a long time, and all for trivial offenses. She says VAN EPPS' theory is that the children at the Home being paupers they must be treated as such, and not be permitted to think that they are as good as children who do not live by charity. The building has been so cold in the Winter that several children have had their toes frozen, and the fare is not sufficient in quantity. VAN EPPS' course has been brutal from the beginning, and slight punishments, such as boxing and knocking the children about for nothing at all, was looked upon as a matter of course. This woman has tried several times to obtain her children, but has always been refused—the President of the institution, even, not giving his consent, after hearing her statements.

It is believed by many here that the Board of Management have been aware of the condition of things at the Home, and the feeling against them is very bitter. It is also thought that the investigation is being secretly made at the request of the Board, and that it is trying to obtain a whitewashed report. The people are determined to sift the matter to the bottom, and if the Committee fails, in their opinion, to do its duty, the matter will be taken in hand by them and the whole truth obtained. Beside the regular Board of Management, there is an Assistant Board composed of ladies. This Board has also appointed a committee of ten ladies to investigate the mode of discipline at the Home, the diet allowed the inmates, and to make a thorough search of the institution from cellar to dormitory.

VAN EPPS is expected home to-night. Many think that he will not return. If he does return he will be at once arrested by order of the city authorities.

### A Noble Act.

Several merchants of South-street have called the attention of the American Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals to the humanity shown by a dock laborer, named JOHN HUSSEY. HUSSEY already wears a gold medal for saving twelve persons from drowning within the past few years. The medal was given him by the merchants of South-street. On Saturday last he plunged into the East River, off Pier No. 47, and fastened some ropes round the body of a drowning horse, and thereby saved the animal's life. Among the merchants who subscribed for the medal were Messrs. MILLER & CONGER and Messrs. GRIGG, of South-street, who witnessed the brave act of HUSSEY on Saturday last.

# POLITICAL.

## Complete Success of the Republicans in Maine.

## Handsome Majorities for Perham in Every County.

## Great Rejoicing All Over the State at the Victory.

## Perham's Majority Estimated at Over Six Thousand.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.—Portland, the home of the Democratic candidate for Governor, CHARLES P. KIMBALL, gives a handsome Republican majority in spite of all efforts of the Democracy to carry it. The vote of the city stands 4,125; PERHAM, Republican, 2,192; KIMBALL, Democrat, 1,914; scattering, 19; Republican majority, 259, and counting scattering, which are probably Republicans, 278 majority. The vote here last year was 3,906—Republican, 2,159; Democrat and scattering, $1,747; Republican majority, 412. The vote here is larger than last year. The entire number of polls in the city is 8,000. The five Representatives to the Legislature from this city are Republican. The Republican column is unbroken. The Democratic brag of carrying Portland has exploded; Maine has achieved another glorious Republican victory, in spite of great exertions of the Democracy of the State, aided by Tammany. The latest estimates, (10:25 P. M.) 127 towns and cities give PERHAM 28,907, and KIMBALL 22,405; net gain for PERHAM, 1,728. Republicans gain largely in Penobscot, Androscoggin, Oxford, and make some gains in Franklin, Oxford and Lincoln. The Democrats make small gains in Knox, Waldo, Cumberland, and Washington Counties. The Republicans have probably carried Lincoln County at "a gain," losing Washington County. The Republicans lose one Senator in York County. Cumberland County will probably have in the House as Representatives twelve Republicans and eight Democrats.

Col. FREDERICK ROBIE, acting Chairman of the Republican State Committee, who estimated the Republican majority at 8,000, concludes that it now exceeds that figure, and may reach 10,000, provided the gains continue in the same ratio. The Legislature will probably be about the same as last year. The House was then 113 Republicans and 38 Democrats. The Republicans gain three Representatives in Portland, three in Lewiston, three in Bangor, but lose a few in the back towns on account of local dissensions.

Maine sends greeting to California, and encouragement to the West and Massachusetts.

### Great Republican Gains—Returns from Towns and Counties—Perham Elected by a Handsome Majority.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.—Portland gives Perham, Republican, 2,174; Kimball, Democrat, 1,885; scattering, 12; Republican majority, 271, against 411 majority last year. Kimball belongs in Portland, and is very popular.

*Eight o'clock.*—Nine towns give Persham 5,445; Kimball, 5,059; Republican majority, 386. Last year the same towns gave Perham 5,034, and Roberts 5,338; Democratic majority, 304. This includes Bangor, where the Republican gain is very large, the Democratic candidate last year being resident there. Lewiston gives Perham 1,296, Kimball, 958 Last year the Democrats had 79 majority. Auburn casts 806 votes for Perham, 501 for Kimball. Last year the Republican majority was 102. Republican Representatives are elected in both places.

LEWISTON, 8½ P. M.—Androscoggin County goes Republican by about 1,200 majority, against 400 last year.

Hampden—Perham, 261; Kimball, 278. Republic gain, 86.

Orono—Perham, 269; Kimball, 125. Republican gain, 49.

Bucksport—Perham, 294; Kimball, 222. Republican gain, 8.

Winterport—Perham, 315; Kimball, 156. Republican gain, 85.

Camden—Perham, 359; Kimball, 414. Republican loss, 71.

Rockland—Perham, 530; Kimball, 591. Republican loss, 209.

Bristol—Perham, 189; Kimball, 226. Republican loss, 46.

Paris—Perham, 289; Kimball, 230. Republican gain, 66.

Norway—Perham, 255; Kimball, 197. Republican loss, 23.

Belfast—Perham, 445; Kimball, 405. Republican loss, 35.

Poland—Perham, 315; Kimball, 172. Republican gain, 87.

Winthrop—Perham, 308; Kimball, 137. Republican gain, 59.

Kittery, Perham, 318; Kimball, 200. Republican loss, 167.

Freeport, Perham, 256; Kimball, 153. Republican gain, 30.

Windham, Perham, 260; Kimball, 189. Republican loss, 30.

Biddeford, Perham, —; Kimball, 238 majority. Republican loss, 40.

Scarboro, Perham, 89; Kimball, 231. Republican loss, 53.

Gorham, Perham, 375; Kimball, 253. Republican loss, 44.

Portland, Perham, 2,192; Kimball, 1,914; scattering, 19. Republican loss, 157.

Falmouth, Perham, 164; Kimball, 172; scattering, 1. Republican loss, 9.

Ellsworth, Perham, 484; Kimball, 425. Republican loss, 2.

Bangor, Perham, 1,456; Kimball, 1,119. Republican gain, 938.

Cape Elizabeth, Perham, 253; Kimball, 282. Republican loss, 50.

AUGUSTA, Me., Sept. 11.—The Republicans held an immense meeting this evening to rejoice over their victory in the State, and especially their remarkable triumph in this city. Granite Hall, the largest in the city, was packed, and the reception of Speaker BLAINE was especially enthusiastic. When he took the stand to speak a few words of thanks and congratulations, the cheers were deafening and prolonged.

The Republican majority in this city is nearly three times as great as it ever was before on so full a vote.

BANGOR, Me., Sept. 11.—Only about a two-thirds vote was polled here today, the election being remarkably quiet. Gov. PERHAM had 1,466, against 1,119 for KIMBALL; Republican gain, 937. The Republicans elect representatives and county officers by about the same majority as the Governor's. Democratic representatives were chosen last year.

### Eighteenth Ward German-American Citizens' Club.

The Eighteenth Ward German-American Citizens' Club, formed a few months since to agitate for a reform in the management of our Municipal affairs and to insure a thorough investigation of the corruption prevailing in the public departments, gave, last night, a dancing soiree at its head-quarters at Reich's Hall, No. 235 Avenue A. The affair, which was well patronized, was organized to create a fund in the furtherance of the objects of the Club. The following is the platform of the organization: To effect an agitation having for its object the election of able and honest men to public offices; to abolish all offices, the incumbents of which have nothing else to do but to preserve a corrupt party machinery; to impress each member with the duty of keeping a constant watch on men in office, and reporting their delinquencies.

The expenses of the organization are to be defrayed by its members, and no candidate is to be taxed for such purpose. It is made the duty of each member to take an active part in the campaign and to induce his fellow-citizens to do the same.

## THE TAMMANY REPUBLICANS.

### Who They Are and What Offices They Hold.

The *Tribune* "utterly denies" our statement that "no less than fifty of" the "one hundred and fifty-nine members of" the Twenty-second-street Committee "are today holding offices under Tammany, from which (with three exceptions) they can be instantaneously removed, or are receiving for themselves or their immediate relatives the drippings of Tammany." It demands their names. Since the publication of our former lists we have received a mass of information which we have been engaged in investigating. We have satisfied ourselves that as to some names we were misinformed, while as to others we are still in doubt. We have not completed our examination, but as the *Tribune* seems anxious for the names, we publish our list below, omitting the doubtful names. No name is included which we have not good reason to believe should be there. Where any one has heretofore denied our statement we have either omitted his name, or if we have included it, have, while giving him the benefit of his denial, stated our reasons for still including his name in our list.

It is right to say that in ascertaining who are delegates to the General Committee and officers of the Associations, we have taken the list published by the *Tribune* at the beginning of the year, and have corrected it by the official statement published by the General Committee, making such changes as have to our knowledge since occurred. If the list is not now correct in that respect, it is because since we called attention to the subject some persons may have been changed. As to the precise positions held under Tammany it is very difficult to get information. Certain persons go to Police Head-quarters every month to get their pay. Upon what pay-roll they are borne our rulers do not permit us to know positively. It may be that under the combined influence of our exposures and of the recent injunction, some of the persons named have ceased to hold places. We therefore ask that if any of them are disposed to favor us with a denial they will make it in broad terms, to the effect that they do not now, and have not since January, held any position under any department or office of the City or State Government, or received any emolument for work done or work not done, from either, and further, that they have not been interested in contracts under either City or State, and have not received money from or through TWEED, SWEENY, CONNOLLY, HALL or SMITH. The essence of our charge is that these men and others derive some pecuniary benefit from the Democratic Party, and therefore are exposed to the suspicion of being influenced by self-interest. Our knowledge of the Controller's pay-rolls suggests to us to add that no denial had better be made unless it is strictly true.

If an attempt is made to meet our exposure by the statement that though these men hold the positions named, they do not hold them at the will of Tammany Hall, we ask that the particular men and offices be named as to whom our allegations in this respect are denied. We assert that every person in every subordinate department of the City Government, except the immediate members of the Police force, can be removed at the pleasure of Tammany Hall, while the Police and Fire Commissioners can be suspended by OAKEY HALL. The only men on our list who cannot be removed are HENRY SMITH and JAMES GALWAY, and they can be suspended.

The list below contains the names of fifty-seven delegates, fifty of whom are named positively, and seven with explanations. It also contains the names of thirteen Presidents of associations, eleven Vice-Presidents, ten Secretaries and four Treasurers.

Perhaps the Republican Party of the State proposes to be represented in the City of New-York by an organization represented by such men. We do not, however, believe that any reference to the past record of any man or paper, to his position in 1856 or 1866, is going to hoodwink the Republicans of the State. The question is, Are any men who aspire to be leaders in the Republican Party *now* under the influence of Tammany, receiving its money and affiliating with its leaders? Is any organization claiming to be Republican composed of such men, though it may set up honest men, of undoubted fidelity to the party as its figure-heads?

*First Assembly District.*—President, Henry Smith, Police Commissioner, denounced by *Tribune*, May 20, 1870, as the ally of Tammany, and by same paper, April, 1870, as "working in the interest" and "earning the wages" of Tammany. Vice-President, William Buckley, Court officer. Treasurer, Joseph Coster, Health Board. Secretary, John E. McCarty, Charities and Correction. Delegates—Henry Smith, Police Commissioner, and "spy" and "ally" of Tammany; Amos Storkey, Health Board, and auctioneer to Police Department. James Lee, delegate, denies verbally that he "holds any office or draws any money from City Government." We feel sure there is a quibble somewhere. He is, and always has been, the devoted henchman of Police Commissioner Smith, and resigned a position in the Custom-house for that reason. Andrew W. Leggett, Vice-President and Delegate, is said to hold a place, but we hope it is not true. The names of fifty-three members of the Association who were holding places under Tammany were furnished to the State Committee last Fall.

*Second Assembly District.*—President, Mark Lonergan, Health Board. Avowed he had to vote so as to get and keep a place. Denounced by *Tribune* within a year. Vice-President, Patrick Golden, Charities and Correction. Delegate Gilbert Lowe, Charities and Correction. The *Tribune* of October last published a detailed statement, which was never contradicted, showing how Lonergan and Lowe, above named, tried to induce a Mr. Stewart to enter into a bargain with Tammany, and for that purpose repeatedly tried to persuade him to have an interview with Henry Smith.

*Third Assembly District.*—Secretary, James C. White, Public Works. The President, Thomas Mulligan, denies that he ever "performed any labor or received any pay therefor from any person or persons, either directly or indirectly connected with any of the City or County Departments." We feel sure Mr. Mulligan gets pay from Tammany in some way. Phil. Herlish and Louis Herlish, prominent members of the Association, are City Marshal and Police Clerk respectively. On the other hand, both of the Vice-Presidents belong to the new Republican organization.

*Fourth Assembly District.*—Delegates, Geo. McGrann, Public Works. James McLoren, President and Delegate, says: "I never held any position under Tammany." Nevertheless, unless we are greatly misinformed he is Tester of Oils or something of that character under the Fire-Marshal, who is appointed by Tammany.

*Fifth Assembly District.*—President, William C. Hanna, Superintendent of Jefferson Market Court-house, $6,000 a year; Secretary, William T. Nash, brother at Health Board. Delegates—Edward Laurence, Charities and Correction; Samuel Nash, Health Board; John M. Myers, father-in-law to Hanna, the President; Andrew Bleakley, his son Clerk of Civil Court. Thomas W. Lowe is also believed to have a place.

*Sixth Assembly District.*—President, James McCarten, has lived for three years past in Kings County. Secretary, Charles H. Spencer, Department of Docks. Hugh Nesbitt, a delegate, denies that he holds any office whatever. If he don't get Tammany's pay, he don't get what he earns.

*Seventh Assembly District.*—Vice-President, Joseph Forbes, Health Board.

*Eighth Assembly District.*—Secretary, William Allen, Clerk to Engineer Fire Department. Delegates—David Miller, Deputy Tax Commissioner and member of Americus Club; Benj. L. Shaffer, elected School Officer on Tammany ticket; William Allen, Clerk to Engineer Fire Department.

*Ninth Assembly District.*—President, Wm. H. Merrill, Jr., Controller's Office. Delegates—J. Solis Ritterband, Counsel to Tax Commissioners, $10,000 a year; John M. Costa, Court Clerk; Wm. E. Noble, Public Works; James Galway, Fire Commissioner; J. E. McNarry, Police Head-quarters. Executive Committee—Humphrey Ayres, Public Works; Robert Beattie, John Fulton, Gilbert G. Orr, Oscar Shay, Jacob Van Orden, Nathan E. Whitehead, Fire Department.

*Tenth Assembly District.*—President, Martin B. Brown, printer and stationer to Tax Commissioners; between June 5, 1869, and May 31, 1871, received as such $22,607 33. Described by *Tribune* as "in Tammany interest." Vice-President, Henry Hauser, Bell Ringer Fire Department; Recording Secretary, Wm. H. Burrill, Public Works; Corresponding Secretary, Charles J. Jewell. Police Delegates—Stephen H. Knapp, carpenter to Tammany. Described by *Tribune* as "in Tammany interest." Eli Taylor, Public Works; Harvey H. Woods, appointed School Inspector by Oakey Hall.

*Eleventh Assembly District.*—Secretary, Eugene Sollgat, Police telegrapher, appointed last Fall in consideration of his vote in General Committee, at a time when, by his own public admission, he had never touched an instrument; Treasurer, John S. Gilmore, Tax Office. Delegates—Benjamin F. Manierre, Police Commissioner, recently changed, and Dr. Freleigh, Police Surgeon, elected in his place; James L. Hastie, printer to Health Board—its reports show he has a fat place—said, also, to share in salary of Counsel to Tax Commissioner; Cummings H. Tucker, Superintendent of new Court-house during its entire construction till recently; received as such $24,427 34 in a single year. James Britt, Police Head-quarters.

*Twelfth Assembly District.*—President, John Duke, contractor under Board of Education; claims he gets contracts as lowest bidder. Delegates—James McCarthy, Health Board; Victor Heinberger, City Marshal; John Gay, contractor under Tammany; Wm. Burns, Chairman of Executive Committee, veterinary surgeon to Fire Department; salary received from $2,500 to $4,500 for services to Tammany, especially to County Clerk Loew. Executive Committee—Wm. Mitchell, Fire Department; Thomas Judge, Fire Department; Alexander Williams, Sergeant of Police; Wm. Campbell, Department of Deeds.

*Thirteenth Assembly District.*—President, Geo. M. Mitchell, school-teacher; promised promotion. Vice-President, C. Goleman, Health Board. Delegates—Geo. H. McKay, Board of Works; James Cowie is said to have a place; "Bob" Murray is said to be an officer of the Association, but his name does not appear on published list. As to him see *Tribune* of October, 1870.

*Fourteenth Assembly District.*—President, Benjamin A. Gicquel, engineer Fire Department; Vice-President, Benjamin Merritt, Health Board. Delegates—Fred. C. Wagner, deputy Tax Commissioner; Benjamin A. Gicquel, engineer Fire Department.

*Fifteenth Assembly District.*—Delegates—Edmund C. Lees, Police Telegrapher; Wm. Neeley, Court Clerk; James T. Cowenhoven, Charities and Correction; Isaac J. Oliver, son a Court Clerk—probably has a place or patronage himself; Joseph B. Pollock, President and Delegate, is said to have a place; Geo. W. Da Cunha and Leonard W. Johnson, said to have fat contracts under Tammany.

*Sixteenth Assembly District.*—President, Wm. Atkinson, Police Head-quarters; Vice-President, Edward Dubois, Board of Health—his vote in General Committee bought by it; Treasurer, Henry Beeny, Health Board; Wm. E. Jones, delegate, also had one till recently, if he has not now.

*Seventeenth Assembly District.*—Vice-President, S. Waterman, Police Surgeon; Treasurer, E. L. Bullock, Health Board; Delegates, Charles Wilmot, Police Head-quarters—has a son under Tammany; Benjamin Firth, brother promoted to be Sergeant of Police; Morris Ellinger, corporation advertising—said by *Tribune* to have been nominated for Congress last year under Tammany influence; Alfred Lancaster, son and son-in-law under Tammany; T. Merchant, Secretary of Executive Committee, Public Works; Ira A. Allen, Chairman of Executive Committee, supplies lumber to new Court-house; had bill $42,009 57 paid Jan. 14, 1871—would buy at retail 1,680,000 feet spruce timber, or enough for three Court-houses, even if iron beams were not in; W. M. Frese, member of Executive Committee, bell ringer.

*Eighteenth Assembly District.*—President, Geo. H. Van Cleft, City Surveyor, also Public Works; Vice-President, George F. Coachman, Health Board. Delegate and Secretary General Committee, George F. Coachman, Health Board; Rufus F. Andrews, Tammany receiver and referee, denounced by *Tribune*; George H. Van Cleft, City Surveyor; James Ingram, Health Board, received $6,000 in one tax levy; Inspector, George C. Ellison, Public Works. Thomas B. Asten, Assessor, $10,000 a year, and W. T. Black, Surveyor to Tax Commissioners, $7,500 a year, are members of the Association, but we are not certain that they are officers, as our list is incomplete.

*Nineteenth Assembly District.*—Delegate, Jotham Wilson, Charities and Correction.

*Twentieth Assembly District.*—President, John W. Oliver, Court Clerk; Vice-President, Joseph Swineston, Charities and Correction; Secretary, James P. Walker, Court officer; Treasurer, J. Lewis, Board of Health; Delegates, George B. Van Brunt, Court Clerk and member of Americus Club; George A. Lambrecht, Police Head-quarters; Simon Hazleton, Deputy Tax Commissioner; J. E. Flogler, Charities and Correction; Executive Committee—Jno. J. Farrell, Attorney to Unsafe Building Department, denounced by *Tribune*, August, 1871; J. S. Fisher, Foreman Fire Department; J. Hassel, Police; M. O. Hallenbeck, Police Clerk; H. C. Perley, Department of Docks; F. S. Snowdon, Police; E. B. Gurney, Charities and Correction; F. A. Thomas, Police Surgeon; S. J. Lewis, Charities and Correction.

*Twenty-first Assembly District.*—President, Wm. H. De Camp, Clerk to Fire Marshal; Vice-President, Elbert Robertson, Inspector of Oils, Fire Department; Secretary, John Norton, Bookkeeper to Health Board. Delegates—Robert C. Brown, Contractor for Pipes with Tammany; Frank Raymond, Public Works; A. Brown, Jr., Health Board.

*In the Twenty-first District* the following persons, among other members of the Association, hold places under Tammany, as we are informed:

Henry J. Armstrong, George Armstrong, Robert C. Brown, Abraham Brown, Jr., George W. Barrett, Wm. Banhem, Jr., Charles H. Cooper, John Cooper, Charles L. Chapin, Hiram Dilks, Morris De Camp, Wm. H. De Camp, D. R. De Forest, Joshua B. Devoe, J. R. Farrington, Michael Fell, David Goll, John H. Hink, William Healey, Wm. T. Mawley, Wm. Milnor, John Norton, John B. Odell, B. L. Phillips, Robert Postill, Frank Raymond, C. H. Riley, Walter L. Thompson, J. O. Totten, Peter Felter, Jr.

Of 595 names on this roll, as published early in 1870, 165 have joined the new Republican Association, 113 are Democrats, and 30 hold places under Tammany.

### Senator Norton Welcomed Home—Tammany Defended.

The "Thunderbolt Association," a newly-organized Democratic Club in the Fifth Senatorial District, met last night to present an engrossed address, in the usual complimentary strain, to Senator NORTON, upon the occasion of his return from abroad. Hon. E. B. SCHNAEBEL, the principal orator of the evening, in his speech defended Tammany Hall, and berated the meeting of citizens at the Cooper Union. NORTON, he said, introduced the new departure into Democracy before VALLANDIGHAM even dreamed of it. His speech otherwise was a denunciation of the Republican Party, and was of a character well-calculated to inflame the minds of the rough-looking assemblage of about two hundred persons in the rear hall of the drinking-saloon, No. 71 Eighth-avenue. Hon. WM. G. BERGAN spoke next. Senator NORTON was not present to receive the address.

## THE TAMMANY REPUBLICANS.

### Primary Meetings Last Evening—Delegates Chosen to the State, County, Senatorial and Assembly Conventions.

In accordance with the call of the Tammany Republican General Committee, primary elections were held last evening in the various Assembly districts, and delegates elected to the State, County, Senatorial and Assembly Conventions.

The following is a list of the delegates elected.

FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention.—Delegates, Andrew W. Leggat, Moses H. Grennell; Alternates, James Lee, Samuel N. Le Comte. County Convention.—Amos Stookey, James Jones, John P. Fraser, David L. Robins, William Buckley. Senatorial Convention.—Wm. H. Bailey, Fred. H. Schenck, John S. Richmond, Michael V. Donoghue, John Updycke.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention.—Delegates, Gen. Frederick T. Locke, Michael Hayes; Alternates, Dennis C. Sullivan, John White. County Convention.—Gilbert Lowe, Patrick Golden, Dennis McLaughlin. Senatorial Convention.—Daniel Moore, Peter Flanigan, John Heaney.

THIRD ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention.—Delegates, John Fitch, Thomas Mulligan; Alternates, Charles Bathman, A. P. DeVournsey. County Convention—James C. White, Philip E. Herrlich, Edward A. Ball. Senatorial Convention—Eugene Rielly, Thomas Fitschie, George Gilbert.

FOURTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, James McLaren, Wm. H. McKinney. Alternates, Henry Bausher, Thomas Brown. County Convention—Daniel Morrison, Joseph White, Henry Bausher, James H. Boyle, Michael Quinn. Senatorial Convention—Samuel T. McKinney, Edward Carroll, Joseph P. Jardine, Thomas Donalds, James Van Ranst.

FIFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Andrew Bleakley, Sr., Thomas W. Love, David Walker. Alternates, Samuel Nash, Edward Lawrence, John Taylor. County Convention—U. B. Mountfort, Richard Holloway, Ferdinand Frey, Cor. Denton, John A. Dougan, William T. Nash, Henry Crump, Charles Lindemann. Senatorial Convention—William C. Hanna, H. B. Matthews, James P. Bell, John H. Jacobus, Thomas Polhamus, James Lee, John M. Myers, John A. Ruffner.

SIXTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Hugh Nesbitt James M. McCartin. Alternates, Henry S. Jennings, Francis Snyder. County Convention.—John H. Dusenberry, Nathaniel Verhoff, Wm. Sophers, Abram Kennedy, Robert Carson, Chas. H. Spencer. Senatorial Convention.—Charles Carrick, John Conners, August F. Becker, Geo. W. Gaylor, Frank Freeland, James S. Stoddard.

SEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Lloyd Aspinwall, Horatio N. Twombly, Thomas E. Stewart. Alternates—William Hepburn, Joseph W. Howe, Chas. T. Polhamus. County Convention—William P. Richardson, Nelson H. Turpin, J. Wilson Green, Thomas L. Thornell, Wm. Q. Riddle, Julien T. Davies, Henry Franz, John S. Ellison, Salem T. Russell, Edward S. Vanderpool. Senatorial Convention—T. Herring Burchard, Dyer Brainard, William Stevenson, William Campbell, Aaron L. Northrup, Edward Ward, John Riley, Edward L. Smith, John Barron, Gerardus P. Hiltman.

EIGHTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Benj. F. Mudgett, Robt. W. De Grushe, Amasa Higgins. Alternates, Wm. Wetterau, Joseph Bagot, Wm. C. Dewey. County Convention—Robert Roddy, George Donaldson, Benjamin F. De Grushe, Dr. S. V. Pilgrim, Alfred Booth, Frederick Davis, Christian Ohm, F. C. Mergenthaler, George W. Spencer, Henry Rogers. Senatorial Convention—David Miller, Wm. Stevens, Valentine Schmidt, Garrett Van Nostrand, Wm. H. Patterson, Wm. H. Hatherly, John C. Vanbrunt, Nicholas Jones, Lewis Hoffman, Samuel Field.

NINTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention Delegates—Sinclair Toucey, Jacob D. Ackerman, George B. Lanton, Jacob B. Riley. Alternates, William Alfred Gedney, D. A. Anderson, Elwood B. Mingay, Franklin B. Miller. County Convention—J. Solis Ritterband, Wm. H. Merrill, Jr., Thos. H. Coppens, Jr., A. D. Cooper, Lewis E. Harker, Wm. C. Carpenter, Henry Kirstein, Wm. E. Noble, Floyd Kane, Sandford L. McCombs, Hiram Burdett, Samuel S. Palmer, A. S. Cholwell. Senatorial Convention—John M. Costa, And. J. Conkling, Edgar Sharp, A. S. Rosenbaum, James Clancy, Chas. G. Carpenter, Geo. E. Keyser, Chas. J. Rose, James E. McVenny, Richd. M. James, Joseph R. Sherwood, James H. Townsend, Jr.

TENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Col. Benjamin A. Willis, Wm. T. Ashman, Stephen H. Knapp. Alternates, Washington Van Wyck, Oscar S. Holley, John Germon. County Convention—Washington Van Wyck, Oscar S. Holley, Thos. L. Van Tassell, Hayward B. Swighnor, Peter Mundorff, Edward M. Thomas, Stephen Ossmann, Peter Bosle. Senatorial Convention—Stephen H. Knapp, Henry S. Wallace, Wm. H. Burrell, Thos. Bour, Wm. Fisher, Isaac Carstang, George Brown, Wm. Little.

ELEVENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Horace Greeley, Marshall O. Roberts, Daniel D. Connover. Alternates, John V. Gridley, W. H. Mountfort, Seymour A. Bunce. County Convention—John Stosson, Freeman J. Fithian, James L. Hastie, John T. Connover, James Britt, Martin Freleigh, Edward Madden, Samuel C. Read, Theron R. Butler, A. M. Coffin, Wm. P. Adams, Samuel Wilson. Senatorial Convention—John Bennett, Sol. Bandman, John S. Gilmore, Henry R. Chapman, W. Peterkin, Henry Tompkins, Alex. Murray, S. Conant Foster, James Larkin, Henry Cornell, Henry Clem, Harvey Green.

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Dr. Samuel Cregar, John Duke; Alternates, Hamilton Wade, Henry Schumacher. County Convention—Thomas Hays, Paul Snitzler, William Campbell, Peter Rafferty, Joseph Hazell, Aaron Hoexter. Sixth Senatorial Convention—John Guy, Henry Cargill, Francis McShane, Daniel McCarthy, Leopold Garde, James How.

THIRTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Henry Snell, G. H. Mackay, James M. Cowe. Alternates, Chas. C. Backus, Jas. M. Edgar, James Condie. County Convention—J. W. Hogencamp, W. J. Geary, Wm. Jackson, Isaac Dayton, Samuel J. Clark, John H. Pulis, R. H. Roberts, W. H. Reed, Jr., John T. Philips, Joseph Burns. Senatorial Convention—M. Comstock, James Boiles, Stephen M. Fisk, J. H. McNeill, W. A. Harris, Chas. A. Clark, Thos. D. Spear, John N. Koste, Herman Stall, J. C. Springsteed.

FOURTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, John Cochrane, John K. Porter. Alternates, Iverson W. Knapp, Conrad F. Schurz. County Convention—F. C. Wagner, John J. Schlaeffer, Peter Cooke, Benj. Merritt, Benjamin A. Gicquel. Senatorial Convention—Benjamin A. Gicquel, Benjamin Merritt, Patrick C. Casey, J. Walton Smith, Dr. John J. Kearney.

FIFTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, George W. De Cunna, Lemuel Bangs, Matthew Wilson. Alternates, D. C. B. Dudley, John Brewer, Austin A. Fuller. County Convention—John Goller, J. T. Couenhoven, Wm. Neely, Ralph P. Barker, Alonzo S. Evans, Leonard W. Johnson, Geo. Harrington, John Dunsenbury. Senatorial Convention—Jos. B. Pollock, Isaac J. Oliver, E. C. Lee, Dugald Stewart, James H. Finch, E. J. Ryder, Andrew Tracy, Angus McDonald.

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Whitelaw Reid, John Falconer, Cephas Branierd. Alternates, James Black, Charles P. Kirkland, Joseph Seligman. Senatorial Convention—William Atkinson, Henry Beeny, Henry Wilson, Jesse Fonda, Thomas Murray, Simon Cummings, Oliver B. Hooker, Edward Dubois. County Convention—Ephraim H. Senny, William E. Jones, William L. Raymond, Alexander Clinch, Philip Frankenheimer, Otto Ahlstrom, Richard M. Lush, William Wheeler.

SEVENTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Geo. P. Bradford, Theo. Ellinger, Ira O. Miller. Alternates, W. T. Graff, Chas. W. Mack, A. H. Underhill. County Convention—R. S. Dobbie, Alf. Lancaster, Benj. Firth, Ignatius Wasserman, A. P. Bullock, Chas. Wilmot, Robt. Campbell, Nathaniel Smith, John Waterman, Wm. Duncanson. Senatorial Convention—Ira A. Allen, Alex. McDonald, E. L. Bullock, J. W. Hanna, Robt. Hamilton, Robt. Miller, J. V. Hont, Chas. Atkinson, Joseph Frank, John Hubbers.

EIGHTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Rufus F. Andrews, George H. Van Cleft, Gen. Alfred Pleasonton. Alternates—Josiah W. Thompson, Joseph Dixon, Wm. Desendorf. County Convention—Roger H. Lyon, John A. Stanbery, Thos. Patterson, John W. Bacon, James Ingram, W. H. Kerby, Jr., George H. Van Cleft, James A. McCarthy. Senatorial Convention.—George F. Coachmon, Thomas F. Rightmire, Samuel Conklin, Joseph Dixon, Rufus F. Andrews, Wm. C. Cooper, Charles H. Van Cleft, Matthew O. Halenbeck.

NINETEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Henry M. Williams, E. L. Fancher. Alternates, Mallineux Bell, Jotham Wilson. Senatorial Convention—John C. Graff, Mathew Cullen, Richard Wilson. County Convention—Jotham Wilson, Henry M. Williams, Henry A. Gilbertson.

TWENTIETH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, William A. Dooley, Weeks W. Culver, John Schneider. Alternates, J. D. Rogers, Henry F. Cushing, John Leach. County Convention—Augustus L. Brown, John H. Morris, John Davis, Russell Sage, Andreas Willman, Allen F. Heath, Isaac H. Hollins, Michael J. Farrell, Cody Aufinger. Senatorial Convention—John W. Oliver, Simon Hazleton, Joseph Swenarton, Ira M. Clapp, Joseph Southworth, John E. Flagler, Henry Huelett, C. E. Simons, E. D. Maxwell.

TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT.

State Convention—Delegates, Gen. Geo. W. Palmer, Asher Barnett, Wm. H. Draper. Alternates, Joseph S. Dewey, Gurnsey Sackett, Wm. B. Asten. County Convention—Dr. A. N. Brockaway, Addison Smith, James M. Boyd, Amos C. Bell, Dr. Ira B. Read, James Muir, Anthony Allaire, M. W. Wells, Dr. H. H. Gregory, A. J. Miner. Senatorial District—Wm. Prophet, Wm. H. Bates, Geo. Defandorf, Henry S. McDowell, H. J. Moore, B. F. Thompson, Lerow S. Dewey, Walter Farrington, John Dilts, Geo. E. Stuart.

### James O'Brien Seventh Senatorial Association.

A meeting of the Seventh Senatorial Association was held last evening at Constitution Hall, corner of Twenty-second-street and Third-avenue. The meeting was a very large and very enthusiastic one; over four hundred were present. JOHN CAMPBELL presided. This body, which was previously known as the Thomas Feely Association, last night changed its name to that of the James O'Brien Seventh Senatorial Association. Mr. J. O'DONOVAN ROSSA was present, and spoke briefly. He strongly recommended Irishmen who valued their country's welfare to act unanimously and decisively in the forthcoming campaign, and not suffer themselves to be led astray by a clique of designing politicians.

The principal speaker of the evening was Mr. THOMAS FEELY. He said there never was a time in the history of this country when the working man was so much degraded as at present. The affairs of the City of New-York were in the hands of four or five men, who were kings and monarchs, in fact more tyrannous and extortionate in their way than either. Tammany Hall would not care if Irishmen left the City and the world altogether, provided they could forward their own ends. He allowed every man to have his preference for a party. Certain men in the community wouldn't believe any thing about Tammany Hall, but this was a mistake. The four men who controlled the City affairs had nothing to recommend them to the people. They, in fact, sought to degrade every person; to subject to their ambition every law human and divine. They had accumulated millions of money and turned it to their own selfish purposes. JAMES O'BRIEN was a well-tried man. He protected the sick and weak and was the poor man's friend. He (the speaker) had no fault to find with the Democracy, but when its leaders betrayed it they were unworthy of further recognition. The present City rulers tried to centralize the power in their own hands. The control of the City should not be in the bands of two or three robbers. He did not believe in monopolies. The Constitution never contemplated such. None of the audience present should support a candidate who was too selfish to be the friend of the hard working man. They should not suffer themselves to be the tools of such villians as at present betrayed them. Matters were now so manipulated that the people could not elect a Mayor, a Controller or an Alderman. Here the speaker went on at considerable length to review the character and doings of TWEED, HALL, CONNOLLY and SWEENY, remarking at the same time that in allowing the Association to be called after Mr. JAMES O'BRIEN, he had sacrificed a position. He would do more, however—he would undergo any sacrifice—to propagate so worthy a cause as they had on hand at present. He wanted to see honesty triumphant, and fraud crushed out of the City forever. The names of SWEENY, TWEED, HALL and CONNOLLY, were received with hisses and loud and prolonged shouts of disapprobation, while the name of Mr. JAMES O'BRIEN was loudly applauded whenever mentioned.

Capt. FOLEY and others followed in the same strain, and the resolutions were unanimously adopted, indorsing Mr. O'BRIEN as their candidate for State Senator.

### Meeting of the Republican Central Committee.

A regular meeting of the members of the Republican Central Committee was held last evening at Apollo Hall, corner of Twenty-eighth-street and Broadway, Mr. JOHN J. TOWNSEND in the chair.

The following gentlemen were elected members of the Executive Committee:

1st District, W. Kingsley; 2d, Pierre C. Van Wyck; 3d, John J. Foley; 4th, Charles W. Brackett; 5th, A. A. Marks; 6th, Henry A. Smith; 7th, A. J. R. Duganne; 8th, Solon B. Smith; 9th, James W. Farr; 10th, Henry H. Haight; 11th, John H. White; 12th, James Duncan; 13th, Charles S. Spencer; 14th, Marshall B. Blake; 15th, John J. Pollock; 16th, William Laimbeer; 17th, John R. Russell; 18th, Chester A. Arthur; 19th, Richard H. Greene; 20th, Walter S. Pinckney; 21st, John A. Eagleson.

The following resolution was adopted:

*Resolved*, That the Republican Associations of the several Assembly Districts of the City of New-York, be requested to hold meetings on the evening of the 13th day of September, instant, for the purpose of enrolling members, and if in any district the use of the permanent place of meeting cannot be procured on that evening, that the meeting be held on the earliest day thereafter, when it can be procured.

The following call for primary elections was adopted:

Pursuant to the call of the State Convention issued by the Republican State Committee on the 23d of August, 1871, all electors who believe in the principles of the Republican party and sustain the present National Administration, and such others as are in favor of equal rights to all, and who are opposed to extravagance and corruption in the administration of public affairs, are invited to unite in the election of delegates to the State Convention from the several Assembly Districts. The Republican Associations of the Assembly Districts in the City of New-York are requested to meet at their permanent places of meeting in each Assembly District on Monday, Sept. 18, 1871, at the hour of 7 o'clock P. M., to elect delegates and alternates to the State Convention, to be held at Syracuse, on Wednesday, 27th September inst., at noon, pursuant to the State call. Delegates are apportioned to the several Assembly Districts as follows: Two each from the First, Second, Third, Fourth, Sixth, Twelfth, Fourteenth, Nineteenth; three each from the Fifth, Seventh, Tenth, Eleventh, Thirteenth, Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth, Eighteenth, Twentieth, Twenty-first, and four from the Ninth. The elections will be held according to the regulations presented under the Constitution of the District Associations.

The meeting then adjourned.

### A Model Tammany Republican Election—How Foul Means Succeeded when Fair Means Failed.

The primary election of the Eleventh Assembly District (Tammany) Republican Association, of which MARSHALL O. ROBERTS is President, was held at No. 468 Sixth-avenue, last evening. A large body of Police was present, under the command of Sergt. TAYLOR, ostensibly detailed to keep order, but really to insure the success of the Tammany Republican ticket, the supporters of which were in the minority. There were two tickets run, one led by HORACE GREELEY, MARSHALL O. ROBERTS and DANIEL D. CONOVER, as delegates to the State Convention, and the other by JOHN BENNETT, WILLIAM COYLE and ANDREW MONROE.

The canvassers were of the Tammany Republican stripe, and consisted of JAMES BRITT and EUGENE SALLYETT, who hold places in the Police Board, and EDWARD MADDEN. No persons were admitted to the room occupied by the canvassers except reporters and a few who were known to be Tammany Republicans. These latter included JOHN V. GRIDLEY, D. D. CONOVER, GEO. M. VAN HORTE, of the Department of Parks, JAMES L. HASTIE, and SEYMOUR A. BUNCE, all of whom were running on the Greeley ticket. While these gentlemen were allowed the utmost latitude, Mr. JOHN BENNETT, who was present to challenge repeaters and look out for the Anti-Greeley ticket, was treated in the most disrespectful manner, and was prevented from entering the room by Sergt. TAYLOR, who seemingly acted under the orders of GRIDLEY and his coadjutors. The polls were ordered by the General Committee, of which Mr. GREELEY is President, to be kept open until 9 o'clock, but were closed four minutes before that time, as indicated by a clock in the room of the Association. At the close of the polls, the vote stood 146 for the Anti-Greeley ticket, to 140 for its rival, according to a private tally kept by MADDEN, one of the canvassers. Here was a dilemma which the Tammany Republicans did not relish, and in order to make matters straight the canvassers immediately carried the ballot-box to a small room adjoining, which they locked on the inside. They remained closeted together long enough to remedy matters, and then reappeared before the spectators with the ballot-box, and began the farce of counting the ballots. One gentleman informed the writer that he had attended numerous primary elections, but had never witnessed any which was conducted in a more outrageous manner. During the counting of the vote, Mr. GRIDLEY was the only person permitted to approach the canvassers' table, and after a pretended count had been made, the canvassers commenced destroying the ballots. One of them, on being asked what this was done for, said, "dead men tell no tales." After everything had been fixed it was announced that the Greeley ticket had been elected by a vote of 182 to 104.

### Hudson County Democratic Primaries.

The Democratic primary meetings for the election of delegates to the State Convention, and for the nomination of a candidate for Governor, were held yesterday and last evening in Hoboken, and in many of the wards of Jersey City. From all appearances, the majority of the delegates are favorable to Mr. ABBETT, one of the Hudson County delegates. Out of 117 delegates, his friends claim 90. It is likely, however, if Judge BEDLE shows the strength in Monmouth, Bergen and Passaic Counties, promised by his friends, that the Abbett delegates will vote for him in preference to any other candidate.

### Eighteenth Ward German-American Association.

The German-American Association of the Eighteenth Ward, met at the Teutonic Assembly Rooms last evening, Mr. WILLIAM RADDE presiding and Mr. WICKLEFFE acting as secretary. A delegation of the German Citizens' Club of the Eighteenth Ward, attended, to confer with the organization with a view to consolidation. The platform of the last-named organization was presented, and after a lengthy debate it was amended and then adopted. A committee was formed to take further action in the matter, and to confer with a similar committee of the other organization.

### The Committee of Seventy.

The Executive Committee of Seventy will meet at the Chamber of Commerce at 3 P. M. today, and most probably with closed doors. The chief subject of their deliberations will be, it is understood, the report prepared by the Committee on Remedies, of which Mr. JOSEPH H. CHOATE is Chairman, and which will indicate the course to be taken by the Committee. It is understood, however, that no active measures will be taken by the General Committee until the result of the present law proceedings before Judge BARNARD is ascertained. If, as there is every reason to believe will be the case, the relief asked for is granted, then it is probable that an impeachment of some of the members of the Ring will follow. If the injunction is refused by Judge BARNARD the case will be laid before some other Court. At any rate there will be no flagging on the part of the Committee. They, like other citizens, are assured that a stand must be made now, and that the right must in the end triumph over wrong and corruption. Mr. RUGGLES' resolution in regard to minority representation will also most probably be reported on, and Mr. ROSWELL D. HATCH, Secretary to the Committee, will most likely present a draft of a constitution and code of by-laws for consideration and adoption. So far the Committee are highly gratified with what has been done, and they feel sure of ultimate success.

### The Joint Investigating Committee.

The Joint Committee of Supervisors, Aldermen and citizens will meet at 2 P. M. today. The statement of the City and County debt, which is to be laid before them, is the same as that presented in Mr. O'GORMAN's reply to the application for an injunction before Judge BARNARD, and which will be found in another part of this paper. As the very documents demanded by them have mysteriously disappeared from the Controller's Office, it would seem as if their labors, except in so far as relates to the City and County debt, could not be prosecuted. The Committee will doubtless have some opinions to express on this mysterious disappearance, and the Controller will no doubt, be required to give an explanation.

### The New Election Districts.

The Mayor has issued his usual proclamation, redistricting the City for the coming election, the Common Council, as the proclamation states, having failed to do so. The City. last year, was divided into 287 districts; this year there are 290. There is but little change in the boundaries in the generality of the districts.

### The Lexington Races—Opening Day of the Meeting.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Sept. 11.—The races today were well attended and the sport excellent. The time made is considered slow for this track, but it is accounted for by the dust, which in some places is nearly a foot deep. The first race, mile heats, for three-year olds; six starters, with the following result:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Sancebox | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Buford's b. f. | 1 | 4 | 2 |
| Ginger | 3 | 2 | |
| Richard's & Kilgaur's ch. f. | 6 | 3 | |
| Bonnie Scotland | 4 | 5 | |
| Little Girl | 5 | dis. | |

Time—1:41¾, 1:45½, 1:44¾.

The second race, mile dash, was won easily by *Billy Williamson*, *Gaberlunzie* second, and *Exchange* third. Time, 1:45½.

SECURITY AGAINST DISEASE.—Use freely the new disinfectant, BROMO-CHLORALUM, to destroy all bad smells about your premises. Prepared *only* by TILDEN & Co., No. 176 William-st., New-York.—*Advertisement.*

**Raw-Hide Cord**

For Dumb-waiters, Sash-cord, &c. Manufactured by the Darrow Manufacturing Company, Bristol, Conn. —*Advertisement.*

**A.—Phalon's New Perfumes,**
"I LOVE YOU"
and "WHITE ROSE."—*Advertisement.*

## THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES.

THE NEW-YORK SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES, published THIS MORNING, contains the very latest telegraphic and general news; editorials on matters of current interest; a page of carefully-prepared commercial matter, giving the latest financial news and market reports; items of agricultural and domestic interest, and marriages and deaths of the week and other interesting reading matter.

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TIMES may be had at the counter of the Publication Office, in wrappers, ready for mailing. Price FIVE CENTS.

**Billiards Have Won a High Rank as a** recreation, in America. Appreciating this, Messrs. Rice, of the AMERICAN HOUSE, BOSTON, have two billiard halls, with all the best appurtenances. Guests will find that every provision has been made for their needs and pleasures while sojourning at this favorite hotel.

**Hair Dye, Hair Dye, Hair Dye.**—The genuine W. A. BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world—the only perfect dye—harmless, reliable, instantaneous, black or brown. Sold everywhere, and properly applied at BATCHELOR'S Wig Factory, No. 16 Bond-st., New-York.

**The Best Place in New-York to Buy** RELIABLE WATCHES, FINE DIAMONDS, RICH JEWELRY, and STERLING SILVER, is at SQUIRE'S, No. 97 Fulton-st. Diamonds a specialty.

**Gentlemen's Silk Hats, $7.**
WARNOCK & CO., No. 519 Broadway

**Wood Carpeting.**—Parquet floors are superseding all other floor coverings. No. 480 Broadway.

## MARRIED.

CRANE—WILLIS.—In Chicago, Ill., on Aug. 30, by Rev. H. W. Thomas, ARZA CRANE and LAURA B. WILLIS, daughter of Andrew M. Willis, Esq., all of Chicago.

## DIED.

CONANT.—In Black Hawk, Colorado, FRANCIS S., youngest son of F. H. and Mary E. Conant.

Funeral on Wednesday, Sept. 13, from the Universalist Church, Huntington, Long Island. Cars leave James's-slip at 8 A. M.; returning, leave Huntington at 4¼. Friends are invited.

COLLINS.—At the residence of John W. Herron, on East Walnut Hills, Cincinnati, Tuesday evening, Sept. 5, 1871, Mrs. MARIA CLINTON COLLINS, widow of Hon. Ela Collins, of Lowville, N. Y., in the 81st year of her age.

DURYEE.—At Englewood, N. J., Sept. 11, RUGGLES, youngest son of J. Aug. and Arrie Duryee, aged 20 months.

Funeral on Wednesday, 13th. Train leaves foot of Chambers-st., Northern Railroad, at 9¼ A. M.

FULLERTON.—In Stamford, Conn., on Sunday, Sept. 10, Mrs. SARAH FULLERTON.

Her funeral will be attended from the residence of her brother, W. C. Hoyt, on Tuesday, Sept. 12, at 3 P. M.

GREENOUGH.—In this City, on Friday, 8th inst., MARGARET E., widow of J. Jay Greenough and daughter of the late Cyrenius Beers.

The relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral services at the church, corner of University-place and 10th-st., on Tuesday, 12th inst., at 10 A. M.

HARDENBERGH.—Suddenly, on the 25th of August, at Baden-Baden, Germany, Mrs. F. R. HARDENBERGH, widow of Rev. James B. Hardenbergh, D. D., late of this City.

Notice of the funeral services will be given hereafter upon arrival of the remains.

HOPPER.—On Saturday, Sept. 9, EDWARD WELLS, son of John H. and Martha M. Hopper, and grandson of the late A. M. C. Smith, in the 9th year of his age.

Funeral from the residence of his uncle, A. M. C. Smith, Jr., No. 98 Lexington-av., on Tuesday, Sept. 12, at 1 o'clock P. M.

HOUSMAN.—On Sunday, Sept. 10, WILLIAM C. HOUSMAN, in the 71st year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence, No. 46 West 25th-street, on Wednesday, Sept. 13, at 3 o'clock P. M.

HUGHEY.—On the 10th inst., at No. 226 East 20th-st., Miss MARY HUGHEY, aged 88 years.

Her funeral will take place at the above No. on Tuesday, the 12th inst., at 1½ P. M.

HYDE.—In Brooklyn, on Sunday, Sept. 10, 1871, at No. 616 Herkimer-st., MATILDA EMILY HYDE, eldest daughter of Joseph Edward and Elizabeth Hyde, aged 26 years, 2 months, 21 days.

JACOBS.—At Newark, N. J., on Sunday, Sept. 10, in the 84th year of her age, SUSAN M., widow of Capt. Wilson Jacobs, of Baltimore, Md.

Funeral services will be held in Grace Church, Newark, on Tuesday, 12th inst., at 2½ P. M. Interment in Mount Pleasant Cemetery.

LEGGAT.—On Saturday, Sept. 9, after a brief illness, of Bright's disease, GEORGE LEGGAT, a native of Edinburgh, Scotland, in the 24th year of his age.

His remains were interred at Hudson, Columbia County, N. Y.

LEGGAT.—On Monday, Sept. 11, CADDIE HYATT, infant daughter of Andrew R. and the late Ophelia Leggat.

Funeral on Wednesday, Sept. 13, at 4 P. M., from the residence of Moses Odell, Esq., Bronxville, Westchester County.

TAGGART.—At Syracuse, N. Y., Sept. 11, LOTTIE STONE, daughter of Charlotte A. and Philip S. Taggart, aged 11 months and 24 days.

THORNE.—On Sunday, Sept. 10, at the Ladies' Union Aid Institution, No. 255 West 42d-st., Mrs. MARY THORNE, aged 85 years.

Her relatives and friends, the members of Forsyth-street M. E. Church, and the managers of the Ladies' Union Aid Society are invited to attend her funeral this day, (Tuesday,) at 1 o'clock P. M.

WILSON.—Sept. 8, at the residence of her son-in-law, James W. Taylor, in the City of Newburg, N. Y., Mrs. ANN SUSAN WILSON, relict of John Wilson, late of Goshen, deceased, aged 75 years and 10 months.

Funeral at Presbyterian Church, in Goshen, N. Y., on Tuesday, 12th inst., at 2 o'clock P. M.

WEST.—In this City, on Saturday, Sept. 9, 1871, after a short illness, JOSEPH WEST, in the 65th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral from his late residence, No. 353 East 84th-st., corner of 1st-av., on Tuesday, Sept. 12, at 1½ o'clock, without further invitation. His remains will be interred at Woodlawn.

## MISCELLANEOUS.

THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE OF the Citizens and Tax-payers for the Financial Reform of the City and County of New-York:

The undersigned members of the Sub-Committee on Ways and Means, respectfully solicit subscriptions to the fund for defraying the expenses of the above Committee of Seventy in performing the duty devolved upon that Committee at the meeting held at Cooper Union, on MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 4, 1871. Such subscriptions may be sent to EMIL SAUER, Esq., Treasurer, at No. 120 Broadway; to either of the undersigned, or to the collectors duly appointed for the purpose, who will show their authority.

JAS. M. BROWN, WASHINGTON R. VERMILYE,
HENRY CLEWS, WM. M. FLIESS,
SAML. D. BABCOCK, J. SELIGMAN,
B. B. SHERMAN, EUGENE BALLIN.
JNO. A. STEWART,
HENRY G. STEBBINS, Chairman, } Ex-Officio.
WM. F. HAVEMEYER, Vice-Chairman.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1871.

POST-OFFICE NOTICE.

The mails for Europe, during the week ending SATURDAY, Sept. 16, 1871, will close at this office on TUESDAY, at 11½; on WEDNESDAY, at 12; on THURSDAY, at 11½; and on SATURDAY, at 12.
P. H. JONES, Postmaster.

$100,000 GOLD.—ROYAL HAVANA Lottery of Cuba draws Sept. 19; whole tickets $32, currency; shares in proportion. Send for circulars or call for information on JOSEPH BATES, agent, No. 194 Broadway.

COMMISSIONER FOR ILLINOIS and other States and Notary Public. No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

CANTRELL'S OLD-ESTABLISHED BOOT AND SHOE STORE, Nos. 239 and 241 4th-av., between 19th and 20th sts.

## NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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BULLETIN OF NEW PUBLICATIONS.

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With prices, (the *retail*)—
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ROBERTS BROS., BOSTON.

## POLITICAL.

AN APPEAL TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS.

All citizens in favor of an HONEST CITY GOVERNMENT are cordially invited to attend a MASS MEETING of the XXIst WARD INDEPENDENT VOTERS' ASSOCIATION, at GLASS HALL, East 34th-st., between 2d and 3d avs., on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 13, at 8 o'clock.
D. M. KOEHLER, President.
PHILIP FISHER, Secretary.

AT A REGULAR MEETING OF THE AMERICUS "SIX" ASSOCIATION, at their club-house, No. 264 East Broadway, last evening, George Bartholomew offered the following preambles and resolution, which were seconded by Mr. E. Fitzpatrick, and adopted without a dissenting voice. Messrs. J. R. Barter, E. Fitzpatrick, Henry E. Lynch, George Bartholomew, and Hon. John J. Blair, President of the Association, made strong speeches in favor of the resolution. The following are the preambles and resolution:

*Whereas*, The Americus "Six" Association, although a social organization, cannot refrain from expressing its opinion at this juncture in the political affairs of the City; and

*Whereas*, Our worthy member, WM. M. TWEED, has been unjustly and vilely assailed, his family publicly traduced, and his honesty impugned, by office-seekers claiming to be of his own political faith, as well as who are the enemies of his party; therefore, be it

*Resolved*, That we, numbering 140 citizens of this municipality, and being the largest and one of the oldest organizations in the Fourth Senatorial District, will place ourselves by his side; and that with him and for him we will fight morning, noon and night; and that, trusting in the good cause we sustain, we have no doubts of victory.

JOHN J. BLAIR, President.
WM. O. DAVIS, HENRY E. LYNCH, } Secretaries.
DANIEL J. McINTYRE, Treasurer.

TWENTY-FIRST ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—A regular meeting will be held TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, Harmonie Hall, corner 119th-st. and 3d-av. All voters, friends of the Administration of President Grant, in favor of honesty and economy in the administration of public affairs, opposed to the waste of public money and to corruption of public office, are invited to become members. E. CHRISTIAN KORNER, President of the German Republican Association, is expected to address the meeting.

The Executive Committee will meet at 7 o'clock.
WILLIAM HAW, JR., President.
W. F. HARRADON, Chairman Executive Committee.
C. F. FROST, Secretary.

SIXTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION.—The regular monthly meeting of this association will take place on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Sept. 13, 1871, at 8 o'clock, at head-quarters, No. 200 3d-av.

All Republican electors of the district are respectfully requested to be present and enroll their names. The Executive Committee will meet at 7½ o'clock, prompt, (same place.) ISAAC H. BAILEY, President.
DAVID C. STURGES, Secretary.

SECOND ASSEMBLY DISTRICT Republican Association.—Regular monthly meeting of the above Association, THIS (Tuesday) EVENING, at 8 o'clock, at No. 131 Chatham-st. Republicans of the District are requested to attend.
DENIS SHEA, President.
WM. F. PORTER, Secretary.

A MEETING OF THE ELEVENTH DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will be held at No. 1,193 Broadway, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13, at 8 P. M., for the purpose of enrolling members and transacting other business.
THOS. C. ACTON, Vice-President.
KNOX McAFEE, Secretary.

THIRTEENTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT REPUBLICAN ASSOCIATION will meet at Morning Star Hall, No. 130 West 24th-st., on TUESDAY EVENING, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock.
CHARLES BLACKIE, President.
C. G. ARCHIBALD, Secretary.

TWELFTH ASSEMBLY DISTRICT GRANT CLUB will meet THIS EVENING, Sept. 12, at 8 o'clock, at No. 70 Avenue D.
JAMES DUNCAN, President.
C. H. SOUTHWORTH, Secretary.

## REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

The legal sale of a building lot on Fifty-first-street, between Sixth and Seventh avenues, by JOSEPH MCGUIRE, was not made yesterday, Sept. 11, at the Exchange, as expected, but was postponed indefinitely. No business in fact was transacted, and the day in real estate matters was a quiet one. Today, at the Exchange, A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO. will offer for sale two pieces of Harlem property, and at Whitestone, Long Island, JOHNSON & MILLER will conduct the important auction of suburban lots, referred to at length yesterday, for additional particulars in regard to which reference is made to the advertisement in our business columns. Should the day prove stormy, a postponement of the last-named sale will be rendered necessary, but, otherwise, there is every prospect that the transaction will be attended with the most favorable results.

In the recorded list of transfers for the week ending Monday, Sept. 4, and published in the *Real Estate Record* of Sept. 9, the following are noted as of the most general interest:

| | |
|---|---|
| Beekman-place, s. e. corner East 51st-st., lot 20.5 x100; John Ruck to Thomas R. Agnew, of Clifton, N. J., Sept. 2 | $30,000 |
| Division-st., s. s., 68.8 ft. w. of Canal-st., plot 75.1x62.4, (irregular;) Wm. Hatzfeld to John Bohnet, Sept. 2 | 65,000 |
| Mott and Bayard sts., s. w. corner, plot 50x50; Mary Ann McNair to Louis and Jacob Jacobs, Aug. 30 | 30,000 |
| 17th-st., (No. 16,) n. s., 216.10 ft. w. of Broadway, lot 25x72 and St. Mark's-place, n. s., 74 ft. e. of 3d-av., lot 24x74; Amelie R. Vigouroux to Chas. H. Letarc, Aug. 28 | 62,000 |
| 20th-st., s. s., 217.6 ft. e. of 6th-av., lot 32.8x92; James Robb to Margaret L. wife of James Winslow, of Poughkeepsie, Aug. 30 | 63,000 |
| 31st-st., s. s., 500 ft. w. of 5th-av., lot 25x98.9; John A. Godfrey to Mary B. De Frece, Sept. 4 | 50,000 |
| 41st-st., n. s., 288.4 ft. e. of 3d-av., lot 16.8x98.9, John Ruck to Thos. R. Agnew, of Clifton, N. J., Sept. 2 | 36,000 |
| 43d-st., s. s., 233.4 ft. e. of 2d-av., plot 66.8x100.5; Ashel G. Darwin to Daniel B. Wagner, of Budds Lake, N. J., Sept. 1 | 66,000 |
| 47th-st., s. s., 118.9 ft. e. of 7th-av., lot 18.9x100.4, (with furniture;) Sarah L. Tingue to James McCarter, Sept. 1 | 30,000 |
| 62d-st., s. s., 114 ft. w. of Lexington-av., 20x100.5; John McCool to Wm. T. Smith, Sept. 2 | 30,000 |
| 80th-st., s. s., 220.10 ft. e. of 4th-av., lot 18.4x102.2; and 79th-st., n. s., 45 ft. e. of 4th-av., lot 20x 102.2; Asahel G. Darwin to Daniel B. Wagner, of Budds Lake, N. J., Sept. 1 | 6,800 |
| 83d-st., s. s., 145 ft. w. of Madison-av., lot 20x102.2, Fernando R. Walker to Fannie, wife of Robert H. Clifford, Aug. 30 | 40,000 |
| 111th-st., s. s., 75 ft. w. of 6th-av., plot 250x100.11; Albert G. Bogert to John H. Sherwood, Wm. H. Lee, Philip Van Valkenburgh and Daniel E. Van Valkenburgh, Sept. 2 | 40,000 |
| Avenue A, w. s., 80 ft. n. of 20th-st., lot 12x70, and Avenue A, w. s., 92 ft. n. of 20th-st., plot 46x 93.10; Adolph Reimer to Linna, wife of Adolph Bleyert, Aug. 30 | 34,450 |
| Madison-av., s. e. corner 81st-st., plot 76.7x100, and 4th-av., s. w. corner 81st-st., plot 102.2x 300; Henry J. Beers to Wm. H. Tracy and Francis Higgins, Aug. 31 | 90,000 |
| Same property as above; William H. Tracy and Francis Higgins to Fernando Wood, Sept. 1 | 125,000 |
| St. Nicholas-av., n. e. corner 113th-st., plot 115.10 x166.1, (irregular,) and 6th-av., n. w. corner 113th-st., plot 100.11x100; Edward Jones and John H. Sherwood, Wm. H. Lee, Philip Van Valkenburgh, and Daniel E. Van Valkenburgh, Sept. 2 | 67,500 |
| 2d-av., n. w. corner 116th-st., plot 80.10x110, and 2d-av., s. e. corner 115th-st., plot 100.10x100; Thos. Mackellar to Harvey N. Dean, Aug. 29 | 65,000 |
| 5th-av., s. e. corner 39th-st., lot 29.9x100, and 39th-st., s. s., 100 ft. e. of 5th-av., lot 24x49.5; Mary G. Pinkney to Lydia G., wife of Wm. McMullen, Aug. 29 | 145,000 |

## CITY REAL ESTATE.

**IMPORTANT.**

We are offering brown-stone houses from $12,000 to $75,000, in desirable localities, at reduced valuations, with immediate possession.

WARD & OGDEN,
Broadway, corner 17th-st.

**A—FURNISHED HOUSES** FOR THE Winter, to let to private parties only, by

**WARD & OGDEN.**

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| West 17th-st., near 5th-av., 29 feet wide | $800 per month. |
| West 22d-st., near 5th-av., 28 feet wide | 800 per month. |
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| West 37th-st., near 5th-av | 400 per month. |
| East 41st-st., near 5th av | 450 per month. |
| West 42d-st., near Reservoir Park | 400 per month. |
| East 49th-st., near 5th-av | 450 per month. |

Also, other brown-stone houses desirably situated.
Broadway, corner 17th-st.

**THE FOLLOWING HOUSES ARE** offered for sale by TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine-st.:

| | |
|---|---|
| No 178 2d-av., 25.10x58x100 | $27,000 |
| No 219 10th-st., 25x60x100 | 22,500 |
| No. .. 45th-st., between 5th and 6th avs | 27,000 |
| No. .. 27th-st., between 2d and 3d avs | 16,000 |
| No. .. 29th-st., between Lexington and 3d avs | 15,500 |
| No. .. 35th-st., near 5th-av | 40,000 |
| No. .. 39th-st., near 5th-av | 40,000 |
| No. .. 40th-st., near Park-av | 20,000 |

And others at all prices.

**A HOUSE, NO. 107 EAST 60TH-ST.,** between 4th and Lexington avs., first-class; finished in hard wood; hall and stairway wainscoted in marble; size 20x52½x100; will be sold cheap and on reasonable terms. Apply to GEO. M. SIMONSON, No. 1,269 Broadway.

**FIFTH AND EIGHTH AVS. AND** Broadway, building lots, singly, in plots and blocks, fronting and below Central Park, and lots on Madison-av. and the adjacent streets, for sale by
V. K. STEVENSON & SON, No. 11 Pine-st.

**ANOTHER OPPORTUNITY.**—FOR sale, near Union-square, in 17th-st., four-story brown-stone house, high stoop, 25x65x100; very valuable for business purposes; only $65,000.
WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner 17th-st.

**A SPLENDID** BROWN-STONE HOUSE for sale in West 55th-st., near 5th-av.; cabinet finish, all improvements, very low.
WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner 17th-st.

**ANOTHER BARGAIN.**—FOR SALE, near 21st-st., on 2d-av., three-story brick house, 20x 55x100; all improvements; only $13,500. WARD & OGDEN, Broadway, corner 17th-st.

## BROOKLYN REAL ESTATE.

**ATLANTIC DOCK PROPERTY.**—Water lots—For sale or to lease twelve vacant lots, situated on Hamilton-av. and India Wharf, Brooklyn, in the immediate vicinity of the ferry; also a shed, covering seven lots on the same block, to lease. Apply to N. L. GRISWOLD, No. 4 State-st., New-York.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

# Country Homes.

THE CENTRAL NEW-JERSEY LAND IMPROVEMENT COMPANY offer for sale, on the line of the Central Railroad of New-Jersey, houses and lots, land by the acre or in blocks, mostly near stations. The advantages of this line of road as a place of residence will be more and more appreciated as the Company are laying two additional tracks to Somerville, giving greater facilities for passenger-trains. Apply to A. D. HOPE, No. 119 Liberty-st.

**FOR SALE**—A BEAUTIFUL AND VERY profitable country-seat of 105 acres, eighty miles from the City, near the Hudson River; over 1,000 fruit-trees in bearing; dwelling-house, seventy feet front, containing nineteen rooms; extensive barns, carriage-houses, ice-house, (filled,) granary, cider-house, hennery, carpenter-shop, and other necessary out-buildings; two streams, forming a beautiful lake and water-fall, 100 feet from the house, and mineral springs of valuable medicinal qualities. This place contains every requisite of a gentleman's villa of the first class, and is not only self-supporting but yields a large revenue over expenses; would exchange for City or Brooklyn property; price, $20,000; terms to suit. Address C. B. H., Esopus, Ulster County, N. Y.

**AT BLACK POINT, MONMOUTH** County, N. J., at the junction of the North and South and Shrewsbury Rivers, in full view of the ocean—forty-four desirable villa plots, containing from one to four acres each, many of them possessing fine water fronts, within half a mile of Seabright, on Sandy Hook and Long Branch Railroad, 3¼ miles from Long Branch, 1¾ hours from New-York; location perfectly healthy; good boating, bathing and fishing, &c.; excellent roads, affording varied and picturesque drives. For maps of the property, terms, and information, call on or address F. S. WINCHESTER, No. 29 Nassau-st., New-York.

**VALUABLE COUNTRY-SEAT FOR** sale, situated in the town of Claverack, Columbia County, New-York, four miles from the City of Hudson and half a mile from the Hudson River Institute and Hudson and Boston Railroad Depot, containing fifty acres of land under the highest cultivation; all kinds of fruit and shade trees; house and outbuildings in perfect order and the grounds handsomely laid out. For terms apply to Miss H. E. MESICK, on the premises; VAN WYCK & GREEN, lawyers, No. 34½ Pine-st., New-York; and WILLIAM A. TIFFANY, care of Ely, Oberholser & Co., Nos. 329 and 331 Broadway, New-York.

**AT IRVINGTON ON HUDSON**—FOR SALE—A gentleman's country-seat, with furniture if desired. The house is warm and comfortable, and well adapted as a Winter residence; it contains one of Boynton's large furnaces; gas and water throughout. The grounds, seven acres in all, laid out in lawn and shade-trees, with extensive views of the river. This property will be sold at a bargain, as the owner leaves for Europe in short time. Apply to office Washington Ice Company, Nos. 393 and 395 Canal-st., New-York.

**FOR SALE, AT BAY RIDGE, LONG** ISLAND—A farm of fifteen acres, in a high state of cultivation; apple and cherry orchard, with house and barns; a good well of water on the premises; seven miles from Fulton Ferry, three minutes from cars; immediate possession given if required. Apply to CHARLES D. BENNETT, on the premises, corner Stewart-av. and Bennett's-lane.

**AT NEW-BRIGHTON,** STATEN ISLAND—To rent, two villas, furnished and unfurnished; all modern improvements; charming, retired locality; shade and fruit trees; gardens planted; view unsurpassed; within thirty minutes of Wall-st. O. G. BENNETT, No. 9 Pine-st.; or, HAMILTON & CO., No. 92 Front-st.

**AT CRANFORD,** FIFTY MINUTES FROM New-York via Central Railroad of New-Jersey, eight minutes' walk from station; house, carriage-house, and about two acres of land; fruit, shade, &c.; price $7,000. Apply to N. G. FOSTER, Architect, No. 111 Broadway.

**FOR SALE**—ORANGE, N. J.—LOCATION high and healthy; handsome French cottage, $ ,500; Swiss cottage, stable, &c., $8,000; English cottage, $8,000; small cottage, $2,700; terms easy.
B. F. SMALL, No. 34 Dey-st.

**FOR SALE AT ENGLEWOOD, N. J.**—A Gothic stone cottage, containing seven rooms; gas in house; barn nearly new; 2½ acres of land; plenty of fruit and shade trees. For further information, apply to J. S. H., Box 4,578 New-York Post-office.

## COUNTRY REAL ESTATE.

**A BEAUTIFUL SUBURBAN HOUSE** and grounds, within forty-five minutes of New-York business offices, and accessible by over fifty trains daily, situated near depots, in the growing and naturally attractive portion of Elizabeth; high ground; extra large lot, fruit and shade trees, lawn garden, &c. House is comfortable, roomy and tasteful, modern design and fittings, situated on the path of extensive improvements, with a steady rise in value. All City conveniences, combined with country air, food and living; good markets, schools, churches, and unsurpassed travel. Terms made to suit. Title perfect. Owner wants to build. Will sell at bargain.

CHOICE BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.

For view of house and full particulars of property, inquire at West Elizabeth Depot, or address OWNER, Post office Box No. 235, New-York.

**FOR SALE.**

A first-class country residence at Poughkeepsie two miles south of the Court-house, fronting on Hudson River; brick house; twenty rooms; all modern improvements, gas, water, hot water, furnace, &c.; all in perfect order; two cottages, stable, ice-house, barns, sheds, &c.; forty-three acres of good land handsomely laid out, with choice varieties of shade and ornamental trees, drives and walks; abundance of fruit—trees planted twenty years ago; view of Hudson River and surrounding country unsurpassed; immediate possession; terms to suit. Apply to TURNER BROTHERS, No. 14 Nassau-st.

**TARRYTOWN PROPERTY FOR** SALE—One of the most eligible and delightful situations on the Hudson River; the house a superb mansion, 46 feet front, built of brick, with granite trimmings, finished in the most costly, solid, and elaborate manner, with every modern improvement—hot and cold water, bath-room, gas, heater, &c.—lofty ceilings, spacious rooms, (14 in number.) Hardwood finish, and plate-glass windows from basement to roof; commanding extensive views of the most picturesque portions of the Hudson, from the Highlands (in the vicinity of West Point) to Manhattan Island. The grounds (about 3 acres) are most attractively laid out in lawn and garden, with a great abundance of choice fruit, shade, and ornamental trees, some of great beauty. Fine stable and carriage-house, hennery, &c. Location on Broadway, splendid surroundings, and fifteen minutes' walk from depot. The estate will be sold at a positive bargain. Address VERITAS, Box No. 146 New-York Daily *Times* Office.

N. B.—No real estate agent need communicate; only principals dealt with.

**ORANGE, N. J.**—COUNTRY HOUSES, lands and village lots for sale; a great variety, beautifully situated, 45 minutes to 1 hour from N. Y. Also, furnished and unfurnished houses to let for season or year, by BLACKWELL & SMITH, 243 Broadway, 9 to 11; or Orange, corner Main and Cone sts.

**FOR SALE**—AT FLUSHING, SPACIOUS residence, modern; gas, bath-room, furnace, laundry; every convenience; two acres beautifully improved; extended views of East River, Palisades, &c.; only six minutes' walk from depot. Full particulars with JAMES B. PARSONS, No. 34 Pine-st.

**A BEAUTIFUL FARM** OF NINETY-five acres at Peekskill for sale; suitable for a country-seat; price $17,000; also, two other farms, 175 and 87 acres each, four miles from Peekskill, at low prices.
MITCHELL'S, No. 77 Cedar-st.

**FOR SALE OR TO LET,** FURNISHED or unfurnished—Cosey country-seat of two acres, near City. Particulars of the owner. FERGUSON, No. 41 Pine-st.

## DWELLINGS TO LET.

**FURNISHED HOUSES TO LET** BY TAYLOR & STEARNS, No. 1½ Pine-st.

| | |
|---|---|
| Madison-av., near 42d-st., per month | $500 |
| 56th-st., between 5th and 6th avs., per month | 350 |
| 9th-st., near Broadway, rent, (furniture to be bought,) | 2,000 |
| 11th-st., between 5th and 6th avs, per month | 250 |
| 44th-st., near 6th-av., per month | 300 |
| 45th-st., between 5th and 6th-avs., per month | 275 |
| 46th-st., near Lexington-av., per month | 200 |

**TO LET—ON LEXINGTON-AVENUE.** —The six elegant, high-stoop, brown-stone front dwelling-houses, now finishing, at the north-west corner of 64th-st. These are first-class residences, having all modern conveniences and improvements, and may be held by desirable tenants at reasonable rents. Apply to G. & J. W. BEEKMAN, JR., No. 69 William-st.

**TO LET**—ON THE BANKS OF THE HUDSON, 105th-st., Bloomingdale, a dwelling-house, with barn and stable, and plenty of land for a garden, for eighteen months from the 1st of November next; a pleasant suburban residence near the grand Boulevard. Apply at No. 5 Beekman-st., Room No. 7, first floor.

**HOUSES TO RENT,** FURNISHED AND unfurnished, in various locations throughout the City. Lists can be had upon application to our offices, No. 3 Pine-st., or No. 35 East 17th-st.

**FURNISHED HOUSE TO LET**—NO. 9 West 35th-st., containing 13 apartments; the house has just been thoroughly prepared by the owner for his own occupancy; has to leave the city.

**TO LET**—THE LARGE THREE-STORY brick house, No. 6 Varick-place; all improvements; splendid order; $1,375 per annum.

**A SECOND FLOOR** TO LET, WITH ALL modern improvements. No. 136 West 41st-st.

## STORES, &C., TO LET.

**OFFICES TO LET**
IN
**TIMES BUILDING.**
SPLENDID OFFICES TO LET IN THE FIRE-PROOF TIMES BUILDING.
Apply at TIMES COUNTING-ROOM.

**TO LET, IN BROOKLYN**—A STORE ON Flatbush-av. and Hanson-place. To a good tenant a lease of three years will be given, at a moderate rent. The location is first-rate for a druggist or any genteel business. Apply to EDWARD CURRAN, No. 117 Flatbush-av.

**A.—FIRST-CLASS CHEAP OFFICES** on first floor to let at No. 11 Pine-st., adjoining Nassau-st. J. J. SMITH, No. 11 Pine-st., Room No. 6.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

**NO PROPERTY BETWEEN**

**Astoria and Orient Point**

can compare with the 300 magnificent lots at

**Whitestone, L. I.,**

On the BLACKWELL ESTATE. To be sold at auction positively, absolutely, and without reserve, by JOHNSON & MILLER, at 1 o'clock, P. M. on the premises, TUESDAY, SEPT. 12.

Special arrangements have been made to convey FIVE THOUSAND PEOPLE to this, the greatest and most important sale ever attempted of

**LONG ISLAND REAL ESTATE.**

By steam-boat and railroad, free of charge. Two of GRAFULLA'S FAMOUS BANDS are engaged for THE GRAND BANQUET, which will take place on arrival.

Men and women, lot buyers, go to Whitestone next Tuesday, and purchase property with beautiful river fronts and magnificent water views. Remember, the streets are all graded, and every foot of the ground is ready for immediate use. Make a note of the fact that the terms are so easy—seventy-five per cent. on mortgage—that all may own pretty homes by the river side, within one hour of busy, humming Wall-st. Consider well the advantages of living on the Flushing Railroad, splendidly equipped, and running thirty-two daily trains, from 5¼ A. M. until midnight, with rates of commutation less than on the horse-cars. Long Branch and Newport will not charm you after you have seen the beautiful property on the Blackwell estate. How to go to the great sale: Take steamer *Arrowsmith*, Pier No. 24 East River, at 9¼ A. M., or foot of 37th-st. at 9:25, or special train leaving via James-slip and Thirty-fourth-street Ferries at 11 A. M.

Applications for tickets must be made personally at office of JOHNSON & MILLER, No. 25 Nassau-st., New-York, or No. 157 Montague-st., Brooklyn.

O. H. PIERSON, Auctioneer.

**BY A. D. MELLICK, JR., & BRO.,**
AUCTIONEERS AND DEALERS IN NEW-JERSEY REAL ESTATE, NO. 6 PINE-ST.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 14, 1871,
AT 12½ P. M., ON THE PREMISES,
AUCTION SALE,
By order of A. Boynton, Esq., of
200 DESIRABLE
BUILDING LOTS
AT PASSAIC.

Fifty Minutes from New-York by Erie Railroad.

This property is in three separate localities, 32 plots being situated on Passaic and Elmwood avs., at their intersection with Brook-av.; 22 plots being on Carlton-av. and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad, and 9 plots on Bond-st.

All of the above are well situated, and in locality where property is rapidly improving.

Special train will leave from foot of Chambers and 23d sts. at 11¼ A. M.

Luncheon before the sale.

Maps, passes, &c., at the office of the auctioneers.

S. DINGEE, Auctioneer.

**REFEREE'S SALE.**—BY ORDER OF THE SUPREME COURT, ABEL CROOK, ESQ., REFEREE, 135 ACRES OF LANDS IN WEST-CHESTER COUNTY, ON THE HEIGHTS OF MAMARONECK, OVERLOOKING LONG ISLAND SOUND, WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13, 1871, at 12 M., at the Sheldrake House, Mamaroneck Station, New-York and New-Haven Railroad. This valuable property, to be sold in two large parcels of sixty and seventy-five acres each, adjoins the splendid estates of Messrs. George J. Seney, William H. Styles and James M. Fuller. It is only a few minutes' walk from the station of New-York and New-Haven Railroad, and will be right on the line of the New-York and Housatonic and Northern Railroad now being constructed; only thirty minutes from Harlem Bridge and one hour from New-York Depot. The neighborhood is one of the finest in Westchester, and in the immediate vicinity of the Episcopal Theological Seminary. For further particulars apply to ABEL CROOK, Esq., referee, No. 117 Broadway, or to the auctioneer, No. 82 Cedar-st., New-York.

## REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

UNITED STATES INTERNAL REVENUE,
COLLECTOR'S OFFICE, EIGHTH DISTRICT,
NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1871.

**NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN** IN PURSUANCE of law, that I will sell at public sale at my office, No. 937 Broadway, on the 4th day of October, 1871, at 12 o'clock noon, the property situated on the south-east corner of 7th-av. and 36th-st., in the Twentieth Ward, City of New-York, known as Nos. 409, 411, 413, 415, 417 and 419 7th-av., and Ward Nos. 1,169, 1,170, 1,170½, 1,171, 1,171½ and 1,172, to satisfy a lien of the United States upon said property, as imposed by section 145, act of July 13, 1866, of the Internal Revenue laws.

CHAS. R. COSTER,
Collector Internal Revenue Eighth District New-York.

**A. J. BLEECKER, SON & CO.** WILL sell at auction on TUESDAY, Sept. 12, at 12 M., at the Exchange Sales-room, No. 111 Broadway:

ONE HUNDRED AND TWELFTH-STREET.—Three-story frame house and lot, south side, No. 245, west of 3d-av., 25 by 36 by half block.

ONE HUNDRED AND TENTH-STREET.—Four-story double brick house and lot, south side, No. 150, west of 1st-av., 25 by 48 by half block. Terms liberal. Maps at No. 77 Cedar-st.

## DRY GOODS.

**ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & Co.**
**BROADWAY & 19TH ST.**
NEW-YORK.

**FALL EXPOSITION, 1871,**
**AT RETAIL,**
OF
RICH PLAIN COLORED, FANCY AND BLACK
**SILKS,**
BLACK AND COLORED SATINS,
IRISH POPLINS,
"CACHEMIRE SICILIEN,"
the latest novelty for over-dresses,
**TRIMMING AND CLOAKING VELVETS,**
RIBBON VELVETS, VELVETEENS,
ENGLISH AND FRENCH DRESS GOODS,
"ROBES DE CHAMBRE,"
FRENCH, ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC PRINTS,
**RICH LACES,**
COLORED SILK GUIPURE TRIMMINGS,
PARIS AND HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES.
**MOURNING GOODS.**
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK.
Fifteen CASES of new and desirable patterns in
INDIA CAMELS' HAIR SHAWLS,
FRENCH CASHMERE SHAWLS,
LONG AND SQUARE WOOL SHAWLS,
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
**FURNISHING GOODS**
for LADIES, GENTLEMEN and CHILDREN.
FALL AND WINTER HOSIERY, GLOVES, FAMILY AND HOUSEHOLD LINENS, CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES AND CLOAKINGS.
**WHITE GOODS,**
BLANKETS, FLANNELS, &c., &c.

The above forming the finest collection of RICH GOODS, containing all the LATEST NOVELTIES introduced in the European markets this season, and selected with great care for FIRST-CLASS RETAIL SALES.

**UPHOLSTERY DEPARTMENT.**
NOW OPEN,
A LARGE AND ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT
OF
SATINS, DAMASKS, FIGURED AND PLAIN
SILK TERRIES, COTELAINES, STRIPED
S. & W. PEKINADES, SATINES,
CHINTZES, CRETONNES,
LACE AND NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS,
IN CHOICE DESIGNS.
MIRRORS, CORNICES, SHADES, BEDDING,
&c., &c.
**CARPETS.**
1871. FALL. 1871.
NOW OPEN, A LARGE AND VERY ATTRACTIVE ASSORTMENT OF
FRENCH,
ENGLISH, AND
AMERICAN
**CARPETINGS.**

Entirely new styles of TURKEY, AUBUSSON, AXMINSTER, MOQUETTE, TOURNAY VELVET, and WILTON CARPETS.

ALSO, NEW PRIVATE DESIGNS OF VELVET TAPESTRY, ENGLISH BODY BRUSSELS, BRUSSELS TAPESTRY, THREE-PLY and INGRAIN GARPETS.

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.**

**ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & Co.**
**BROADWAY & 19TH ST.**
NEW-YORK.

# SHAWLS.

# ARNOLD, CONSTABLE & CO.

HAVE NOW ON SALE
**15,000 PLAID WOOL SHAWLS.**
**In Long and Square,**
**At 20 Per Cent. less than Manufacturer's Prices.**

This lot of shawls, together with their imported stock of FANCY WOOL AND BROHCE SHAWLS, forms the

**Largest and Most Complete Stock to be found in the Country.**

**CANAL CORNER OF MERCER.**

**JACKSON'S**
# Noted Mourning Store,

729 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WAVERLEY-PLACE,
IS CONSTANTLY RECEIVING FULL LINES OF ALL THE
MOST POPULAR MOURNING GOODS IMPORTED,
INCLUDING BLACK SILKS, STRIPED SILKS, BLACK ALPACAS, CASHMERES,
ENGLISH AND DOMESTIC WATERPROOFS, &c.
SUITS AND BONNETS READY-MADE,
ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED
AND PRICES GUARANTEED.
N. B.—ONE CASE COREAN CLOTH, A NEW FABRIC FOR SUITS AND POLONAISE, $1 10, WORTH $1 50.

**FOUNTAIN'S INDIA STORE, NO. 837** Broadway, corner of 13th-st., upstairs. Silks, shawls, lacquered articles, bronzes, &c.

## AUCTION SALES.

**BANKRUPTCY.**
JOBBERS' STOCK OF HOSIERY AND NOTIONS AT AUCTION.
ASSIGNEE'S SALE.

United States District Court Southern District of New-York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of BULKLEY, MURFEY & CECIL, bankrupts.—I, the assignee of said bankrupts, will sell at public auction, by William Topping & Co., auctioneers, at their sales-room, No. 132 Church-street, in the City of New-York, on the 13th day of September, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., the remaining stock of merchandise of said estate, consisting of hosiery, gloves, hoods, scarfs, Washinee yarn, paper and linen collars and cuffs, buttons, (a large assortment,) needles, fans, combs, razors and straps, wallets, jet brooches, ink, scissors, linen thread, cotton nets, perfumery, alpaca and fancy coat braids, serpentine, star and soutache braids in silk, linen and cotton, harmonicas, elastic braids and cords, tooth-brushes, pencils, (slate and lead,) crochet hooks, &c., &c. Catalogues of which may be obtained at the office of the auctioneers on the day of sale.—Dated New-York, Aug. 31, 1871.

O. B. TWEEDY, Assignee.

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT** for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of HERMAN BOLTE, bankrupt.—In pursuance of an order made in this proceeding on the 30th day of August, 1871, the subscriber will, on the 21st day of September, 1871, at 10 o'clock A. M., at the auction-rooms of Simon Herman, No. 13 Bowery, sell the personal property of the bankrupt, consisting of:

A lot of wine, in cases.
A lot of champagne.
10 barrels of wine.
1 horse, 1 set of harness, 1 wagon, &c., &c.

GEORGE H. SHARPE,
Sept. 8, 1871. United States Marshal.

F. COLTON, Auctioneer.

**LARGE SALE OF HOUSEHOLD** furniture, carpets, parlor, dining-room, bedroom and basement goods from a private residence and removed to the large storehouse, corner of University-place and 11th-st., will be sold THIS DAY, (Tuesday,) Sept. 12, at 10½ o'clock. Catalogues early this morning, and sale positive, and goods to be removed Wednesday, the 13th.

JOHN H. AUSTEN, Auctioneer.

**AUCTION NOTICE.**

By order of assignee, the stock of goods of the late firm of Peabody & Weston, Philadelphia, will be sold by HADDEN & CO., at their salesroom, No. 33 Chambers-st., New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13, at 10 o'clock.

## INSTRUCTION.

# Mount Washington Collegiate Institute,

NO. 40 WASHINGTON-SQUARE (SOUTH.)
**GEO. W. CLARKE, PH. D., PRINCIPAL.**

Classical, Commercial, English, French, German and Primary Departments. With a full corps of experienced, faithful and accomplished teachers, this Institute prepares pupils of all ages for business or College. Its location, on Washington-square, now remodeled and beautified, itself an educator in refinement and taste, is unsurpassed for healthfulness. The building, 25 by 80, and four stories in height, three of which are occupied by the school, has been during the vacation renovated in all its rooms, which are fitted and furnished for health, comfort and study. Extra branches optional. The Institute, at which interviews with the Principal and circulars of full particulars may be had, as also at the bookstores, opens its twenty-sixth academic year Sept. 11.

**JAUDON INSTITUTE,**
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN,
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND LITTLE GIRLS,
No. 5 East 27th-st., between 5th and Madison avs.,
Will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21.
A few boarding pupils will be received.

**GARDNER INSTITUTE.**
No. 620 Fifth-av.
Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Fourteenth year commences Sept. 20.
Rev. Dr. and Mrs. C. H. GARDNER,
Principals.

**REV. D. A. HOLBROOK'S**
MILITARY SCHOOL,
SING SING, N. Y.,
REOPENS SEPT. 14, 1871.

**DOLBEAR'S COMMERCIAL COL**LEGE, No. 875 Broadway, has unequaled facilities for giving a first-class business education in the shortest possible time. Open day and evening.

**MLLE. ROSTAN'S**
FRENCH AND ENGLISH SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,

No. 111 East 36th-st., third door from Park-av., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The course of instruction is designed to combine a thorough English education, with the practical knowledge of the French and other modern languages.

Special attention is given to Drawing and Painting, and the Musical Department, under the care of Profs. S. B. MILLS and F. L. RITTER, offers peculiar advantages to those who wish to make music a special study.

A very limited number of young ladies will be received in the family and welcomed to share all the comforts and privileges of a pleasant home.

Application can be made at the above address.

**MME. C. MEARS,**
NO. 222 MADISON-AV.,
Three doors above 36th-st.
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN
Will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1871.
For circulars address as above.

**MRS. JOHN V. B. BLEECKER**
Will open a
FRENCH AND ENGLISH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL

for young ladies and children on the 20th of September next at her residence, No. 7 Grammercy Park, (corner East 20th-st.) Miss PEGRAM will be associated with Mrs. BLEECKER, and will have special charge of the higher English branches.

**MRS. EDWARD B. WHITE,**
Opposite Reservoir Park.
English and French Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 59 West 42d-st.,
Will reopen Sept. 25. Address as above.

**MISS HARRIS'**
HOME SCHOOL FOR GIRLS,
White Plains, N. Y. Terms moderate.
School will reopen Sept. 18.

**MISS M. AYRES'**
English and French Day School for young ladies and children, No. 132 West 22d-st., will reopen MONDAY, Oct. 2.

**A. N. WILLIAMSON'S SCHOOL, NO.** 51 West 31st-st., corner Broadway, reopens Sept. 18.

LIMITED TO 25 SELECTED BOYS.

Primary department under Miss HELEN A. JOHNSON. Circulars on application. Interviews from 10 to 12 A. M. Reference is made to patrons:

W. H. Pell,
G. Lee Knapp,
Jas. Miller, (Aitken & Miller,)
G. M. Clearman, (Clearman, Sturges & Co.,)
John T. Conover,
A. McKinley,
Lucien B. Terry,
Jacob Vanderpoel,
Philip R. Wilkins,
Shepherd Knapp,
Peter S. Hoe, (R. Hoe & Co.,)
Israel T. Potter,
Geo. S. Stitt, &c., &c.

**COOPER UNION FREE** NIGHT CLASSES IN SCIENCE AND ART.—The regular term will commence MONDAY, Oct. 2, 1871. Applications for admission can be made and information obtained at the office of the Union, Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings, from 7½ to 9 P. M., beginning Sept. 7. ABRAM S. HEWITT, Secretary.

**E. DE CRAUZAT,** FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for boys, with primary department, No. 202 West 34th-st., between 7th and 8th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18. Send for circulars at the school.

**SEDGWICK INSTITUTE**—GREAT BARRINGTON, MASS.—A Boarding School for twenty boys, in Southern Berkshire; presents every advantage in its location, grounds, buildings, faithful instruction, home influences. I. & J. BIRD, Principals.

**CHESTER INSTITUTE,** A GERMAN, French and English Boarding School for young ladies; City advantages and country prices; Fall term begins Sept. 18. Address S. C. MAGIE, Chester, Morris County, N. J.

**JOHN MAC MULLEN'S** SCHOOL WILL be reopened on FRIDAY, Sept. 15, at No. 1,214 Broadway, near 30th-st.; limited to forty-three boys; room for three boarders. Circulars at G. P. Putnam & Sons', and at the school.

**AN ENGLISH AND FRENCH** BOARDING and Day School will be opened at Dobb's Ferry, on the Hudson, Sept. 20. For circulars, address the Principal, Miss E. E. DANA.

**PROF. D. CHERBULIEZ WILL** REopen his Day-school for Boys, at his residence, No. 127 East 24th-st., on Sept. 24. He will be at home after Sept. 15. Letters may be addressed as above.

**MISS EDMONDS'** KINDERGARTEN School, also English and French Boarding and Day School for misses, will open at No. 105 East 28th-st., MONDAY, Sept. 18. Address as above.

**A FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS** OF a high order is the Newburgh Institute. For circulars, &c., address HENRY W. SIGLAR, Newburgh, N. Y.

**FREEHOLD INSTITUTE.**—FOR CATAlogues, apply to JAMES REDMOND, Esq., corner of Broadway and 42d-st., and to ALEX. HUDNUT, Esq., *Herald* Building.

**MISS WALSH'S ENGLISH AND** French school for young ladies and children removed from No. 32 East 28th-st. to No. 36 West 35th-st., near 5th-av., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

**HOME INSTITUTE, TARRYTOWN,** N. Y.—A Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Will reopen Sept. 13. For circulars address Miss M. METCALF, Principal.

**J. H. MORSE'S** ENGLISH, CLASSICAL and Mathematical School reopens on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 25, at No. 1,267 Broadway. For circulars, apply to J. H. MORSE, No. 757 7th-av.

**J. HARRIS PATTON'S CLASSICAL** School for boys reopens Sept. 20, at No. 1,193 Broadway. Circulars at school; Thomson Bros'., No. 1,107 Broadway, and Carter's bookstore.

**ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL** SCHOOL, WILTON, CONN.—The next term of twenty eight weeks will open Sept. 18.
EDWARD OLMSTEAD.

**NORWICH, CONN.**—MISSES MEEKER'S French and English Boarding School for young ladies will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 19, at No. 56 Washington-st.

**OREAD COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE** FOR YOUNG LADIES, Worcester, Mass.—Fall Term begins Sept. 13, 1871. Send for catalogue.
HARRIS R. GREENE, A. M., Principal.

**WM. H. LEGGETT'S SCHOOL,** 1,214 Broadway, near 30th-st., will be reopened Sept. 18. Number limited. Primary department under charge of Miss M. W. Leggett. Circulars at 224 East 10th-st.

**MRS. S. B. NEWTON'S** ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for Young ladies, will reopen Sept. 18, at Nos. 270 and 272 Henry-st., Brooklyn, Long Island.

**THE MISSES LANE WILL OPEN A** Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 49 West 48th-st. Address by letter until Sept. 1.

**MRS. MARY RODGERS GRIFFITT'S** French and English Day School for young ladies and children, will reopen on TUESDAY, Sept. 26, at No. 106 West 42d-st.

**THE ENGLISH AND CLASSICAL** school of the Church of the Transfiguration, No. 3 East 29th-st., between Madison and 5th avs., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 11, 1871.

**TROY FEMALE SEMINARY.**—THIS institution offers the accumulated advantages of over fifty years of successful operation. For circulars apply to JOHN H. WILLARD, Troy, N. Y.

**MISS WARREN'S** SCHOOL FOR BOYS.—French and English School in Trenor's Lyric Hall, No. 723 6th-av., between 41st and 42d sts., reopens MONDAY, Sept. 18.

**THE MISSES HUBBARD'S** SCHOOL for young Ladies and Children, No. 30 East 28th-st., reopens Sept. 20.

**MOUNT PLEASANT INSTITUTE.**—Private classes for boys. Amherst, Mass. Established 1846. H. C. NASH, A. M., Principal.

**MISS F. B. VAN NOSTRAND'S** SCHOOL No. 78 Lexington-av., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

**MILITARY BOARDING-SCHOOL,** White Plains, New-York. Principal, O. R. WILLIS, Ph. D.

**MISS SARAH SEDGWICK'S** SCHOOL for boys will open Sept. 18, at No. 1,193 Broadway, between 28th and 29th sts.

**THE MISSES MARSHALL'S** SCHOOL for young ladies and children, No. 250 West 38th-st., will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18.

**MISS BULKLEY'S SCHOOL FOR** YOUNG LADIES, TARRYTOWN, N. Y., will be reopened Sept. 19.

**BENDAN'S SCHOOL**—(LIMITED,) NO. 1,370 B'way, near 38th-st.; English, Classical, German, French and Primary. Opens Sept. 11.

**GOLDEN HILL** SEMINARY FOR YOUNG ladies, Bridgeport, Conn. Miss Emily Nelson, Pr.

## INSTRUCTION.

# ANTHON Grammar School,

**NO. 252 MADISON-AV.,**
BETWEEN 38TH AND 39TH STS.

The departments of Ancient and Modern Languages will reopen MONDAY, Sept. 11, and the Primary Department MONDAY, Sept. 18. School hours from 9½ A. M. to 2½ P. M.

**MISS HAINES**
AND
**MADEMOISELLE DE JANON,**
ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
**NO. 10 GRAMERCY PARK,**
(East 20th-st.,)
Will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 21.
A punctual attendance of their pupils is respectfully requested.

**SCHOOL OF MINES,**
COLUMBIA COLLEGE,
EAST 49TH-ST., NEW-YORK.
FACULTY:
F. A. P. BARNARD, S. T. D., LL. D., President.
T. EGLESTON, Jr., E. M., Mineralogy & Metallurgy.
FRANCIS L. VINTON, E. M., Mining Engineering.
C. F. CHANDLER, Ph. D., Analytical and Applied Chemistry.
JOHN TORREY, M. D., LL. D., Botany.
CHARLES A. JOY, Ph. D., General Chemistry.
WILLIAM G. PECK, LL. D., Mechanics.
JOHN H. VAN AMRINGE, A. M., Mathematics.
OGDEN N. ROOD, A. M., Physics.
J. S. NEWBERRY, M. D., LL. D., Geology and Palæontology.

The plan of this school embraces five three-year courses for the Degree of Engineer of Mines or Bachelor of Philosophy, viz.: I. Mining Engineering. II. Civil Engineering. III. Metallurgy. IV. Geology and Natural History. V. Analytical and Applied Chemistry.

REQUIREMENTS FOR ADMISSION.—Candidates for a degree must be at least eighteen years of age, and must, unless graduates of colleges, pass a satisfactory examination in algebra, geometry and plane, analytical and spherical trigonometry, physics and general chemistry. There is a preparatory year for those not qualified for the regular course, which may be entered at the age of seventeen years. Persons not candidates for a degree may, by special arrangement, pursue any of the branches taught in the school without previous examination.

Pecuniary aid extended to those not able to meet the expenses of the school.

The next session begins Oct. 2, 1871. The examination for admission will be held on FRIDAY and SATURDAY, Sept. 29 and 30. For further information and for catalogues, apply to C. F. CHANDLER, Dean of the Faculty, East 49th-st., New-York.

**EUROPEAN BOARDING AND DAY**
SCHOOL FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 23 East Kinney-st., Newark, N. J.

School in session from Sept. 18 to June 16. Mr. and Mme. HARMEGNIES devote their entire time to the school, and, having secured the services of a thorough and accomplished teacher of English, are prepared to furnish their pupils every facility for a thorough education in English, French and German. French and German are the languages of the family, and pupils may speak one or both as their parents determine. Particular attention paid to music. A limited number of boarding pupils will find every home comfort, combined with superior facilities for requiring a finished education. Address Rev. P HARMEGNIES.

**MISS COMSTOCK'S**
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
NO. 32 WEST 40TH-ST.,
Opposite Reservoir Park.
Fall Term will commence
WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1871.
For circulars address as above.

IN ONE VOL. 16MO, LIMP CLOTH, $1.
**GILMAN'S FIRST STEPS IN ENGLISH LITERATURE.**

"I have long made English literature a matter of instruction in this Institute, but I have not before seen any book for schools that seems so well adapted as your 'First Steps' to be a delight to both teacher and pupil."—*From George W. Clarke, Ph. D., Mount Washington Collegiate Institute, New-York.*

HURD & HOUGHTON, New-York. The Riverside Press, Cambridge.

**MISS HINSDALE AND MRS. KEITH**
Will reopen their ENGLISH AND FRENCH BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL,
for young ladies and children,
Nos. 275 and 277 Madison-av.,
ON THURSDAY, SEPT. 21, 1871.
Address by letter until Sept. 5.

**N. Y. INSTITUTE OF ELOCUTION.**
NO. 48 WEST 14TH-ST.
Thorough and simplified system of vocal culture and elocution. Send for circular.
WALTER C. LYMAN, Principal.

**MRS. GARRETSON'S**
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
For young ladies and children,
NO. 58 WEST 47TH-ST., between 5th and 6th avs.,
Will re-open on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1871. Address by letter until Sept. 1.

**BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL**
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND MISSES,
AT FAIR HAVEN ON THE SHREWSBURY.
Lessons in music, French, Latin, drawing, &c. Superior advantages. Terms liberal. A limited number of select pupils only. For circulars, &c., address Mrs. S. E. C. HARWOOD, Fair Haven, near Red Bank, N. J.

**MISS MARY Y. BEAN'S**
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL for young ladies and children, at No. 110 West 42d-st., near Reservoir Park, will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21, 1871.

**MORRIS FEMALE INSTITUTE,**
MORRISTOWN, N. J.,
Offers to a small number of pupils the best educational advantages and a delightful home.
CHARLES G. HAZELTINE, Principal.

**NEW-JERSEY MILITARY INSTITUTE.**
On the Delaware, near Trenton, N. J.
Rev. ELIAS S. SCHENCK, A. M., Principal.
The best always. Send for a circular.

**FRIENDS' SEMINARY,**
Corner East 16th-st. and Rutherfurd-place.
The Fall term commences on the 12th inst. Circulars are to be had at the Seminary.

**UNIVERSITY GRAMMAR SCHOOL,** No. 1 Winthrop-place, prepares boys for business or college; the thirty-fifth year opens Sept. 18. Circulars containing testimonials from Emeritus Chancellor Ferris, and Chancellor Crosby and Faculty of New-York University, and from President Porter and Faculty of Yale College, may be obtained at Howe & Ferry's, No. 76 Bowery; Bacon & Karr's, No. 1 Winthrop-place, and at Thomson Bros., No. 1,107 Broadway.
M. M. HOBBY,
G. CHASE.

**MESSRS. SCHERMERHORN & HAMILTON** will open their English, Classical and Mathematical School, Sept. 18, No. 859 6th-av. Instruction given in all branches of a first-class school, including mercantile accounts; youth desirous of reading a course for college are solicited; the assistants will be well qualified gentlemen; circulars next door.

**CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING,** at the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. A higher and more practical Course of Instruction will be given here than has ever been attempted elsewhere in this country. Re-opens Sept. 13. For the Annual Register, containing improved Course of Study, and full particulars, apply to
Prof. CHARLES DROWNE, Director.

**MRS. COLTON'S BOARDING AND** DAY SCHOOL for Misses and Young Ladies, High-st., Middletown, Conn., reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Refers to Bishop Williams, President Cummings, Middletown; Dr. Bacon, Prof. Hadley, New-Haven; Chancellor Crosby, Dr. J. P. Thompson, J. C. Havemeyer, Esq., New-York; Rev. Dr. Budington.

**MRS. C. B. CURTIS' DAY-SCHOOL** for young ladies and children will open WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Rooms at Emmanuel Church, 57th-st., near Lexington-av. After Sept. 10 applications for admission may be made at the Vestry-room, from 10 to 12 A. M., or address by letter at No. 129 East 23d-st.

**FORT WASHINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE.** —Boarding and day-school for young gentlemen.—170th-st. and Kingsbridge road, N. Y. 17th year. The school will reopen Sept. 15. V. PREVOST, Prin'l, successor to Lespinasse & Provost. Circulars at G. Lespinasse's, No. 25 Pine-st., or at Station M, N. Y.

**AT THOMPSON'S COLLEGE, NO. 20** 4th-av., opposite Cooper Institute, book-keeping, writing, arithmetic, reading, spelling and languages. Day and evening. Ladies' department. Students can enter at any time. Telegraph department; demand for operators.

**BERNARD FRENCH INSTITUTE** reopens Sept. 20, at No. 75 West 38th-st. For circulars and information, apply at the residence of the Principal, No. 225 West 23d-st., where a limited number of boarding pupils will be received in the family.
PROF. A. BERNARD.

**COTTAGE HILL SEMINARY FOR** YOUNG LADIES, POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., WITH MUCH PERSONAL CARE AND CULTURE, PROVIDES THE BEST EDUCATIONAL ADVANTAGES FOUND IN EUROPEAN OR HOME SCHOOLS. REOPENS WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 13. FOR PROSPECTUS, ADDRESS REV. GEO. T. RIDER, RECTOR.

**PUPILS CAN BE LED** TO ADOPT METHOD in study: English studies, mathematics, natural sciences, classics, modern languages. Hosack Hall, Boys' school, No. 57 West 44th-st. C. M. HARRISON, A. M., Principal.

**RARITAN BAY SEMINARY,** PERTH Amboy, N. J., MISS MANNING, Principal. —Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children. Boarding pupils limited to twenty. Sixth scholastic year will begin Sept. 20.

**PACKARD'S NEW-YORK BUSINESS** COLLEGE, Methodist Building, No. 805 Broadway, corner 11th-st., now open; students can enter at any time. Send or call for a circular.
S. S. PACKARD, Principal.

**MISS BALLOW'S ENGLISH AND** French School for Young Ladies and Children, No. 24 East 22d-st., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

**MISS FRASER'S FRENCH AND** English School for young ladies and children will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1871, at No. 50 West 46th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

**MISS PERINE WILL REOPEN HER** English and French School for young ladies and children THURSDAY, Sept. 21, at 108 East 35th-st.

**NEW SCHOOL,** NO. 204 WEST 36TH-ST.—Music and all branches taught. French by native teacher. Primary class, $10.

**GOLDEN HILL INSTITUTE AND** Family Boarding School, Bridgeport, Conn., opens Sept. 19. Rev. G. B. DAY, M. A., Principal.

**MISS F. B. PRIEST** WILL REOPEN HER school No. 229 East 19th-st., WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

**AARON RAND'S SCHOOL** FOR BOYS, No. 1,267 Broadway, reopens MONDAY, Sept. 18.

## INSTRUCTION.

# COLUMBIA

NO. 333 4TH-AV., BETWEEN 24TH AND 25TH STS.

# GRAMMAR

108TH YEAR BEGINS MONDAY, SEPT. 11.

# SCHOOL,

Principals, } DR. R. S. BACON, A. M., LL.B.
} B. H. CAMPBELL, A. M.

Young men thoroughly fitted for college or business by a full corps of competent instructors. CLASSICAL, COMMERCIAL, and PRIMARY DEPARTMENTS. FRENCH, GERMAN, SPANISH, and DRAWING. Rooms light and airy.

No extra charges. Catalogues, containing full particulars, at the bookstores and school.

**THE HERBERT SPENCER SEMINARY,**
A Boarding School for boys at Eagleswood Park, Perth Amboy, N. J.
HOWARD HINTON, A. M., Principal,
Adopts the
**"NATURAL METHOD."**
Opens Sept. 15. For circulars, address the Principal, *Home Journal* Office, No. 3 Park-place, New-York.

**COLUMBIA COLLEGE.**

Scholastic exercises will be resumed in this institution, for the 118th year, on MONDAY, Oct. 2.

Candidates for admission are requested to present themselves at the College, East 49th-st., between Madison and 4th avs., on FRIDAY, Sept. 29, at 9½ A. M.

Candidates conditioned in June, and students of the classes who have conditions to fulfill, will present themselves on SATURDAY, Sept. 30, at the same hour. F. A. P. BARNARD, LL. D., President.

**MISS ANNA T. SINCLAIRE'S**
ENGLISH, FRENCH AND GERMAN
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL FOR PUPILS OF BOTH SEXES, PASSAIC, NEW-JERSEY.

Primary, High School and University course. English branches, languages, music.

The Fall Term for 1871 commences MONDAY, Sept. 11. Pupils entered at any time during the term. For circulars giving full information address Box No. 54 Post-office, Passaic.

Terms reasonable.

**CHARLIER INSTITUTE**
FOR YOUNG LADIES,
No. 167 Madison-av., corner 33d-st.

This day school will reopen Sept. 21. Thorough English course; daily instruction and practice in French and German; class of Belles-lettres; primary department; infant class.

MR. & MRS. ELISEE CHARLIER, Principals.

**MLLE. TARDIVEL'S**

French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 240 West 23d-st., will reopen Sept. 18. Unsurpassed accommodations for boarders. Circulars on application. Until after removal, carriages will call for and return the pupils each day.

**LESPINASSE**
FORT WASHINGTON FRENCH INSTITUTE
For young ladies. French, language of the school.
Opens Sept. 20, 1871. Circulars of
SCHIRMER, No. 701 Broadway.
G. LESPINASSE, No. 25 Pine-st.

**MRS. SYLVANUS REED'S**

French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 101 EAST 38TH-ST., corner Park-av., Murray Hill, New-York. Full term will commence Sept. 20, 1871. Circulars and catalogues sent on request.

**MISS ARMSTRONG'S**
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN
will open at NO. 88 MADISON-AV., New-York,
on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Address as above

**DR. VAN NORMAN'S**

English, French and German Family and Day School for young ladies and children, Nos. 24 and 26 West 51st-st., New-York. Will commence its Fifteenth year Sept. 21, 1871. For full information send for catalogue.

**THE NATIONAL CONSERVATORY.**
A Select School for all branches of music.
(Decker Brothers' Building,)
No. 33 Union-square, near 16th-st.

**EARNEST TEACHING.**
Common sense management.
YONKERS MILITARY INSTITUTE.
Reopens Sept. 14.
BENJAMIN MASON, Box No. 208 Yonkers, N. Y.

**JACKSON MILITARY INSTITUTE,**
Tarrytown, N. Y. Established 1857.
Address Rev. F. J. JACKSON, M. A., Principal.

**FLUSHING INSTITUTE**
FOR BOYS.
School begins Sept. 12.
E. A. FAIRCHILD, Flushing, N. Y.

**THE MISSES DOREMUS**
Will open a Day School for young ladies and children at No. 47 East 21st-st., on Sept. 21.

**MISS RANNEY'S**
Boarding and day school for young ladies. Elizabeth, N. J., will reopen WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20.

**MISS VAN WAGENEN**
Will reopen her Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 27, at No. 13 East 49th-st.

**MISS OLSSEN'S**
English and French School for misses and children, No. 280 4th-av., will reopen Sept. 20.

**THE MISSES HALSEY** HAVE REopened their school at Orange Junction, N. J., and are prepared to receive a limited number of girls under the age of fifteen, who will have all the comforts of a home, with most efficient teaching. For circulars, &c., apply at the School, or to J. L. HALSEY, at Manhattan Life Insurance Company, No. 156 Broadway, New-York.

**$325 FOR BOARD AND TUITION,** one year, at the Stamford (Conn.) Collegiate Institute for ladies. Music and painting only extras. Native teachers of modern languages. Home care and thorough culture. School opens Sept. 20, 1871.
R. C. FLACK, A. M.

**MRS. OGDEN HOFFMAN'S** ENGLISH and French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 17 West 38th-st., N. Y., will be reopened MONDAY, Sept. 25, by her successors, Mme. da SILVA and Mrs. ALEX. BRADFORD. Letters addressed as above will receive prompt attention.

**COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE FOR** young ladies, Poughkeepsie, N. Y.—Established 1849. Opens Sept. 11, 1871. A thorough and systematic course of study. Preparatory class for Vassar College. For catalogue, address GEO. W. COOK, A. M., Principal.

**PLAINFIELD COLLEGE, N. J.,** FOR young ladies, reopens TUESDAY, Sept. 12, 1871. For circulars apply to the Principal, or to VAN KLEECK, CLARK & CO., No. 49 Cedar-st., New-York. D. D. PICKETT, A. M., Principal. Miss E. E. KENYON, Lady Principal.

**SELECT SCHOOL** FOR BOYS AT DEERFIELD, MASS.—This school, limited to six pupils, will reopen on MONDAY, Sept. 18. For particulars concerning it, apply to RICHARD P. JENKS, Deerfield, Mass. Circulars may also be obtained at GEO. R. LOCKWOOD'S bookstore, No. 812 Broadway.

**MRS. J. T. BENEDICT'S BOARDING** and Day School for young ladies and children will reopen at No. 7 East 42d-st., New-York, near the new Union Depot, Oct. 2. Superior advantages in German, French, drawing, &c. Musical department under the care of Profs. F. L. Ritter and S. B. Mills.

**FRANCO-AMERICAN INSTITUTE** for young gentlemen, No. 37 West 33d-st., reopens Sept. 19. E. FEZANDIE, Principal. French language, primary, commercial, classical and scientific departments. The Principal will be at home on and after Sept. 4.

**DUANE S. EVERSON'S SCHOOL** for Boys reopens Sept. 20 at No. 1,146 Broadway, above 26th-st. Thorough instruction in ancient and modern languages and the English branches. Number limited. Circulars at school.

**MRS. FREDERICK JONSON AND** Miss AGNES L. JONES will reopen their French and English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 30 East 35th-st., Sept. 21. Mrs. Jonson will also continue her private classes as formerly.

**THE MISSES GREEN'S SCHOOL** FOR young ladies, No. 1 5th-av., first house from Washington-square, will be reopened by their successors, the Misses GRAHAM, on TUESDAY, the 26th of September.

**ROCKLAND FEMALE INSTITUTE,** NYACK, ON THE HUDSON, N. Y.—The Fall term will commence Sept. 20. For circulars with full particulars, address Rev. L. DELOS MANSFIELD, Principal.

**THE COLLEGIATE SCHOOL,** (founded A. D. 1820,) No. 101 West 14th-st., corner 6th-av., Rev. HENRY B. CHAPIN, Ph. D., Rector.—Fifty-second school year begins Sept. 18, 1871. Boys thoroughly prepared for college or business. Circulars at the school.

**FAMILY SCHOOL FOR BOYS,** NEAR New-York: reference to former patrons; Principal at Astor House Fridays, from 1 to 4. Address, at Unionville, N. Y., S. S. HARTWELL, M. A.

**A FEW YOUNG LADIES AS** BOARDING pupils are received by the Misses BUCKNALL at their suburban residence, New-Brunswick, N. J. The ensuing school year will commence Sept. 19.

**ATHENÆUM SEMINARY** FOR YOUNG Ladies, Brooklyn, N. Y., will reopen Sept. 18. Prof. GEO. N. BIGELOW, A. M., Rev. JOHN F. BIGELOW, D. D., Principals.

**DR. BERTHET'S FRENCH, ENGLISH,** Classical and Mathematical School opens Sept. 18, at No. 105 East 40th-st. Prospectus at LOCKWOOD'S, No. 812 Broadway.

**ST. JOHN'S SCHOOL FOR BOYS,** Sing Sing, N. Y., (formerly Mr. Churchill's school,) Rev. J. BRECKENBRIDGE GIBSON, D. D., Rector. The third year will begin Sept. 19.

**PROF. AND MRS. O. P. HUBBARD'S** Boarding and Day School for young ladies, Grove Hall, New-Haven, Conn., will reopen Sept. 21. Circulars sent on application.

**IRVING INSTITUTE,** TARRYTOWN, N. Y.—A Boarding School for Boys. The school year will commence Sept. 14. For circulars apply to D. S. ROWE, M. A., Principal.

**MRS. WILLIAMES'** ENGLISH AND French Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, 26 West 39th-st., will reopen on THURSDAY, Sept. 21, 1871. Address by letter until Sept. 1.

**MME. DUREN'S** FRENCH AND ENGLISH Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies, No. 175 Columbia Heights, Brooklyn, will commence its eighteenth annual session Sept. 18.

**THE MISSES ROGERS' ENGLISH** and French School, for young ladies and children, No. 352 West 20th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 19.

**MOUNTAIN INSTITUTE,** SUFFERN, N. Y.—Home and instruction for boys. Address T. W. SUFFERN, Principal.

## INSTRUCTION.

**CHARLIER PROTESTANT FRENCH INSTITUTE,**
FOR YOUNG GENTLEMEN,
Nos. 126, 128, 130 East 24th-st.,
WILL REOPEN SEPT. 18.
College, Business, West Point, Navy School.
French, German, Spanish.
Boarding and Primary Departments, Gymnasium, &c. Circulars with names of 1,000 former pupils.
Prof. ELIE CHARLIER, Director.

**ACADEMIC.**

The NEW-YORK YALE SCHOOL (or College & business) reopens WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, at No. 1,193 Broadway, opposite the Sturtevant House. Thorough, energetic, rapid, well organized and equipped. No extras. One price. German and French for all. Rev. H. M. COLTON, A. M., Principal.

**MISS STEERS'**

English and French Boarding and Day SCHOOL for young Ladies and Children, No. 51 West 11th-st., will reopen THURSDAY, Sept. 21. The Boys' Class, No. 48 West 17th-st., will reopen TUESDAY, Sept. 19.

**LYON'S COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,**
NOS. 161 5TH-AV. AND 937 BROADWAY,

Corner 22d-st., opens Sept. 18. Sixteenth year. Rooms spacious, light, airy and steam-heated. Young pupils with Mrs. Lyon, the others with Mr. Lyon. A Yale graduate, he wholly instructs the College class and means that all from this school shall have ample fitness. In five years, 22 have entered College—10 Columbia, 6 Yale, 2 Harvard, 2 Williams, 1 Princeton, 1 Troy Polytechnic. Only three were conditioned. Other classes follow yearly. Light gymnastics. Only good boys desired. This year's patrons of from three to fifteen years' connection:

John Auchincloss,
Jas. B. Adriance,
John Adriance,
Dr. Ed. G. Bartlett,
John Benjamin,
John S. Boyd,
John Brooks,
Wm. E. Bunker,
Josiah H. Burton,
Nathl. W. Chater,
Robert Colby,
Benj. Curtis,
Henry Day,
Thomas Goadby,
Wm. A. Haiden,
James C. Holden,
William Jackson,
Thos. F. Jeremiah,
Edw. Kirkland,
Jos. W. Lester,
Legr'd Lockwood,
John L. Melcher,
James Moir,
Wm. Morrison,
Henry Nicoll,
Julius M. Noyes,
James W. Pryor,
Chas. M. Randall,
Samuel Sloan,
Jas. Somerville,
Homer H. Stuart,
Jas. Symington,
George P. Trigg,
Judge Van Vorst,
Albert Weber,
Ralph Wells.

**BROOKLYN HEIGHTS SEMINARY,**
NOS. 136, 138 AND 140 MONTAGUE-ST.

The Fall session of this English and French Day and Boarding School for young ladies will open Sept. 18.

For circulars apply at the Seminary, or address the subscriber at Buffalo, N. Y., till Sept. 1; after that at the Seminary. CHARLES E. WEST, LL.D.,
BROOKLYN, N. Y. Principal.

**RUTGERS FEMALE COLLEGE,**
NOS. 487, 489, 491 5TH-AV., NEW-YORK.
Opens on TUESDAY, Sept. 26, under the Presidency of Rev. GEORGE W. SAMSON, D. D., LL. D., late President of Columbia College, Washington, D. C.
By order of the Board.
CHARLES CENEY, Secretary.

**MISS WHITCOMB'S**
ENGLISH AND FRENCH
BOARDING AND DAY SCHOOL
FOR YOUNG LADIES AND CHILDREN,
No. 82 Pierrepont-st., Brooklyn Heights, N. Y., will reopen on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20. Address as above.

**MR. CORNWALL'S**
School for boys and young gentlemen advanced in study, No. 1,267 Broadway, will reopen Sept. 18.

**MR. WM. W. NEWELL,** LATELY AN instructor in Harvard University, takes a limited number of pupils to study for college. Rooms and address 129 East 24th-st., (opp. Charlier's French Institute.) Class begins Sept. 18. REFERENCES—President Eliot, Prof. James Russell Lowell, Cambridge; Rev. Morgan Dix, D. D.; Rev. H. W. Bellows, D. D.; Lucius Tuckerman, Esq., N. Y.

**"KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL"** FOR Children, and PRIVATE RECITATION-ROOMS for LADIES, reopen Sept. 21. Object: The physical, mental and moral culture of children; also, to furnish special advantages to ladies not desiring the routine of school. Miss E. M. COE, Prin., 15 W. 42d-st.

**AMERICAN CONSERVATORY** OF MUSIC, No. 211 4th-av., Prof. Henry Schroeder, Director. The largest, oldest and most prominent music school. For prospectus and particulars apply to SL. ELTZ, Secretary.

**MISS DU VERNET** WILL REOPEN HER Preparatory School for boys, and Miss M. F. DU VERNET her classes for little girls, at No. 102 West 29th-st., one door from 6th-av., on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 20, 1871.

**$150 A YEAR**—BOARD AND TUITION at the Episcopal Academy, Haddonfield, N. J. For circulars address Rev. T. M. REILLY, B. D., Rector.

**MME. HERITAN'S FRENCH AND** English Boarding and Day School for young ladies and children, No. 240 West 25th-st., will reopen Sept. 11. Good accommodations for boarders.

**THE MISSES LEGGETT** REOPEN their School for Children, No. 224 10th-st., near 2d-av., Sept. 20.

**S. A. FARRAND'S** SCHOOL FOR BOYS, No. 1,490 Broadway, corner 39th-st., will reopen Sept. 25.

## LAW SCHOOLS.

**COLUMBIA COLLEGE LAW** SCHOOL. —The fourteenth annual term of this institution will commence at No. 37 Lafayette-place, New-York, on WEDNESDAY, Oct. 4, 1871, and will continue until May 15, 1872. The full course of instruction is completed in two terms or in about twenty months. Graduates are admitted to the Bar without further examination. Address, for catalogues or other information, at No. 37 Lafayette-place,
THEODORE W. DWIGHT, Warden, &c.

## TEACHERS.

**EUROPEAN TOUR.**—A CLERGYMAN OF the Protestant Episcopal Church of America, who is going abroad shortly on a tour of eight or ten months, desires one or two more young gentlemen, from seventeen to twenty years of age, of pleasant and tractable disposition, to complete the class he is forming to take with him; highest references. Address RECTOR, care of Messrs. E. P. DUTTON & CO., Church Book-store, Broadway, New-York.

**FIRST-CLASS EDUCATION** IN PARIS. —No. 105 Boulevard Malesherbes. Miss ELLABY and Mlle. BYRE receive into their house a few young ladies, and would take the entire charge of orphans. References permitted to Rev. E. Forbes, Mr. le Pasteur Beiam, Mr. le Pasteur G. Fisch, and other clergymen in Paris; also to Austin, Thorp & Co., No. 380 Broadway, New-York.

**A YOUNG CLERGYMAN** WHO HAS had considerable experience in teaching, would like to form an engagement to teach two or three hours each day in some established school, in New-York or vicinity. Would take a few private pupils. Address T. N., Astoria, N. Y.

**A THOROUGHLY-COMPETENT** teacher of the English branches desires an engagement as visiting governess, or to assist in a private school; unexceptionable references. Address W. W., Station D.

**A GRADUATE OF HARVARD,** EXPERIENCED in teaching, wishes to fit a boy for college, or give private instruction in the languages, mathematics, or English branches. Address E. S. D., No. 257 West 38th-st.

**WANTED**—A RESIDENT TUTOR TO INstruct a class of boys in a private family, in English, French, and German, within an hour of the City. Address, with references, RESIDENT TUTOR, No. 1½ Cedar-st., New-York.

**A LADY OF SUPERIOR** EDUCATION wishes to obtain a few additional pupils in German; best reference given. Address KRAM, Box No. 131 *Times* Office.

**WANTED**—A YOUNG MAN TO RESIDE IN the house, competent to teach the English language and Latin in a small school in the City. Apply at No. 202 West 34th-st., from 2 to 6 P. M.

**WANTED**—A THOROUGH TEACHER OF English, arithmetic and book-keeping, as assistant in a day school for boys. For particulars apply at No. 131 West 43d-st.

**TEACHERS WANTED**—MALES; ONE of penmanship; one for primary department. Apply between 9½ A. M. and 2½ P. M. at No. 252 Madison-av.

## MUSICAL.

# A GREAT OFFER!!

HORACE WATERS, 481 BROADWAY, N. Y., will dispose of ONE HUNDRED PIANOS, MELODEONS and ORGANS of six first-class makers, including Waters', at EXTREMELY LOW PRICES FOR CASH DURING THIS MONTH, or will take from $4 to $20 monthly until paid; to let, and rent applied if purchased. A new kind of PARLOR ORGAN, the most beautiful style and perfect tone ever made, now on exhibition at 481 Broadway.

**CHICKERING & SONS,**
Manufacturers of
GRAND, SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANO-FORTES,

Offer their SUPERIOR INSTRUMENTS for CASH, or on INSTALLMENTS OF TWELVE MONTHLY PAYMENTS. Catalogues sent by mail. Ware-rooms No. 11 East 14th-st., between Broadway and 5th-av.

**TWO YOUNG LADIES WILL GIVE** instruction on the piano at their own or pupil's residence on reasonable terms; both are experienced teachers, and guarantee thorough tuition; best references. Apply personally, or by note, at No. 690 6th-av., near 40th-st.

**M. HALLAM'S MUSICAL** ACADEMY, No. 12 Union-square, 4th-av.—Instructions, viz.: Piano, violin, organ, all orchestral instruments; singing and harmony. Pupils instructed from the first rudiments to the most classical ensemble playing; terms, $10, $15, $25; term begins at time of subscribing.

**ORGANS.**—W. H. DAVIS & SON, NO. 40 Downing-st., offers for sale one Church Organ of two rows of keys, pedals 16 feet, 21 stops and 4 combination stops; also, two second-hand, of 8 stops, one Gothic, one Grecian cases; one of 5 stops do. The above are warranted in perfect order.

**AN ELEGANT** ROUND-CORNERED SEVEN octave rose-wood piano-forte, a bargain; overstrung bass; full-iron plate, rich tone; in use a short time; made to order by best City makers; cost $500 price $275, cash. Apply at No. 690 6th-av., near 40th-st.

## DANCING.

**A. DODWORTH'S**
CLASSES FOR DANCING

will all meet this season at the rooms No. 212 Fifth-avenue, corner of 26th-st., which have been greatly improved in ventilation and elegantly decorated and refurnished. Will commence about the 1st of October, or as soon thereafter as the return of Mr. and Mrs. Dodworth from Europe will allow.

**DE GARMO'S DANCING ACADEMY,**
No. 82 Fifth-av., corner 14th-st. Classes will reopen
TUESDAY, Sept. 26, at 8 P. M., for gentlemen.
TUESDAY, Sept. 26, at 10½ A. M., for ladies only.
SATURDAY, Sept. 30, at 4 P. M., for young ladies, misses and masters. Private lessons given now. Circulars at the Academy

## SHIPPING.

## ANCHOR LINE.

Steamers sail every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, to and from
NEW-YORK AND GLASGOW,
Calling at Londonderry to land Mails and Passengers.

Passengers booked and forwarded to and from all railway stations in Great Britain, Ireland, Germany, Norway, Sweden or Denmark and America as safely, speedily, comfortably and cheaply as by any other route or line.

| "EXPRESS" STEAMERS. | | "EXTRA" STEAMERS. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Columbia | Sat., Sept. 16 | Caledonia | Tues., Sept. 12 |
| Anglia | Sat., Sept. 23 | Dorian | Wed., Sept. 20 |
| Australia | Sat., Sept. 30 | Assyria | Wed., Sept. 27 |
| Britannia | Sat., Oct. 7 | Sidonian | Wed., Oct. 4 |

And every WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY thereafter from Pier 20 North River, New-York, at noon.

Rates of passage, payable in currency, to Liverpool, Glasgow or Derry:

First cabins, $65 and $75, according to location.

Cabin excursion tickets good for twelve months, securing best accommodations, $130.

Intermediate, $33; steerage, $28.

Certificates at lowest rates, can be bought here by those wishing to send for their friends.

Drafts issued, payable on presentation.

Apply at the Company's offices to
HENDERSON BROTHERS, No. 7 Bowling-green.

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## INMAN LINE FOR QUEENSTOWN AND LIVERPOOL.

Royal Mail Steamers are appointed to sail as follows:

CITY OF BALTIMORE..Thursday, Sept. 14, 2 P. M.
CITY OF BRUSSELS.....Saturday, Sept. 16, 4 P. M.
CITY OF DUBLIN.........Thursday, Sept. 21, 3 P. M.
CITY OF LONDON.........Saturday, Sept. 23, 2 P. M.

And each succeeding SATURDAY and THURSDAY, from Pier No. 45 North River.

RATES OF PASSAGE.

| Payable in Gold. | | Payable in Currency. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| First cabin | $75 | Steerage | $30 |
| To London | 80 | To London | 35 |
| To Paris | 90 | To Paris | 38 |

Passengers also forwarded to Havre, Hamburg, Sweden, Norway and Denmark, at reduced rates.

Tickets can be bought here at moderate rates by persons wishing to send for their friends.

For further information apply at the Company's Office.
JOHN G. DALE, Agent,
No. 15 Broadway, New-York.

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## ONLY DIRECT LINE TO FRANCE

THE GENERAL TRANSATLANTIC COMPANY'S MAIL STEAM-SHIPS BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND HAVRE, CALLING AT BREST.

The splendid vessels on this favorite route for the Continent will sail from Pier No. 50 North River, as follows:

ST. LAURENT.....LEMARIE......Saturday, Sept. 23
VILLE DE PARIS..SURMONT......Saturday, Oct. 7
PEREIRE..........DAURE........Saturday, Oct. 21
LAFAYETTE.......ROUSSAN......Saturday, Nov. 4

PRICE OF PASSAGE IN GOLD (including wine) TO BREST OR HAVRE.

First Cabin............$125 | Second Cabin...........$75

These steamers do not carry steerage passengers.

American travelers going to or returning from the Continent of Europe, by taking the steamers of this line, avoid both transit by English railway and the discomforts of crossing the Channel, besides saving time, trouble and expense.
GEORGE MACKENZIE, Agent,
No. 58 Broadway.

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## CUNARD LINE.

THE BRITISH AND NORTH AMERICAN ROYAL MAIL STEAM-SHIPS, BETWEEN NEW-YORK AND LIVERPOOL, CALLING AT CORK HARBOR.

| | |
|---|---|
| Cuba, Wednesday, Sept. 13 | Parthia, Sat'day, Sept. 16 |
| Scotia, Wednesday, Sept. 20 | Algeria, Saturday, Sept. 23 |
| China, Wednesday, Sept. 27 | Abyssinia, Sat'day, Sept. 30 |
| Russia, Wednesday, Oct. 4 | Calabria, Saturday, Oct. 7 |
| Java, Wednesday, Oct. 11 | Batavia, Saturday, Oct. 14 |

RATES OF PASSAGE.

By Wednesday steamers, not carrying Steerage.

| Per Russia and Scotia. | | By other Wednesday ships. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Cabin | $130, gold. | Cabin | $100, gold. |
| Second cabin | 80, gold. | Second cabin | 80, gold. |

Return tickets, cabin..............$220 and $250, gold.
Second cabin.................................150, gold.

By steamers carrying Steerage Passengers.

First cabin.......$80, gold. | Steerage....$30, currency.
Return tickets.................................$150, gold.

Tickets to Paris, $15, gold, additional.

Steerage tickets from Liverpool and Queenstown and all parts of Europe at lowest rates.

Through Bills of Lading given for Belfast, Glasgow, Havre, Antwerp and other ports on the Continent, and for Mediterranean ports.

For freight and cabin passage apply at the Company's Office, No. 4 Bowling-green.

For steerage passage at No. 111 Broadway, Trinity Building.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN, Agent.

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**PASSENGERS PER STEAM-SHIP CUBA** embark from the Cunard Wharf, foot of Grand-st., Jersey City, at 2 P. M. on WEDNESDAY, Sept. 13.
CHAS. G. FRANCKLYN,
No. 4 Bowling-green, New-York.

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## WHITE STAR LINE.

NEW-YORK, CORK AND LIVERPOOL.
NEW AND FULL-POWERED STEAM-SHIPS,
THE SIX LARGEST IN THE WORLD,
6,000 tons burden—3,000 horse-power each.

Sailing from New-York on SATURDAYS, from Liverpool on THURSDAYS, calling at Cork Harbor each way.

ATLANTIC..............................Sept. 9, 1 P. M.
OCEANIC...............................Sept. 23, 2 P. M.
BALTIC..................................Oct. 7, 11 A. M.

From the White Star Dock, Pavonia Ferry, Jersey City. Passenger accommodations (for all classes) unrivaled, combining

**SAFETY, SPEED AND COMFORT.**

Saloons, state-rooms, smoking-room and bath-rooms in midship section, where least motion is felt. Surgeons and stewardesses accompany these steamers.

RATES—Saloon, $80 gold. Steerage, $30 currency. Those wishing to send for friends from the Old Country can now obtain steerage, prepaid certificates, $33, currency.

Passengers booked to or from all parts of America, Paris, Hamburg, Norway, Sweden, India, Australia, China, &c.

Excursion tickets granted at lowest rates.

Drafts from £1 upward.

For inspection of plans and other information, apply at the Company's offices, No. 19 Broadway, New-York.
J. H. SPARKS, Agent.

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## FOR LIVERPOOL.

(VIA QUEENSTOWN,)
CARRYING THE UNITED STATES MAILS.

THE LIVERPOOL AND GREAT WESTERN STEAM COMPANY will dispatch one of their first-class full-power iron-screw steam-ships from PIER NO. 46 NORTH RIVER, EVERY WEDNESDAY as follows:

MANHATTAN, Capt. J. B. PRICE..Sept. 6, at 12 M.
COLORADO, Capt. T. F. FREEMAN..Sept. 13, at 3 P. M.
WISCONSIN, Capt. WILLIAMS.....Sept. 20, at 10 A. M.
NEVADA, Capt. FORSYTH...........Sept. 27, at 3 P. M.
WYOMING, Capt. WHINERAY....Oct. 4, at 9½ A. M.
MINNESOTA, Capt. T. W. FREEMAN..Oct. 11, at 3 P. M.

Cabin passage, $80, gold.

Steerage passage, (Office No. 29 Broadway,) $30, currency.

For freight or cabin passage apply to
WILLIAMS & GUION, No. 63 Wall-st.

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## NATIONAL LINE.

STEAM TO LIVERPOOL AND QUEENSTOWN,
From Pier No. 47 North River.

ENGLAND, THOMPSON, Saturday, Sept. 16, at 3 P. M.
FRANCE, THOMSON, Saturday, Sept. 23, at 1 P. M.
FOR LONDON DIRECT.
ERIN, LAWSON, Tuesday, Sept. 19, at 9 A. M.

Passage to Liverpool, Queenstown, or London direct: Cabin, $75 and $65, currency; steerage, $28 currency.

Prepaid steerage tickets from Liverpool, Queenstown, Londonderry and Glasgow, $32 currency.

For further particulars apply at the Company's offices, No. 69 Broadway.
F. W. J. HURST, Manager.

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## PACIFIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY'S LINE TO

## CALIFORNIA, JAPAN AND CHINA,

VIA PANAMA,
CARRYING MAILS, PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT TO
KINGSTON, JAMAICA, SANTA MARTHA AND GREYTOWN, AND PACIFIC COAST OF MEXICO, CENTRAL AMERICA, PERU, AND CHILI.

Steamers leave 15th and 30th each month, except when those dates fall on Sunday, then the day previous.

Sept. 15—Steamer RISING STAR, Capt. H. P. CONNER, will leave Pier No. 42 North River, at 12 o'clock noon, for Aspinwall via Kingston, connecting at Panama with steamer COLORADO, Capt. ——, touching at Acapulco, Manzanillo and Mazatlan, and also connecting for all Central American and South Pacific ports. Freight for last-named ports received until 4 P. M. of Sept. 13.

Steamer CHINA will leave San Francisco, Sept. 30, for Japan and China. For rates of passage, freight and all further information, apply at Company's office on the pier, foot of Canal-st.
F. R. BABY, Agent.

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## FOR ST. THOMAS AND BRAZIL.

UNITED STATES AND BRAZIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY.

REGULAR MAIL STEAMERS calling on the 23d of every month.

NORTH AMERICA, Capt. G. B. SLOCUM....Sept. 23
MERRIMACK, Capt. WIER........................Oct. 23
SOUTH AMERICA, Capt. E. L. TINKLEPAUGH..Nov. 23

These splendid steamers sail on schedule time, and call at St. Thomas, Para, Pernambuco, Bahia and Rio de Janeiro, going and returning. For engagements of freight or passage, apply to
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green, New-York.

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## U. S. MAIL TO HAVANA.

ATLANTIC MAIL STEAM-SHIP COMPANY. Sailing regularly every THURSDAY, at 3 o'clock P. M. precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

MISSOURI, Capt. J. B. EDWARDS..................Sept. 14
MORRO CASTLE, Capt. R. ADAMS..............Sept. 21
COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE..................Sept. 28

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

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## SAN DOMINGO LINE.

For Puerto Plata, Samana and Santo Domingo City. The United States mail steam-ship TYBEE, Capt. DELANY, will leave Pier No. 4 North River, THURSDAY, Sept. 14, at 3 P. M.

For freight or passage apply to
SPOFFORD BROTHERS & CO.,
No. 29 Broadway.

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## FOR NASSAU, N. P.

CARRYING THE ROYAL MAILS.

Atlantic Mail Steam-ship Company's steamer COLUMBIA, Capt. E. VAN SICE, will sail on THURSDAY, Sept. 7, at 3 o'clock P. M., precisely, from Pier No. 4 North River.

For freight or passage apply to
A. W. DIMOCK, President,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

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**HAVANA, PROGRESO AND VERA CRUZ.**—New-York and Mexican Mail Steam-ship Line, leaving Pier 17 E. River, at 3 P. M., direct to Havana.

CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,) Wed., Sept. 13
CITY OF MERIDA, Deaken..........Monday, Sept. 25
CLEOPATRA, Phillips, (Havana only,)..Wed., Oct. 4
CITY OF MEXICO, Timmerman....Saturday, Oct. 14

For freight or passage apply to
F. ALEXANDRE & SONS, No. 33 Broadway.

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## NOTICE TO TRAVELERS.

Families or gentlemen going to travel on the Continent of Europe, who can afford the expense of a courier, should never leave Paris without one. Their services are invaluable in relieving the traveler from a multiplicity of cares and troubles respecting passports, examination and conveyance of luggage, in securing the best accommodation, in protecting the traveler from imposition and an infinity of annoyances, to which they are exposed in various parts of the Continent. Competent and trustworthy couriers and traveling servants may always be obtained by applying to the COURIER SOCIETY, No. 3 Rue d'Alger, near the Tuileries Garden, Paris.

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## SHIPPING.

## FOR SAVANNAH, GA.

THE FLORIDA PORTS,
AND THE SOUTH AND SOUTH-WEST.
GREAT SOUTHERN FREIGHT AND PASSENGER LINE.
CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA AND ATLANTIC AND GULF RAILROAD.
FOUR STEAMERS A WEEK,
TUESDAYS,
THURSDAYS
AND SATURDAYS.

THE STEAM-SHIPS
VIRGO, Capt. BULKLEY, TUESDAY, Sept. 12, from Pier No. 16 East River, at 3 P. M.
MURRAY, FERRIS & CO., Agents,
Nos. 61 and 62 South-st.

HERMAN LIVINGSTON, Capt. CHEESEMAN, THURSDAY, Sept. ——, from Pier No. 38 North River, at 3 P. M. LIVINGSTON, FOX & CO., Agents,
No. 157 West-st.

SAN SALVADOR, Capt. NICKERSON, SATURDAY, Sept. 16, from Pier No. 8 North River, at 3 P. M.
WM. R. GARRISON, Agent,
No. 5 Bowling-green.

MONTGOMERY, Capt. FAIRCLOTH, SATURDAY, Sept. 16, from Pier No. 13 North River, at 3 P. M.
R. LOWDEN, Agent,
No. 93 West-st.

Insurance by this line ONE-HALF PER CENT.

Superior accommodations for passengers.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with the Atlantic and Gulf Freight line.

Through rates and bills of lading in connection with Central Railroad of Georgia, to all points.

| | |
|---|---|
| C. D. OWENS, | GEORGE YONGE, |
| Agent A. & G. R. R., | Agent C. R. R., |
| No. 229 Broadway. | No. 409 Broadway. |

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**UNITED STATES PASSPORT BUREAU.**—United States passports, indispensable to travelers, issued by J. B. NONES, Passport Agent, No. 91 Duane-st., corner Broadway.

## FINANCIAL.

## THE NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY.

OF THE CITY OF NEW-YORK,
Nos. 261 AND 263 BROADWAY, CORNER OF WARREN-ST.

Capital, - - - - - $1,000,000.

**Pays Four per Cent. Interest per Annum on Deposit, Subject to Check at Sight.**

**Pays Five Per Cent. Interest Per Annum on Special Deposits Remaining Six Months or Longer.**

**Empowered to Act as Financial Agent for States, Corporations, and Individuals.**

**To Act as Agents of Corporations in Issuing Registering, or Countersigning Certificates.**

**To Act as Trustees of Mortgages of Railroads and Other Corporations.**

**To Act as Trustees for Married Women, and May Take Charge of and Manage Their Separate Property.**

**The Company is a Legal Depository for Moneys Paid into Court.**

D. R. MANGAM, President.
JAMES MERRELL, Secretary.

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## GEORGE OPDYKE & CO.,

BANKERS, NO 25 NASSAU-ST.,

offer for sale the following desirable securities:

New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds at par and interest.

New-Jersey Midland Railroad First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, (guaranteed by the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad,) at 95 and interest.

Montclair Railway First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, (guaranteed by the New-York and Oswego Midland Railroad,) at 95 and interest.

St. Louis and South-eastern Railway First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds, at 95 and interest.

Montgomery and Eufaula Railroad First Mortgage 8 per cent. Gold Bonds, indorsed by the State of Alabama, at 95 and interest.

Indianapolis and Vincennes Railroad Second Mortgage 6 per cent. Bonds, (guaranteed by Pennsylvania Railroad,) at 80 and interest.

Gallatin County, Illinois, 7 per cent. Bonds, (interest payable semi-annually in New-York by State of Illinois, at 82½ and interest.

White County, Illinois, 8 per cent. Bonds, (interest payable semi-annually in New-York by State of Illinois,) at 92½ and interest.

Clark County, Missouri, 8 per cent. Bonds, at 90 and interest.

Clark County, Missouri, 7 per cent. Bonds, at 82½ and interest.

Jefferson, Texas, 10 per cent. Bonds, (issued for municipal purposes,) at 92½ and interest.

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## $150,000 NEW-JERSEY INVESTMENT.

## VINELAND RAILWAY BONDS.

$16,000 per mile, Seven per Cent., free of tax; interest due April and October. Principal payable 1890.

The undersigned offers the unsold balance of the First and only Mortgage Bonds of the Vineland Railway Company, the entire Loan being $750,000.

The line begins at the terminus of the New-Jersey Southern Railroad, and extends to the Delaware River, is 47½ miles, and traverses the garden of New-Jersey—almost the entire length passing through a rich and cultivated country,—the products of which will be brought to Philadelphia and New-York by this line.

The flourishing towns of Vineland and Bridgeton are on the route.

On the opposite shore of the Delaware River the Smyrna Road is constructing, and will form a part of a through line to Baltimore.

Thirty-seven miles are now operated, and the remaining ten miles will be laid by Sept. 20.

The road-bed is not surpassed in the United States. Traffic constantly increasing.

The investment is secure beyond question. For a short time the price will be 88 and accrued interest.
H. G. MARQUAND,
NO. 120 BROADWAY.

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## JOHN J. CISCO & SON,

BANKERS,
No. 59 Wall-St., New-York,

RECEIVE DEPOSITS subject to check at sight, on which INTEREST is allowed at the rate of FOUR PER CENT. per annum.

Checks drawn on us are received on deposit by all the City banks.

CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT issued, payable on demand.

GOVERNMENTS, GOLD, STOCKS and BONDS bought and sold on commission.

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## VERMILYE & CO.

## BANKERS,

16 and 18 Nassau-st., New-York.

DEALERS IN ALL ISSUES OF GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.
BUY AND SELL ON COMMISSION
RAILWAY STOCKS, BONDS AND GOLD.
MAKING LIBERAL ADVANCES.
INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.

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**JOHN MUNROE & CO.,**
BANKERS,
NO. 8 WALL-ST., NEW-YORK,
Issue Circular Letters of Credit for Travelers, and Draw Bills on
MUNROE & CO., No. 7 Rue Scribe, Paris, and
ALEXANDERS, CUNLIFFES & CO.,
No. 30 Lombard-st., London.

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OFFICE OF THE GOETZEL SILVER MINING COMPANY OF COLORADO, NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1871.

**THE ANNUAL MEETING** OF THE stockholders of this Company for the election of seven Directors for the ensuing year will be held at the office of the Company, No. 12 Centre-st., in the City of New-York, on Friday, the 22d day of September, 1871, at 12 noon.
MATHIAS GOETZEL, President.

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**BROWN BROTHERS & CO.**
NO. 59 WALL-ST.,
issue COMMERCIAL and TRAVELERS' CREDITS AVAILABLE in all PARTS of the WORLD.

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**LOST**—CERTIFICATE NO. 1,402 FOR FIFTEEN shares Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, in the name of H. W. Suter, Boston. All persons are cautioned against negotiating the same.
BOWERS & BOOCOCK, No. 36 Broad-st.

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**ILLINOIS REGISTERED BONDS.**

Also other safe and desirable securities. For sale by
FITCH & ELLIS, Bankers,
No. 11 Pine-st.

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**ATLANTIC MUTUAL INSURANCE** Scrip of all issues wanted by WM. C. GILMAN, No. 46 Pine-st., corner William-st.

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## FINANCIAL.

## First Mortgage, Convertible, 7 Per Cent. Gold Bonds

OF THE

## PEORIA & ROCK ISLAND RAILWAY

OF ILLINOIS.

First Mortgage Bonds - - - $1,500,000
Capital Stock - - - - - - - - 2,000,000

This is a **COMPLETED** Road 91 miles in length, connecting the important Cities of Peoria on the Illinois River, and Rock Island, Moline and Davenport, on the Mississippi. Davenport, on the opposite bank of the river, is connected by a railway bridge. The last rail of this road was laid July 7, 1871, and the line is now open and being operated with a success exceeding all anticipation. In order to place upon the road the large equipment necessary for the business offered, and to construct depots, car and engine-houses, machine-shops, &c., equal to any of the best old roads in the country, as is now required of this, the Company offer, through the undersigned, $1,500,000 convertible first mortgage gold bonds, which cover the entire property of the Company, and is less than $17,000 per mile. **PRESENT PRICE, 90, AND ACCRUED INTEREST IN CURRENCY.** Principal and interest payable in coin at New-York or London, free of tax.

This road, opened for the immense local as well as through traffic, now offered, will prove one of the most profitable in the West, traversing as it does a section of country unsurpassed in fertility of soil and agricultural resources, already thickly populated and in a high state of cultivation. This is self-evident from the fact that every section of the road passes through cultivated fields and many flourishing towns and villages, with a large city and navigable river at each end. Railroads in the West have been heretofore constructed through unsettled and uncultivated regions of the country, consequently have had but little local traffic to depend upon for several years after construction. But the Peoria and Rock Island Railway is a first class **COMPLETED** road, with **NO PARALLEL** or **COMPETING LINE**, and **RUNS THROUGH ONE OF THE RICHEST AGRICULTURAL, MANUFACTURING AND MOST POPULOUS DISTRICTS IN THE WEST.** Thus it is certain that the local business is already more than enough to sustain the road, while the through traffic is unlimited, as its connections are numerous, which can be seen by a glance at the map.

This road is a grand central link, to which many of the principal lines centralize and diverge to all parts of the continent.

We invite the attention of investors to this loan. Being familiar with the wealth and resources of the country along the line of this railway and A MEMBER OF OUR FIRM HAVING MADE A CAREFUL EXAMINATION OF THE ROAD AND ITS PROPERTY, WE CAN WITH THE UTMOST CONFIDENCE RECOMMEND THE BONDS AS A PRIME SECURITY, reliable and safe in every particular.

All marketable securities received in exchange at full rates, and bonds delivered to all parts of the country, free of express charges.

Maps, circulars, &c., with full particulars relating to the road, furnished on application by the undersigned, Financial Agents of the Company.

**TURNER BROTHERS,**
Bankers, No. 14 Nassau-st., New-York.

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## Montclair Railway

OF

## NEW-JERSEY,

(NOW NEARLY COMPLETED,)

## 7 PER CENT

## FIRST MORTGAGE

## GOLD BONDS,

INDORSED BY THE N. Y. & O. MIDLAND CO.,
MAY BE HAD BY APPLICATION TO
LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER,
NO. 10 WALL-ST.,
AND THE
MONTCLAIR RAILWAY CO.,
NO. 25 NASSAU-ST.

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## TURNER BROTHERS,

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| M. C. Turner,<br>T. C. Turner,<br>J. Turner,<br>R. Turner, | BANKERS, | A. Turner,<br>G. M. Turner,<br>J. S. Decker. |

No. 14 Nassau-st., N. Y.,
(Corner Pine-st., opposite United States Treasury.)

Interest allowed on daily balances. Certificates of Deposit issued available at all business centres.

Collections made with prompt returns. Stocks, Bonds, Gold, &c., bought and sold on commission. Advances made on approved securities.

Sight Drafts and Telegraphic Transfers on San Francisco.

Desirable investment securities for sale.

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BANKING HOUSE OF
## Geo. Opdyke & Co
25 NASSAU ST
CORNER OF CEDAR ST.

FOUR PER CENT. interest allowed on current accounts, subject to check at sight.

PRIME INVESTMENTS for trust and other funds always on hand.

INVESTMENT ORDERS promptly executed for Governments, Gold, Bonds and other Securities.

COLLECTIONS WANTED ON CHICAGO, KEOKUK, DES MOINES, IOWA CITY, ST. JOSEPH, and other points in the Western States.

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## NOTICE

Is hereby given that there will be held a meeting of the stockholders of the Atlantic Manufacturing Company of New-York, at the office of said Company, at Nos. 82 and 84 Worth-st., in the City of New-York, on the 30th of September, at 12 o'clock M., to vote upon the question of increasing the capital stock of said Atlantic Manufacturing Company to $350,000, and for the transaction of any other business that may legally come before the meeting.

R. N. WOODWORTH,
JOHN H. FAXON,
S. E. TEMPLE, } Trustees.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 8, 1871.

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**$600,000.**

SOUTH CAROLINA RAILROAD COMPANY
7 PER CENT. FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS.
Principal due 1st January, 1888, and coupons payable in New-York 1st January and 1st July.

These bonds are secured by mortgage in pursuance of a deed executed on the 1st of January, 1868, in which Henry Gourdin, H. P. Walker and James M. Calder are named trustees, being the only mortgage lien on the railway and rolling stock of the corporation, and are part of an issue made in conversion of sterling bonds amounting to £619,500 sterling, being the equivalent in United States currency to about $3,100,000, and less than $13,000 per mile, the length of railway being 243 miles.

The gross receipts of the Company for 1870 amounted to $1,468,340 53; operating expenses and renewals, $916,095 82, showing a profit of $552,244 71, or $335,244 71 in excess of its annual interest of 7 per cent. on $3,100,000 First Mortgage Bonds.

The South Carolina Railway is one of the earliest built railways in the United States; its affairs have ever been managed with care and integrity, and the present condition of the property is that of complete restoration. We recommend to investors its Mortgage Bonds, with the assurance of their being a first class security.

The above described bonds are offered for sale by the undersigned at 87½ per cent.
JAMES ROBB, KING & CO.,
No. 56 Wall-st.

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OFFICE OF THE NEW-YORK, HOUSATONIC AND NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, NO. 137 BROADWAY, NEW-YORK, Aug. 12, 1871.

**THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of this Company for the election of Directors and Inspectors of Election for the ensuing year will be held at this office on TUESDAY, Sept. 12, 1871, at 12 M. Action will also be had at such meeting in relation to the acceptance of an act passed by the General Assembly of the State of Connecticut at its May session, 1871, affecting the charter of this Company and its powers and privileges in that State.
S. SERGEANT, Secretary.

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**BONDS OF QUINCY CITY,** ILLINOIS, for sale by W. B. SCOTT & CO., No. 44 Pine-st.

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## FINANCIAL.

## $1,000,000

Connecticut Valley Railroad Company

## BONDS!

**Proposals will be received at the Connecticut River Banking Company, in Hartford, until 3 o'clock P. M. Saturday, Sept. 23, 1871, for the purchase of the whole or any part of**

## ONE MILLION DOLLARS

**Of the First Mortgage Seven per Cent. Non-Taxable Bonds of the Connecticut Valley Railroad Company.**

This is the whole issue, the first and only mortgage, and covers the entire property, equipment and franchise of the road.

The railroad has been built with cash subscriptions to the stock.

The Capital Stock is **$1,500,000.**

The amount paid in is **$1,200,000,** and the Bonds are issued for the complete and thorough equipment of the road.

These Bonds are payable thirty years from Jan. 1, 1871.

They are registered at the office of the Controller of the State of Connecticut, and are free from all taxes, State, municipal, and income.

They are in denominations of **$1,000** each, with interest coupons attached, payable semi-annually, in January and July at the American Exchange National Bank, New-York, or Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn.

They can be registered, if desired, and when registered, the coupons are payable to the order of the registered holder thereof.

The line of the road is on the west bank of the Connecticut River, is forty-four miles in length, extending from Hartford to Saybrook on the Sound—touching all the important towns and villages on the route.

Regular passenger-trains were running within fifteen months from the beginning of work on the road, the daily receipts from which are nearly equal to the interest on the Mortgage Bonds.

Two additional passenger-trains and also freight-trains, will be in operation by Oct. 1, 1871, and it is affirmed that the Winter traffic will be large.

A certified check or currency for ten per cent. of the par value of Bonds applied for must be inclosed with each application.

The accrued interest will be added to all accepted proposals, from July 1, 1871, until the final payment, WHICH MAY BE AT THE OPTION OF THE PURCHASER, until and including Oct. 10, 1871.

The sum advanced on proposals declined will be promptly returned.

Proposals may be addressed to

**JOHN A. BUTLER,**
Connecticut River Banking Company, Hartford, Conn., indorsed "Proposals for Bonds of the Connecticut Valley Railroad Company."

The right is reserved to decline all proposals which may be considered undesirable.

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## FIRST-CLASS

## CITY AND COUNTY BONDS,

PAYING FROM

## 10 TO 12 PER CENT.,

FREE OF ALL TAXES.
INTEREST COUPONS PROMPTLY PAID SEMI-ANNUALLY IN NEW-YORK.
CHOICE SECURITIES OF UNDOUBTED CHARACTER BELOW PAR.

CASH VALUATION OF PROPERTY..............$45,719,817
WHOLE INDEBTEDNESS, (LIMITED,) ONLY........892,000

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES RECEIVED IN EXCHANGE AT THE BEST RATES, AND BONDS PURCHASED BY OUT-OF-TOWN RESIDENTS SENT BY EXPRESS FREE OF CHARGE.

TRUSTEES, EXECUTORS OF ESTATES, CAPITALISTS, AND OTHERS SEEKING RELIABLE INVESTMENTS, ARE PURCHASING THESE LOANS.

ALSO, AN EXTENSIVE VARIETY OF OTHER SECURITIES FOR SAFE AND PROFITABLE INVESTMENTS AT LOW RATES, FOR SALE BY

**ALBERT H. NICOLAY,**
BANKER, STOCK AUCTIONEER, DEALER AND BROKER IN MUNICIPAL BONDS,
NO. 43 PINE-ST.

N. B.—FIRST-CLASS INVESTMENT SECURITIES, PAYING LARGE RATES OF INTEREST, A SPECIALTY WITH THIS HOUSE FOR MANY YEARS.

---

NEW-YORK, Sept. 4, 1871.

**THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE** stockholders of the Grand Tower Mining, Manufacturing and Transportation Company, and the election of Directors, will be held in the City of New-York, at the office of the Company, No. 33 Wall-st., on TUESDAY, Oct. 3, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.
JOHN CHILD, Secretary.

## DIVIDENDS.

MONTCLAIR RAILWAY COMPANY, No. 25 Nassau-st.

**THE COUPONS AND REGISTERED** interest due Sept. 1, 1871, on the First Mortgage Bonds of this Company will be paid at the office of Messrs. LEONARD, SHELDON & FOSTER, No. 10 Wall-st., on and after that date.
H. R. LOW, Treasurer.

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THE NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE, ALBANY, Sept. 8, 1871.

**THE DIRECTORS OF THIS COMPANY** have declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. on the capital stock thereof, payable on MONDAY, the 16th day of October next, at the office of Messrs. Duncan, Sherman & Co., in the City of New-York.

They have also declared a Dividend of Four (4) per Cent. on the "consolidation certificates" issued by the Company, payable on the same date, at the office of the Union Trust Company, in the City of New-York.

The transfer-books will be closed at the close of business on Saturday, the 16th day of September inst., and will be reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 18th day of October next.
E. D. WORCESTER, Treasurer.

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OFFICE OF HOFFMAN PETROLEUM COMPANY, No. 8 PINE-ST., NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1871.

**THE TRUSTEES OF THE HOFFMAN** Petroleum Company have this day declared a dividend of Four Cents per share on the capital stock of the Company, payable on demand to stockholders of this date.
AUSTIN STEVENS, Secretary.

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**THE JEFFERSON INSURANCE COMPANY** will pay their regular Semi-annual Dividend of Five per Cent., free of tax, on demand, at their office, No. 111 Broadway.
WM. B. FLOWERY, Secretary.
NEW-YORK, Sept. 11, 1871.

## SAVINGS BANKS.

**ATLANTIC SAVINGS BANK,**
NEW-YORK.

STATEMENT.......................................Sept. 1, 1871.

ASSETS.

| | |
|---|---|
| 1. U. S. Bonds | $663,000 00 |
| 2. N. Y. State, City and County Bonds | 441,000 00 |
| 3. Towns (New-York State) Bonds | 240,000 00 |
| 4. Bonds and mortgages (value of property mortgaged, $1,960,000) | 882,726 50 |
| 5. Loaned on call (on U. S. and other public bonds) | 352,900 00 |
| 6. Real Estate | 75,000 00 |
| 7. Cash | 358,030 62 |
| Accrued interest on items above mentioned (4, 5 and 8) estimated | 29,000 00 |
| Total assets | $3,011,657 12 |

LIABILITIES.

Amount due Depositors.......$2,784,442 52
Two months' accrued interest. 24,000 00—2,808,442 52

Surplus assets over liabilities.................$203,214 60

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW-YORK, ss.—HARRISON HALL, being duly sworn, deposes and says that he is President of the Atlantic Savings Bank of the City of New-York, that the above statement is a true and correct statement of the condition of the said Bank.
HARRISON HALL.

Sworn to before me this 9th day of September, A. D., 1871.
JOS. W. DUGLISS,
Notary Public New-York County.

In addition to the above, we have pleasure in having the subjoined certificate of PHILO T. RUGGLES, Esq., as a further confirmation of the entire soundness of the financial condition of the Atlantic Savings Bank:

"In order to dispel any apprehensions on the part of depositors, or others interested, arising from the appointment of myself as examiner of the affairs, &c., of the Atlantic Savings Bank, on the petition of one of its Trustees, I, PHILO T. RUGGLES, do hereby certify that the entire solvency of said Bank is in nowise called in question, and that from my examination of the assets and liabilities of the Bank, I regard its solvency and soundness as beyond all doubt. Dated, New-York, Sept. 8, 1871.
PHILO T. RUGGLES.

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**UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK,**
Nos. 396 and 398 Canal-st., corner of Laight.
SIX PER CENT. INTEREST ON $5 TO $5,000.
ASSETS, $9,510,236 14.

## FURNITURE.

**WARREN WARD & CO., MANUFACTURERS** and wholesale and retail dealers in EVERY VARIETY OF FURNITURE for City and country residences.
Nos. 75 and 77 Spring-st., corner of Crosby.

## HORSES AND CARRIAGES.

**ELEGANT CARRIAGE HORSES FOR SALE.**—A pair of glossy black, 17 hands, six years old; sound and reliable; nothing finer of their class in the City; just from the country. To be seen at Lamb & Son's stables, 58th-st., near 5th-av.; inquire for coachman, SAM.

**FOR SALE**—ONE OF THE FINEST CART or truck horses in the City; he is 6 years old, 16½ hands high, weighs 14 cwt.; warranted sound and kind in every respect; a trial given. Can be seen at No. 272 Mott-st.

**FOR SALE CHEAP**—A VERY STYLISH black horse, 16 hands high, 8 years old; sound and kind; is a perfect family horse; sold only for want of use. Can be seen at SIMPSON'S stables, No. 148 East 39th-st.

**FOR SALE**—HORSE 15½ HANDS; SOUND, kind; also pony, suited for light work, price $115; wagon, harness, butcher cart and harness cheap. Apply at No. 204 West 16th-st., near 7th-av.

**FOR SALE CHEAP**—A FINE, BIG BAY horse, 6 years old, sound and kind; good driver; fit for any use. Apply at Nos. 110 and 112 West 50th-st.

**FOR SALE**—CITY-MADE LEATHER TOP-buggy; price, $100; also, single and double harness, at a bargain. Apply at No. 132 West 25th-st.

**FOR SALE,** FOR WANT OF USE, A young horse, four years old. Apply to DANIEL MORRISON, No 232 Delancey-st., corner Willett.

**FOR SALE**—A BEAUTIFUL CITY-BUILT coupe rockaway, nearly new, at the private stable No. 219 West 41st-st.; will be sold very cheap.

## BOARDING AND LODGING.

**NO. 3 WEST 37TH-ST.,** NEAR 5TH-AV. MRS. F. W. PUTNAM has very desirable rooms en suite, with private table, and all modern conveniences; first and second floor separate or together.

**FURNISHED ROOMS, WITH PARTIAL BOARD.**—A small American family, occupying a first-class brown-stone house, would accommodate two or three gentlemen with furnished rooms and Sunday board. Call at No. 225 East 49th-st.

**NO. 50 WEST 19TH-ST.**—ELEGANT suite of three large rooms, parlor and two bedrooms, entire second floor, handsomely furnished; also other rooms; strictly first-class in every respect; references.

**A SMALL FAMILY** OR PARTY OF adults willing to pay liberally for home comforts in a private family, can hear of an opportunity by calling today at No. 150 West 22d-st. Best of references given and required.

**NO. 117 EAST 28TH-ST., NEAR** 4TH-av.—Furnished rooms to let, with board, suitable for families or gentlemen and their wives; a first-class house and location.

**BOARDERS WANTED**—NO. 104 LEXINGTON-av.; handsomely-furnished parlors and bedrooms to first-class families, with board; rooms for gentlemen; references given and required.

**NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM,** WITH board, for gentleman and wife, or two gentlemen; family private; terms very low. No. 151 West 10th-st., near Waverley-place.

**ONE OR TWO HANDSOMELY-FURNISHED** rooms, for gentlemen only; breakfast if desired; house very desirable; small private family. No. 52 West 21st-st.

**NO. 50 WEST 28TH-ST.** — PARTIES willing to pay a remunerative price can find handsomely-furnished rooms and unexceptionable board; references exchanged.

**FURNISHED ROOMS** TO LET EN SUITE or singly, with breakfast if required, at No. 255 4th-av., near 20th-st. References.

**NO. 258 WEST 23D-ST.**—TWO ALCOVE rooms, with first-class board. References exchanged.

**NO. 28 WEST 12TH-ST.,** NEAR 5TH-AV.—Handsome furnished rooms, en suite or singly, for a party of gentlemen or family, with first-class board.

**NO. 39 WEST 33D-ST. BETWEEN** 5th-av. and Broadway—Large pleasant rooms, en suite or single, with first-class board, attendance, &c.

**SECOND DOOR FROM** UNION LEAGUE CLUB.—Two or three gentlemen can obtain pleasant rooms, with or without board. 40 East 26th-st.

**FAMILIES AND SINGLE GENTLEMEN** can obtain good board, with pleasant rooms, at No. 37 West 16th-st.

**NO. 109 EAST 12TH-ST.**—A SECOND floor to let, with or without private table; also, one or two other rooms, with board; references exchanged.

**A NICE FURNISHED ROOM FOR** gentlemen; first-class house and location; bath, &c.; rent $2 per week. Call at No. 216 East 10th-st.

**TWO SUITES OF** HANDSOME NICELY-furnished rooms may be had by desirable persons at No. 29 West 18th-st.

**FIRST-CLASS ROOMS,** WITH BOARD, at No. 34 West 40th-st., between 5th and 6th avs.

**PLEASANTLY FURNISHED** ROOMS, with board, for gentlemen. Apply at No. 61 2d-av.

## COUNTRY BOARD.

**SUMMER BOARD** AT AMENIA SEMINARY, Amenia, N. Y., until Sept. 25 Direct run by Harlem cars. Send for prospectus.
S. T. FROST, A. M., Principal and Proprietor.

**COUNTRY BOARD**—PLEASANT ROOMS at Birdsall House. Address C. BIRDSALL, proprietor, Cornwall Landing, N. Y.

**BOARD AT CORNWALL**—GOOD COTTAGE rooms. JAMES E. ROE.

## SUMMER RESORTS.

**CATSKILL MOUNTAIN HOUSE,**
SEPT. 7, 1871.

Notwithstanding all reports to the contrary, this hotel will be kept open until the 1st of October, thereby giving the traveling public an opportunity to enjoy the wonderful view, and see the mountains covered with the brilliant foliage of Autumn.

Stages connect at Catskill, as usual, with the boats and Hudson River Railroad trains.
C. L. BEACH, Proprietor.

**MEARNS' HOUSE.**—THIS LARGE first-class private boarding-house will not close till November. Address A. MEARNS, JR., Highland Falls, near West Point, N. Y.

## FOREIGN HOTELS.

**ROYAL VICTORIA HOTEL,**
NASSAU, N. P., BAHAMAS.

This house will open for the Winter season, Nov. 1. For circular containing full particulars, address JAMES LIDGERWOOD, No. 758 Broadway, New-York.
LEWIS F. CLEVELAND, Proprietor.

**GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.**
Rue de Rivoli.
General reduction of prices.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Seven hundred drawing-rooms and bedrooms,
Elegantly furnished, at from 3 francs.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Breakfasts at 3 francs 50 centimes, wine included,
From 10 A. M. till 1 P. M.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Dinners at 5 francs, wine included,
Daily, at 6 P. M.
GRAND HOTEL DU LOUVRE, PARIS.
Reduction throughout.

## RAILROADS.

**NEW-YORK CENTRAL AND HUDSON RIVER RAILROAD.**

Trains leave 30th-st., as follows:
8:00 A. M., Chicago and Montreal express.
9:00 A. M., Saratoga special express.
10:30 A. M., Special Chicago express, fast train, with drawing-room cars to Buffalo and Niagara Falls.
11:00 A. M., Northern and Western express.
3:45 P. M., Saratoga special express.
4:00 P. M., Montreal express. Sleeping-cars from New-York to St. Albans.
6:00 P. M., First Pacific express, with sleeping-cars for Watertown, Syracuse, Oswego and Canandaigua.
8:00 P. M., Second Pacific Express, with sleeping-cars for Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls, also for Chicago via both L. S. and M. C. Railroads, for St. Louis via Toledo, and Louisville via Indianapolis. This train will leave on Sundays at 8 P. M.
11:00 P. M., Utica and Troy Express, with through sleeping-cars.
2:00 P. M., Hudson Special train.
7:00 A. M. and 5 P. M., Poughkeepsie trains.
9:45 A. M., 12:30, 4:15, and 6:15 P. M., Peekskill trains.
5:30 and 7:00 P. M., Sing Sing trains.
6:30, 7:10, 9:05, and 10:00 A. M., 1:30, 3:00, 4:25, 5:10, 8:10, and 11:30 P. M., Yonkers trains.
Sunday Way Trains.—8:30 A. M., and 4:00 P. M., Yonkers Special; 9:00 A. M., Poughkeepsie Special, makes no stop south of Yonkers.
C. H. KENDRICK, General Passenger Agent.
NEW-YORK, June 26, 1871.

**SOUTH-SIDE RAILROAD OF LONG ISLAND.**

The only double track Railroad on Long Island.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
Commencing MONDAY, May 15, 1871, from Roosevelt and Grand-st. Ferries.
8:00 A. M. Mail for Patchogue, connection at Babylon, for Fire Island, and at Patchogue by stage for Belleport and Fire Place.
9:00 A. M. Rockaway Excursion.*
10:00 A. M. Accommodation for Babylon.
3:30 P. M. Express for Patchogue, connecting at Babylon for Fire Island, and from Patchogue by stage for Belleport and Fire Place.
4:30 P. M. Patchogue Accommodation.
5:30 P. M. Babylon Accommodation.
6:30 P. M. Merrick Accommodation.
The 8:00 and 10:00 A. M.; and 3:30, 4:30 and 6:30 P. M. trains connect at Valley Stream for Hempstead and Rockaway.
C. W. DOUGLAS, Superintendent.
For further particulars see time table.
*This train will commence running July 1, 1871.

**LONG ISLAND RAILROAD COMPANY.**

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.
On and after WEDNESDAY, May 24, 1871, trains will leave James-slip as follows:
8:00 A. M.—Greenport and Sag Harbor.
8:00 A. M.—Northport and Glen Cove.
10:30 A. M.—Hicksville Way Train.
3:30 P. M.—Greenport and Sag Harbor Express.
4:30 P. M.—Northport and Glen Cove Express.
4:30 P. M.—Riverhead Express.
6:00 P. M.—Northport Way Train.
All trains connect at Mineola with Hempstead.
Sunday Excursion Trains for Roslyn, Glen Cove, Locust Valley, Hicksville, Huntington and Northport, leave Hunter's Point at 9 A. M. and 6 P. M.

**NEWPORT AND WICKFORD RAILROAD AND STEAM-BOAT CO.**

Through trains connecting with this Road leave New-Haven Railroad Depot daily, (except Sundays,) at 8 A. M. and 12:15 P. M.

Drawing-room cars with 12:15 train.

Passengers by this route avoid the passage around Point Judith, and reach Newport in less than eight hours.
THEODORE WARREN, Agent.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**GRAND OPERA-HOUSE.**
LAST WEEK
of the eminent artists,
MR. AND MRS. BANDMANN.
MONDAY EVENING, SEPT. 11,
and every evening during the week, (except Thursday evening,) and
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 2,
the great drama of
NARCISSE,
specially rewritten for Mr. and Mrs. BANDMANN
by TOM TAYLOR.
NARCISSE.........................MR. BANDMANN.
DORIS QUINAULT...........MRS. BANDMANN
Assisted by a powerful cast in the other characters.
THURSDAY, SEPT. 14,
BENEFIT OF MR. BANDMANN,
when he will appear as
SHYLOCK
in Shakespeare's
MERCHANT OF VENICE.

Seats can be secured daily from 8 A. M. to 5 P. M. at the box-office, at G. Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the Erie ticket-office, 23d-st., junction of Broadway and 5th-av.

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**STEINWAY HALL.**
TRIUMPHANT SUCCESS of the WORLD-FAMED
VIENNA LADY ORCHESTRA,
consisting of over twenty young ladies, who will again appear in a
GRAND CONCERT THIS EVENING,
EVERY EVENING THIS WEEK,
AND AT A
GRAND MATINEE ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON,
ASSISTED BY
MLLE. ANNA ELZER,
the wonderful twelve-year old Soprano, and
MR. JACOB MULLER,
the admired Baritone.
GENERAL ADMISSION...........ONE DOLLAR.
RESERVED SEATS FIFTY CENTS EXTRA.

Seats to the Grand Matinee reserved without extra charge.

Seats secured at Steinway Hall, Schirmer's, No. 701 Broadway, and at the theatre ticket-office, No. 114 Broadway.

---

**FIFTH-AVENUE THEATRE.**
Sole Lessee and Manager..........Mr. Augustin Daly

EVERY NIGHT AT 8.
The great Drama of the times,
DIVORCE.

All the brilliant new company in the cast.
DIVORCE. MATINEE SATURDAY AT 1½.
SEATS SECURED TEN DAYS IN ADVANCE.

---

**OLYMPIC THEATRE.**
CROWDED HOUSES
EVERY NIGHT
testify to the great success of
G. L. FOX'S
world-renowned and Spectacular Ballet Pantomime,
HUMPTY DUMPTY.
G. L. FOX..............................as..............................Clown
THE GREAT KIRALFY TROUPE OF EUROPEAN ARTISTS.
Matinees every Wednesday and Saturday.
Seats secured six days in advance.

---

**PARIS PAVILION CIRCUS.**
DAN RICE, MANAGER AND PROPRIETOR.
LAST WEEK OF THE
GREAT AMPHITHEATRE,
In Brooklyn, Fulton-st., near Hoyt.
Box-office open from 9 to 4.

Seats secured for any exhibition during the week.

Also at Swayne's bookstore, No. 216 Fulton-st., Brooklyn.

DAILY MATINEE AT 2½ P. M.

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**OPEN DAY AND NIGHT.**
GRAND INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION
of the American Institute in the monster building, covering the block 3d and 2d avs., 63d and 64th sts., over 600 feet long, with over 100,000 square feet exhibition space. Thousands of attractive novelties from all parts of the Union.
MECHANICAL MIRACLES.
Machinery run by over 200-horse power, making all sorts of things, from carpets down to fringes and tassels, before your eyes. Beautiful decorations. A marvelous sight that none should miss. Splendid music. Every afternoon and evening. Admission, 50 cents. Children half price. See small bills.

---

**WALLACK'S.** FIFTH WEEK,
and LAST BUT ONE of the Queen of Burlesque,
MISS LYDIA THOMPSON
AND HER NEW COMPANY.
THIS EVENING and SATURDAY MATINEE,
THE
PRINCESS OF TREBIZONDE,
PRINCESS OF TREBIZONDE,
supported by Miss Lydia Thompson and her entire company.

---

**DUBUFE'S GREAT PAINTING,**
THE PRODIGAL SON,
Now on exhibition, DAY and EVENING, from 10 A. M. to 10 P. M.
Leavitt Art Rooms, No. 817 Broadway.
Admission, 25 cents.

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**BRYANT'S OPERA-HOUSE**—23D-ST.

| | |
|---|---|
| Bryant's Minstrels | Nelse Seymour, Dave Reed. |
| Bryant's Minstrels | McAndrews, Little Mac. |
| Bryant's Minstrels | Dan Bryant. |

Seats secured in advance. Begins at 8.

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**OPEN DAILY, FREE.**—THE PHRENOLOGICAL MUSEUM, at No. 389 Broadway. Charts and written descriptions when desired.

## STEAMBOATS.

**PEOPLE'S LINE FOR ALBANY.**—The largest and most magnificent river steamers in the world. The ST. JOHN, DREW and DEAN RICHMOND. One of the above steamers will leave Pier No. 41 North River, every afternoon, (Sunday excepted,) at 6 o'clock, arriving at Albany in time to connect with railroad trains West, North and East. Returning, leave the steam-boat landing at Albany at 7 o'clock P. M., or on the arrival of connecting trains from the West and North and East.

Through tickets can be obtained at the office on the wharf, and at Dodd's Express, No. 944 Broadway, and No. 1 Court-st., Brooklyn, and baggage checked to its destination. Freight received until the hour of departure.

**ALBANY AND TROY.**—DAY LINE.—Steamers C. VIBBARD and DANIEL DREW, from Vestry-st. at 8:30 A. M.; 34th-st. at 8:45, landing at Yonkers, Tarrytown, and Nyack, (by ferry-boat,) Cozzens, West Point, Cornwall, Newburg, Poughkeepsie, Rhinebeck, Catskill and Hudson.

CONNECTING with evening trains on the New-York Central for the West, and on and after June 26, with the Albany and Susquehanna Road for Sharon Springs, ($4 from New-York,) and Binghamton, and by Rensselaer and Saratoga Road for Saratoga Springs, ($3 50 from New-York.) At Hudson for Lebanon Springs, all rail. To Troy by steam-boat SCHUYLER.

**FOR CATSKILL.**—THE STEAM-BOATS SUNNYSIDE and THOMAS POWELL will resume their regular trips to Catskill on FRIDAY, Aug. 25, making all the intermediate landings, leaving Pier No. 43, foot of Spring-st., daily at 5 P. M., arriving at Catskill at an early hour, making connections with all stages for the Mountain House and points west.

SATURDAYS the SUNNYSIDE at 2 P. M., THOMAS POWELL at 2:30 P. M.

**SHREWSBURY, RED BANK AND LONG BRANCH.**—The steamer SEA BIRD will leave New-York, foot of Franklin-st., as follows:

| LEAVE NEW-YORK. | | LEAVE RED BANK. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Friday, 8th | 10:00 A. M. | Friday, 8th | 2:30 P. M. |
| Saturday, 9th | 12:00 M. | Saturday, 9th | 4:00 P. M. |
| Sunday, 10th | 10:30 A. M. | Sunday, 10th | 4:30 P. M. |
| Monday, 11th | 3:00 P. M. | | |
| Tuesday, 12th | 3:00 P. M. | Tuesday, 12th | 6:15 A. M. |
| Wednesday, 13th | 3:00 P. M. | Wednesday, 13th | 6:45 A. M. |

**THE STEAMER HELEN** WILL RUN IN connection with the SEA BIRD, from the foot of Franklin-st., for the same landings, as follows:

| LEAVE NEW-YORK. | | LEAVE RED BANK. | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Friday, 8th | 3:00 P. M. | Friday, 8th | 9:00 A. M. |
| Saturday, 9th | 3:00 P. M. | Saturday, 9th | 9:30 A. M. |
| Tuesday, 12th | 7:00 A. M. | Monday, 11th | 6:00 A. M. |
| Wednesday, 13th | 7:30 A. M. | Tuesday, 12th | 3:00 P. M. |
| Thursday, 14th | 8:00 A. M. | Wednesday, 13th | 3:00 P. M. |
| Friday, 15th | 8.00 A. M. | Thursday, 14th | 3:00 P. M. |
| | | Friday, 15th | 3:00 P. M. |

**EXCURSIONS TO LEWES** AND THE DELAWARE BREAK-WATER.—The splendid sea-going steamer HAVANA will leave for the above places MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS and FRIDAYS, at 5 o'clock P. M., from Pier No. 21 North River, affording a splendid opportunity for enjoying a short sea trip, with fine fishing and bathing. Excursion tickets for the trip, good for one week, $5.

**THE MARY POWELL FROM VESTRY-ST.,** at 3:30 P. M. daily, making usual landings. Returning leave Rondout, 5:30 A. M.; Poughkeepsie, 6:30; Milton, 6:45; Newburg, 7:30; Cornwall, 7:45; West Point, 8:05; Cozzens, 8:15; arriving in New-York at 10:45.

**FOR NORWALK AND DANBURY.**—Railroad time, no dust, half railroad fare. The steam-boat NELLY WHITE leaves Pier No. 37 East River, foot of Market-st., every afternoon at 2:45 and 37th-st. at 3 o'clock. Returning leaves Norwalk 7:45 A. M., on the arrival of the Danbury and New-Haven trains. Fare, 75c.; excursion tickets, $1 25.

**FOR RONDOUT, LANDING AT** COZZENS', Newburg, Milton, Poughkeepsie and Esopus, the steam-boats THOMAS CORNELL and JAMES W. BALDWIN leave daily at 4 P. M., Pier No. 34 North River, foot of Harrison-st.

**FOR STAMFORD AND** GREENWICH.—The new and beautiful steam-boat AMERICUS leaves the foot of Market-st. every afternoon at 3:30 and 37th-st. at 3:45 o'clock. Returning leaves Stamford at 7 o'clock and Greenwich at 7:35 A. M.

**ALBANY AND TROY**—REGULAR LINE at 6 P. M. Daily from Pier No. 39 North River, (Vestry-st.) Through tickets for the West and North. Fare always less than by any other route.

**TO BRIDGEPORT** AND ALL POINTS on Housatonic and Naugatuck Railroad.—Fare, $1. Steamers leave Catherine-slip at 12 noon and 12 midnight, Sundays excepted.

**FOR NEW-HAVEN, HARTFORD,** AND THE NORTH.—Steamers leave Peck-slip for New-Haven at 3:15 and 11 P. M., connecting with road

## COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

**LIQUIDATION.**

The copartnership heretofore subsisting between JAMES W. TUCKER and EDWARD R. ANDREWS, under the names of TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO., in New-York, and JAS. W. TUCKER & CO., in Paris, was dissolved on the 1st day of September instant.

Mr. EBEN KIMBALL, No. 52 Wall-st., New-York, has been appointed sole liquidator, by procuration, of the affairs of said firms in the United States.
JAS. W. TUCKER & CO.,
In liquidation.
TUCKER, ANDREWS & CO.,
In liquidation.

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PARIS, No. 3 Rue Scribe, Sept. 1, 1871.

**MR. E. R. ANDREWS** WITHDRAWS from our firm from this date.

Mr. ALPHONSE BONNAL becomes a partner in our house from this date.

Mr. W. C. HUNTER, formerly of the house of Russell & Co., of Canton, China, is interested with us from this date.
JAMES W. TUCKER & CO.

## AMUSEMENTS.

**BOOTH'S THEATRE**—LOTTA.
LAST WEEK BUT ONE.
LOTTA
as PAUL in
THE PET OF THE PETTICOATS,
and as LIDDY LARIGAN in
FAMILY JARS.
SATURDAY MATINEE AT 1½.
NEXT WEEK, THE LITTLE DETECTIVE!

Seats secured six days in advance at the Theatre; also at Ditson's music-store, No. 711 Broadway.

MONDAY, SEPT. 25,
the great tragedienne,
CHARLOTTE CUSHMAN.

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**UNION-SQUARE THEATRE.**
(corner of Broadway and 14th-st.)
ROBERT W. BUTLER..........................Manager
GRAND OPENING WEEK.
The largest and most versatile company in the world.
BURLESQUE, PANTOMIME AND COMEDY.
The Burlesque of
ULYSSES; OR, THE RETURN OF S. G.
The new comic trick and fairy pantomime of
PAT-A-CAKE, BAKER'S MAN; OR, THE ADVENTURES OF PAUL AND VIRGINIA.
THE HOME OF THE BUTTERFLIES.
Mlle. BONFANTI, Mlle. BERTHA, and corps de ballet.
Miss ANNIE ADAMS, Serio-Comic Vocalist.
The great Mathews Troupe in their versatile performances.
The great Martinetti Troupe in pantomime.
Box-office open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Seats secured six days in advance.
Matinees every Wednesday and Saturday at 2½ P. M.

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**WACHTEL IN GERMAN OPERA.**
Stadt Theatre, Nos. 47 and 49 Bowery.
Proprietors......Messrs. HAMAN & ROSENBERG
CARL ROSA and A. NUENDORFF.......Directors
DEBUT OF EUROPE'S GREATEST TENOR,
HERR THEODORE WACHTEL,
on MONDAY EVENING, Sept. 18, in his unrivaled role of
THE POSTILLION OF LONJUMEAU,
in which role he is without a rival in the world.

Prices, according to location, $4, $3, $2, $1 50, $1, 75c. and 50c.

The sale of seats for the first four nights only commences on Thursday, at 9 A. M., at the box-office of the theatre.

The sale for one or more nights commences on Friday.

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**NIBLO'S GARDEN.**
LAST NIGHTS OF MR. J. K. EMMET
and GAYLER'S DRAMA,
FRITZ,
which must be withdrawn to give place to the production of Mr. Gayler's new drama, entitled
CARL, THE FIDDLER,
in which Mr. EMMET will appear in an
ENTIRELY NEW CHARACTER.
LAST FRITZ MATINEE, SATURDAY AT 2 O'CLOCK.

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**WOOD'S MUSEUM.**
Every evening during the week, (except Saturday,) and
SATURDAY MATINEE.
Second week of LUCILLE WESTERN in
EAST LYNNE.
SATURDAY EVENING, Sept. 16.
LUCILLE WESTERN in LUCRETIA BORGIA.
MATINEE TODAY, at 2 P. M.
BERTHA, THE SEWING-MACHINE GIRL,
in which T. L. Connor will appear, and full company.

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**NEWCOMB & ARLINGTON'S MINSTRELS.**
OPEN EVERY NIGHT.
TWENTY-EIGHTH-STREET OPERA-HOUSE,
Corner of Broadway.
WITH A NEW AND POWERFUL ORGANIZATION.

Admission—Parquet circle, 50 cents; parquet circle reserved, 75 cents; orchestra chairs, 75 cents; balcony, 35 cents; private boxes, $5.

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**JANAUSCHEK.**

The members of Mme. Janauschek's Company are requested to meet for rehearsal, at the Academy of Music, 14th-st., on WEDNESDAY next, 13th inst., at 4 o'clock. HENRY A. RENDLE, Stage Manager.

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**$550,000 IN 721 CASH GIFTS.**

Grand Gift Concert, Louisville, Ky., Oct. 31, 1871.

By authority Ky. Legislature, in aid Pub. Library, Ky. Principal Gift $100,000, 720 Gifts from $50,000 to $100. Whole tickets, $10; half tickets, $5; quarter do., $2 50. R. T. Durrett, Pres. Pub. Lib., Ky., Citizens' Bk., Tr. C. R. Peters, Manager, 120 Main-st., Louisville, Ky. Tickets and information at No. 8 Astor House, N. Y.

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**COLLEGE OF MUSIC.**
No. 28 East 14th-st.

Mme. GAZZANIGA and Signor ALBITES, Directors' Instructors; all branches of correct singing. Opening Sept. 15. Books open daily.

## HOTELS.

**WORTH HOUSE,** NO. 202 5TH-AV., FRONTING on 5th-av., Broadway and Madison-square, apartments arranged en suite, with private table and attendance to each family; arrangements of house are especially adapted for families.

**THE LELANDS' NEW HOTEL**—STURTEVANT HOUSE, Broadway, corner of 28th and 29th sts., New-York. Board $3 50 per day; with elevator; the great central location.
LEWIS & GEO. S. LELAND, Proprietors.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**SUPREME COURT—KINGS** COUNTY.—JOHN R. WILLIS and WILLIAM M. WILLIS, as Trustees, &c., under the last will and testament of Alfred Willis, Deceased, Plaintiffs, against WILLIAM S. ROLIN, ELSEY EWING, JOHN E. DE WITT, D. W. BROWN, and MARY M. BROWN, his wife, ALBERT S. EWING, EDWARD PICK, and LUCY M. PICK, his wife, GILBERT SAYERS, WILLIAM J. SAYERS, and ANDREW S. WHEELER, Defendants.—(Amended) Summons for Relief.—(Com. not Ser.)—To the Defendants: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, which will be filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, at the Court-house, in the City of Brooklyn, in said county, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber at his office, No. 284 Pearl-street, in the City of New-York, within twenty days after the service of this summons on you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiffs in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated Oct. 1, 1870.
STEPHEN W. GAINES,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.

The amended complaint in this action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Kings, in the City of Brooklyn, in said county, on the 19th day of August, 1871.—Dated Sept. 4, 1871.
STEPHEN W. GAINES,
Plaintiffs' Attorney.
s5-law6wTu*

**SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF SUFFOLK.**—WALLACE W. LAMUEL, plaintiff, against MARY FRANCES CAPEN, JOHN D. CAPEN and NATHANIEL B. COOKE, defendants.—Summons.—For relief.—To the defendants above named: You are hereby summoned and required to answer the complaint in this action, of which a copy is herewith served upon you, and to serve a copy of your answer to the said complaint on the subscriber, at his office, Nos. 38 and 40 Court-st., in the City of Brooklyn, County of Kings, and State of New-York, within twenty days after the service hereof, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the complaint within the time aforesaid, the plaintiff in this action will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated July 17, 1871.
LEVI E. HART, Plaintiff's Attorney.

The complaint in the above-entitled action was filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Suffolk on the 19th day of July, in the year 1871.
LEVI E. HART, Plaintiff's Attorney.
s5-law6wTu*

## PROPOSALS.

**PROPOSALS FOR FLOATING IRON DOCK.**

NAVY DEPARTMENT, Sept. 5, 1871.

Sealed proposals, indorsed "Proposals for Building a Floating Iron Dock," will be received at the Navy Department until 12 o'clock M. on TUESDAY, the 5th December, 1871, for furnishing materials, and doing the work, for the construction of a floating iron dock for the repair of naval vessels on their stations, agreeably to the plans, specifications and terms now in this office, and open for the inspection of all who desire to become bidders. This contract will be given only to bidders known to be thoroughly responsible, and competent for a work of this character, and good and sufficient security in the sum of six hundred thousand dollars, ($600,000,) besides the usual reservations of twenty per cent., will be required for the faithful performance of the contract, in accordance with the terms and conditions thereof, and in the time prescribed therein, and further, that the dock, when completed, shall not fail in the purposes and objects set out in the contract, or to perform all that shall be therein required of it, by reason, direct or indirect, in any default, neglect, or deficiency on the part of the contractor in not conforming to, and performing, of every particular, the terms, conditions, plans and specifications of said contract.

The right is reserved to reject any bids if their acceptance is not considered to be for the interest of the Government.

## BANKRUPT NOTICES.

**IN BANKRUPTCY.**—IN THE DISTRICT Court of the United States for the Southern District of New-York.—In the matter of ROBERT A. FISHER, bankrupt.—Notice is hereby given that a petition has been filed in said Court by Robert A. Fisher in said district, duly declared a bankrupt under the act of Congress of March 2, 1867, for a discharge and certificate thereof from all his debts and other claims provable under said act, and that the 27th day of September, 1871, at 11 o'clock A. M., at the office of Henry Wilder Allen, Esq., Register in Bankruptcy, No. 152 Broadway, in the City of New-York, is assigned for the hearing of the same, when and where all creditors who have proved their debts and other persons in interest may attend, and show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of the said petitioner should not be granted.—Dated New-York on the 4th day of September, 1871.
s5-law3wTu*
GEO. F. BETTS, Clerk.

## MARBLE MANTELS.

**A. KLABER,** STEAM MARBLE AND MARBLEIZING Works, Nos. 134 and 138 East 18th-st. Marble and marbleized mantels, tilling, marble counters, monuments at prices that defy competition. Mortgages taken in trade.

**S. KLABER & CO.,** NO. 217 TO NO. 223 West-st., between Broadway and 8th-av.—Marble, marbleized mantles, monuments, head-stones; largest varieties, cheapest in the City.

## STATIONERY.

**YOUR CUSTOM SOLICITED BY** FRANCIS & LOUTREL, No. 45 Maiden-lane, Stationers and Printers. We supply everything in our line at low prices.

**SLOTE & JANES,** STATIONERS, PRINTERS and blank-book manufacturers, No. 93 Fulton-st. Blank-books made to any pattern.

# AMERICA VICTORIOUS.

## The Ward Crew Win the Saratoga Boat Race.

### A Brilliant and Gallant Struggle for Supremacy.

### The Tyne Men Beat the Taylor-Winship Crew.

### Sadler Wins the Single-Scull One Thousand Dollar Prize.

### Exciting Scenes in the Neighborhood of the Course.

Special Dispatch to the New-York Times.

SARATOGA, Sept. 11.—Although postponements are generally unfortunate, it was certainly a good move delaying the race until to-day. This morning the trains were crowded with people, and several additional thousands arrived in the town, which presented an unusually lively appearance. The new arrivals were decked in the colors of their friends, of white and blue rosettes, the Taylor and Winship crew being the most conspicuous. They appeared to have grown firmer favorites than ever, and in the betting stood at about 100 to 80 on them against the field. The WARD brothers were, however, very firmly supported, and nearly all the old American oarsmen stood firm to these old heroes of American waters. The Tyne crew had many friends who supported them freely, and the New-York boys backed the Biglin and Coulter crew for considerable money. There was a tremendous demand for hacks, the rate being about $25 for the day. The masses, however, preferred a more democratic method of traveling, and paid a dollar for the trip down to the course. The tide of travel in the direction of the lake commenced about 7 A. M., and continued without a break until 10 A. M., when it slackened. Express-wagons, market-wagons, drays, carry-alls, buggies and other road craft were all pressed into the service. The crowd was very good-humored on the road out, and amused themselves with a little innocent chaff at one another's expense. Shortly after 9 o'clock an immense crowd had gathered at the lake, finding amusement in various ways, from the Chinese juggler from Cork, who was swallowing knives, down to the old swindles known as thimble-rig and three-card monte. The grand stand was well filled by 10 A. M., the light Summer costumes of the ladies, tinged with bright colors, glistening in the bright rays of the sun, and a band of music enlivened the scene with some good music. Shortly after 9 o'clock the members of the Press went on board a small steamer, to which they had been invited through the courtesy of D. BARTON, of New-York, who had chartered it for the day. From the water the banks of the lake presented a very beautiful picture, dotted as they were with human beings who had taken up positions among the trees. On board the steamer were Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY, referee; Mr. WALTON, of the Newcastle *Chronicle*, judge for the English crew; and Mr. JAMES O'NEIL, judge for the American crew. Commodore BRADY, of the Hudson River Rowing Association, occupied a position in a row-boat, he having been selected to start the race. The WARD brothers were the first to appear on the water about 9:25, and attracted general attention by their magnificent condition and easy style of pulling. Many were of the opinion that they were a little fine, but I considered them examples of good training. The Taylor-Winship crew came out next, and were loudly cheered as they pulled toward the judges' boat to receive their final orders. The next arrival were the Coulter and Biglin crew, who pulled up in fine style, attired in blue jerseys with a red and white kerchief round their throats. They were followed shortly afterward by the Tyne crew, who pulled along leisurely in white jersey, with black ties round their throats, in memory of their deceased comrade RENFORTH. The Dutchess County crew were attired in white, with red handkerchiefs bound round their foreheads, and the representatives of Pittsburg appeared in light blue jerseys. All the crews stripped, with the exception of the WARDS, Dutchess County, and Pittsburg men, who kept on their jerseys. When stripped they all looked very well, especially the Coulter-Biglin, whose brown backs glistened in the rays of the sun. They were in splendid form, and looked fit to pull for a kingdom. The Taylor-Winship crew were very fine, and looked firm in flesh, and their eyes were clear and bright. In fact, the only crew that appeared a little out of form were the Dutchess County men, who carried rather too much flesh.

As soon as the crews were drawn up in line there was a visible move on shore, and the crowds appeared to sway from side to side with excitement. The little steamer with the judges moved quickly ahead and when it had gone about half a mile stopped, awaiting the starting signal. The course was from their respective buoys to a set of stake-boats anchored the same distance apart as the buoys, two miles distant up the lake, to be turned from right to left, and back home. The water was in excellent condition, and, in fact, everything looked prosperous for the race. Precisely at 10:19 Commodore BRADY fired his pistol, and the six crews, who were patiently leaning forward waiting for the word, moved back with a jerk, dashing their oaken blades through the water and shooting quickly ahead. As they started the crowds on the banks cheered frantically, and the shouts of "Ward," "Tyne," "Taylor," "Coulter," rang out loud in the morning air, and the echo resounded among the neighboring hills. The Taylor-Winship crew, the Coulter-Biglin and the Ward brothers were the first who appeared at the front. The Tyne crew were rather unfortunate in the start, as KELLEY was hardly ready, and when PERCY gave way he struck KELLEY's oar. However, it made but little difference, for dashing on after the Biglins, pulling a lively 42 to the minute, they soon began creeping up once more. The WARD brothers occupied position No. 6, and were pulling along the western shore of the lake, in a line by themselves, and moving very fast, their blades dipping to the tune of forty-one. The Coulter-Biglin crew and the Taylor-Winship crew kept along side by side for about a hundred yards, when the former spurted ahead, pulling a very fast forty-three, the Taylor-Winship men being close on their quarter, and were getting through the water very prettily at the rate of 42 to the minute. The Pittsburg crew followed after the WARDS, pulling about 39, but it was apparent shortly after the start that both they and the Dutchess County crew were entirely out of the race. As they came sweeping along toward the open part of the lake, the Taylor-Winship men began to close up on the Biglin crew and after the first mile were slowly taking the lead. The Tyne crew were also doing better, and CHAMBERS and KELLY were laying down to their work with a will, and steadily overhauling the Taylor and Biglin crews. The WARDS were pulling forty to the minute in splendid style, and after the first mile and a half appeared to have a clear lead.

The Pittsburg crew, after passing the big boys from Dutchess County, put on a spurt, pulling about forty-one, and tried to hold their own with the WARDS, but the long, sweeping thirty-nine of the latter, backed by their excellent condition, was telling with effect every minute. The Taylor-Winship men were getting along very well, and tackling the Biglin-Coulter crew, who were in excellent form. About a mile and a half from home the Tyne crew spurted, pulling a forty-one, and came close up with the Coulter-Biglin men, who were pulling thirty-nine in good style. As they all came up to the stake-boat, the WARD brothers appeared to have a little the best of it, and were moving through the water at a lively gait, HANK giving his pupils a start of about forty and a half to the minute. The Coulter-Biglin and Taylor-Winship crews, went for the stake-boats together, the latter heading for what they thought was No. 3, but which afterward turned out to be No. 1, as two boats had been purposely anchored inside of No. 1 in order to mislead them. As soon, however, as the Tyne men got near enough to discover the numbers they quickly shunted off in their right course toward No. 3. The WARD brothers turned their stake-boat about 10:30:20, and started off on the road for home, followed directly afterward by the Coulter-Biglin, Taylor-Winship, and Tyne crews. The Pittsburg and Dutchess County were several minutes behind. Now that they were all on the homestretch, the race began in real earnest, and each crew knuckled down to its work with great earnestness. The Coulter-Biglin were doing very well, followed closely by Taylor, with Tyne on the eastern side about in a line. The WARD brothers were on the western side of the lake, and keeping up a slashing gait, and they were pulling with a determination that looked like lasting. About half a mile from the stake-boat, the Taylor crew spurted, pulling forty-one, and rapidly closed up with the Coulter crew, but just when they appeared to be going past them they slackened up and dropped back again. The WARD brothers had now obtained a decided lead, and they came swooping across in front of the Biglin-Coulter men by two clear boats' lengths. The Tyne men were doing very well on the eastern shore, and in about a line with the Taylor-Winship crew. The Dutchess County boys had passed the representatives from Pittsburg and were getting along as fast as they could be expected to go in a two hundred pound boat. About a mile from home, the Taylor-Winship men again spurted, and came right up alongside of the Coulter crew, and after hanging there for twenty-five seconds, dropped back as if they could not get by. As the boats came up toward the home-stake, there was, of course, considerable excitement on shore, especially so when it became apparent that the gallant old Ward crew were leading. Loud cheers sprang up from side to side and the veterans from Poughkeepsie bent to their oars with redoubled energies, looking as if they would jump the boat out of the water with the force of their stroke. The Tyne crew meanwhile had not been idle, and taking advantage of the fight between the Coulter and the Taylor crews, had spurted a fast 42 and obtained second position. The finish between these four crews—certainly four of the finest crews that ever pulled together—was one of the greatest events on record in the aquatic calendar. The Taylor-Winship men, finding it impossible to pull their course and get past the BIGLINS, pulled out a little so as to get a chance. Just before getting in, the WARDS went to work in earnest, and pulling 42 to the minute, shot across the line the winners of the grandest aquatic contest ever witnessed in America—time, 24 minutes 40 seconds. The Tyne crew came up with a rush and finished a length and a half behind, followed close after by the Biglin-Coulter and Taylor-Winship boats, so close together that it was almost impossible to tell; which was third. The Dutchess County crew came in next, followed some distance behind by the Pittsburg men, who were decidedly out of place in such company. As soon as they had passed the stake-boat, the WARD brothers pulled away round by the grand stand, when they received a perfect ovation, the ladies getting up en masse. As soon as our steamer came up the Taylor-Winship crew pulled alongside and claimed a foul, as they stated the Biglin-Coulter crew had pulled across their bows, and thus kept them back while the WARDS were going ahead. Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY, who was referee, told them to come ashore and lay their complaint before him at the boat-house and he would decide upon its merits. After getting on shore the judges and members of the Press were admitted into the boat-house, and Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY heard the pros and cons of the case, there was also another point to be decided as to which boat was third, as Commodore BRADY had placed the Coulter-Biglin in that position, while the Taylor-Winship claimed it was a dead heat. The point in question, however, appeared to be whether a boat was in when its bow crossed the line or when its stern had passed over. Commodore BRADY allowed that if it was decided by the bows crossing the line it was a dead heat, but if the steers had to be across he considered the Biglins were third. There was considerable excitement pending the decision of Mr. MORRISSEY, but he evidently had no intention to hurry himself in the matter, and very properly preferred examining the merits of the case in order to give a fair decision. The Taylor-Winship men were very bitter on the subject, and declared that the BIGLINS had made a dead-set to block them out, while they let the WARDS get ahead. Those who had been on board the steamer could now account for the stoppage of the Taylor-Winship men each time they had spurted and come up with the Coulter-Biglin crew. The main point, however, was whether the WARD brothers, at the time of this supposed foul, were far enough ahead to secure the race in regard to the stem and stern point. Mr. MORRISSEY asked the opinion of several well-known boating men, and they informed him that a boat had always won when its bow crossed the line, on the same principle as in a horse race. Mr. MORRISSEY, after hearing all the evidence, gave the following decision:

The WARD BROTHERS win the first prize; the Tyne crew win the second, and the Coulter-Biglin and Taylor-Winship must row over again for the third money. The positions of the crews were as follows: The Ward Brothers 1, the Tyne crew 2, the Coulter-Biglin, the Taylor-Winship crew 3, the Dutchess County crew 5, the Pittsburg crew, 6. Time—24:40. First prize, $2,000; second prize, $1,250; third prize, $750.

The decision of Mr. MORRISSEY appeared to give general satisfaction to everybody except the Taylor-Winship crew, and they apparently had no inclination to pull over the course again at 2 o'clock, which was the time named by Mr. MORRISSEY, for they had two men, SADLER and BAGNALL, in the scull race, whom they could not afford to tire out. Things were now beginning to look worse than ever, and there appeared to be a probability of a general growl, for although the Taylor-Winship men did not wish to pull at 2 o'clock, they were ready to pull at 6, after the scull race had been decided. In fact, SADLER had no idea of spoiling his chance for $1,000 in order to win $750. At 2 P. M. the Coulter-Biglin crew came out ready to pull, and waited for the others. Mr. MORRISSEY here came forward with his accustomed generosity, and rather than see any trouble he gave an extra $750, so that both crews could have third money. Now that this point was satisfactorily arranged, the spectators settled down to a little pool-selling, and the victims of a little over-confidence in the Taylor-Winship crew started to buy SADLER in order to retrieve their losses. SADLER and BAGNALL coupled brought $55, ELLIS WARD $65, KELLEY and BRIGHT $13, and JOHN BIGLIN $6. This was a little more remunerative betting, as the friends of the Taylor-Winship party got about $100 to $70 against their pets.

During the interval prior to the race for single sculls many of the spectators drove back to the town to dine, and others strolled about through the woods, while the sharpers fleeced the ignorant countrymen. The time passed away very pleasantly awaiting the hour of starting for the scull race, and MOON reaped a rich harvest. It was a very orderly crowd for a boat race, and quite creditable to the residents of Saratoga that the New York roughs had the civility to behave themselves while on a visit to their fashionable quarters. Shortly before 4 o'clock there was a slight stir about the landing as some men appeared to be getting ready to start. This little mistake caused the pool-seller to redouble his exertions so as to enable the stricken lambs to get their money and try and start for home with their gambling account on the right side. It was very extraordinary to observe what a favorite ELLIS WARD had become since their four-oared crew had been successful, and even many of those who had been laying three to one on SADLER during the morning went right back on him now, and following the tide of public favor backed an unknown oarsman against the champion single-sculler of all England. It was some time after 4 before the men received their instructions and got into their position. The course was the same as that pulled in the four-oared race. The judges' steamer plied through the boats, seeing that all were in readiness, and understood exactly where they were going and how they had to turn the stake-boats. The following men were started in the race: Name—JAMES SADLER, crew Taylor-Winship, name of boat *Duke of Beaufort*, cedar; HARRY KELLEY, crew Tyne, name of boat *J. Renforth*, cedar; JOHN BIGLIN, crew Coulter-Biglin, name of boat *John Morrissey*, cedar; ELLIS WARD, crew Ward Brothers, name of boat *Dick Risdon*, cedar; J. BAGNALL, crew Taylor-Winship, name of boat *Ouseburn*, cedar; BRIGHT, Tyne crew, name of boat *Paper Boat*. BRIGHT had the inside position, on the eastern shore, with SADLER No. 2, KELLEY No. 3, BIGLIN No. 4, BAGNALL No. 5, and WARD on the western side. About 4:25 Mr. JOHN MORRISSEY started them by a shot from a pistol, and they all dashed off through the water well together. After the first burst, SADLER gradually loomed ahead, closely pressed by KELLEY and BRIGHT, with JOHN BIGLIN pulling well on his right, abreast of whom lay ELLIS WARD, pulling down to his work with a will, and leading BAGNALL by half a length. ELLIS WARD was pulling a very pretty stroke of about 36 to the minute, but with nothing wasted, and was getting through the water at a great pace. SADLER, however, was pulling, and the gallant old hero of the Thames pressed close on his stern, and spurting every minute for the lead. About a mile from home KELLEY was a little ahead of SADLER, but could not hold him there, and the veteran had to succumb to the youth of his pupil. WARD, however, was doing very well, and BAGNALL, the youngster of the Taylor-Winship party, could not get up to him, notwithstanding he made two or three very determined spurts. As they came up to the stake-boat it was rather hard to say who would be round first. SADLER was first to get round, having made the two miles in fourteen minutes and seven seconds; he was followed closely by ELLIS WARD, with BAGNALL right on his heels. KELLEY was next, followed shortly afterward by JOHN BIGLIN, who had been pulling very steadily all the way along. BRIGHT, who was rowing in a paper boat, something new to him, evidently did not feel quite at home, and was not in very good form. Coming home the crew scattered well over the lake, BRIGHT taking the eastern shore, and WARD the western, with the rest between them. About a mile from the stake-boats the work began in earnest, and KELLEY followed after SADLER in hard earnest, and at one time looked rather dangerous; but the favorite came up and put another half length between them. BRIGHT was doing pretty well for some time alongside of KELLEY; but getting rather wild in his pulling, he lost the run of his course, and went right into a bank of reeds, which lost him a good two or three lengths. BIGLIN was now doing very well, and, coming up with WARD and BAGNALL hand over hand about a mile from home, he spurted about thirty-nine to the minute, and, passing the latter, closed rapidly in with ELLIS WARD, who began to find his work tell on him. BRIGHT had now got out of his difficulties, and was bringing up the rear, but full of work. About three-quarters of a mile from home, JOHN BAGNALL came up and challenged WARD and after a brief spirt shot forward and took the lead and dashed on after KELLEY. Coming up to the home stake-boat, SADLER let up a little, as he had the race easily in hand, and crossed the line a winner by five or six lengths, in 30 minutes 18½ seconds. KELLEY came in second, beating JOHN BIGLIN, who had pulled well, by a length and a half. WARD was about a length behind BIGLIN, and BAGNALL came next, with BRIGHT bringing up the rear. SADLER won the first prize of $1,000, and KELLEY the second of $500. As soon as the race was over there was a rush for carriages, and everybody started off for home fully satisfied with the day's amusement, which certainly was a very successful inauguration to the annual Saratoga regatta. The Taylor-Winship crew and the Tyne crew, left for Montreal this evening, where they are to pull next Wednesday.

Nearly everybody leaves Saratoga to-night or to-morrow morning, and in another week this charming resort of the butterflies of fashion will have entered a chrysalistic state, to come forth in 1872 with renewed plumage of the most brilliant hues.

COMMODORE.

## THE WEATHER.

### Synopsis of Events and Probabilities.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Sept. 12—1 A. M.—The area of highest barometer has extended south-east and eastward, and now covers the lakes, the Middle and East Atlantic States. The barometer has risen also in the Southern and Gulf States. Cloudy and hazy weather has prevailed over the Middle States and Ohio valley, with smoke on the lower lakes. The cloud and light rain in Florida are clearing away, but continue in Louisiana, where the pressure is now the lowest. Clear weather prevails on Lakes Michigan and Superior. The temperature has fallen in the southeast, but is elsewhere very nearly stationary. Light north-easterly winds are now reported from the South Atlantic coast to the Mississippi River; local and variable winds north of this region.

PROBABILITIES.

Cloudy weather is probable for Thursday in Texas and Mississippi, with increasing easterly winds and possibly light rain and portially cloudy and clear weather for the rest of the country east of the Mississippi River, except from Virginia to New-York, where cloudy weather will probably continue.

## LOCAL NEWS IN BRIEF.

### NEW-YORK.

FRANCIS KING, aged twenty-five, of No. 4 East Twenty-first-street, a driver in the employ of the Broadway and Seventh-avenue Railroad, died at Bellevue Hospital yesterday. A few days ago KING was driving a team of baulky horses, and was drawn over the dash board and fatally crushed beneath the car.

The five German benevolent societies bearing the name of Moguntina were, yesterday, jointly engaged, at the Hamilton Park, on Sixty-ninth-street, in an annual picnic and Summer-night's festival, in which also the Humboldt Benevolent Society, Monguntia Ladies' Benevolent Society No. 1, and the Vocal Society Uuland participated. The affair was a success.

JOHN EVERLY, a plasterer at work in a house at No. 219 Second-avenue, was attacked yesterday by an unknown man with a pistol, and received a number of scalp-wounds from the butt of the weapon. EVERLY identified the man as one of a body of plasterers at present on a strike. The wounded man was carried to his home at Duane and Centre streets.

HENRY STEAMAN, aged twenty-four years, residing at the corner of Second-avenue and One Hundred and Thirteenth-street, while at work, yesterday, on an elevator at No. 82 Pearl-street, was crushed between the ceiling of a room and the elevator, and instantly killed.

The Orange County milk-dealers having formed a company under the command of Capt. RUMKHORST, were engaged, yesterday, in a sharp-shooting festival and picnic at the East River Park, Eighty-fourth-street. The affair was fully enjoyed by all participating.

The trip of the yacht *Resolute*, of the New-York Yacht Club, to Glen Cove, was a very satisfactory one. The trim little schooner, built more with a regard to comfort than speed, astonished her owner, who is in ecstacies over her performances.

The culvert at the north-east corner of Eighth-avenue and Twentieth-street is constantly out of repair, and renders that side of the avenue at that point impassable, owing to a collection of water whenever the hydrant is used or rains falls.

The gang of pickpockets recently driven away from Wall-street is working with some success on the car lines which start from Fulton, Vesey and Barclay streets and Broadway. Where are the Police?

MARTIN KIRWAN, aged sixty-one years, of No. 65 Ridge-street, a picture peddler, was fatally injured on Pier No. 20 East River, yesterday, by some railroad iron falling on him, fracturing his leg and thigh. He was taken to the Park Hospital, where he died in a few hours.

In the Court of General Sessions, yesterday, City Judge BEDFORD sentenced PHILIP WINSLOW and CHARLES VAN BLARCOM, convicted of robbery, and CHARLES WINKLER, convicted of grand larceny, each to five years in the State Prison.

MICHAEL McGOWAN, of No. 300 East Fortieth-street, yesterday leaped from the platform of car No. 28, of the Belt Railroad, and falling, had his spine dangerously injured. He was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

JAMES PURVIS, aged eighteen years, of No. 329 West Sixteenth-street, yesterday fell through the hatchway of No. 58 Broadway, from the third floor to the basement, and was dangerously injured.

HENRY SLEAMAN, aged twenty-four years, a resident of Harlem, was crushed to death yesterday afternoon by the elevator at No. 82 New Pearl-street, where he was employed as an engineer.

Two large steam-pumps are in constant operation at Twelfth-avenue and Twenty-first street, clearing out the sewers there, which have become useless, owing to a recent overflow from the river.

CHARLES FIELDS, aged seventy years, died yesterday, in extreme destitution, at No. 125 Sullivan-street.

Grammar School No. 49, in East Thirty-seventh-street, reopened yesterday with 300 new scholars in the primary department, forty-nine in the girls' and forty-five in the male grammar school.

The Russians have the reputation of importing the finest of the Chinese teas, and of these the most noted—the brand known as Flower Tea—has lately been introduced in the New-York market.

ANDREW MILLS and THOMAS LARKIN, sailors, accused of having taken $20 and a watch and chain from a shipmate named THOMAS CARTMEL, were yesterday committed for trial by Justice COX.

M. LOPEZ ROBERTS, the Spanish Minister; BALTAZZI EFFENDI, Secretary of the Turkish Legation; Ex-Senator CONNESS, of California, and Col. T. SCOTT STEWART, United States Consul to Japan, are at the Albemarle Hotel.

Gov. McCORMICK, of Arizona; Hon. HOMER A. NELSON, Secretary of State; Congressman W. H. BARNUM, of Connecticut, and Hon. D. K. McCARTHY, of Syracuse, are at the Fifth-avenue Hotel.

Judge CATON, of Illinois; Gen. O. A. HADLEY, of Arkansas; Judge PASCHALL, of Texas; Hon. R. R. BRIDGERS, of North Carolina, and Col. J. B. NEIL, of Ohio, are at the St. Nicholas.

Baron ALVENSLEBEN, of the North German Legation, Ex-Gov. J. G. SMITH and Congressman W. C. SMITH, of Vermont, are at the Brevoort House.

Commodore LE ROY, of the United States Navy; Judge HUNT, of New-Orleans, and Capt. KENNEDY, of the steamer *City of Brussels*, are at the New-York Hotel.

Hon. Judge BRUCE, of Jamaica, arrived in the *City of Baltimore*, from Liverpool, yesterday, and proceeds to Jamaica on Friday next in the *Rising Star*.

JULIA SEAHIN, was held for trial by Justice COX, yesterday, on a charge of stealing $55 from the pocket of THOMAS REDDY, of No. 349 Grand-street.

Hundreds of boys are engaged in the business of selling small bouquets on street cars, and are paid weekly salaries by the florists who employ them.

WILLIAM FISH, aged fifty-five years, residing at No. 3 Benson-street, swallowed a mouthful of "liquer potassa" by mistake for water, last night, and is not expected to live.

SARAH WESTERVELT, aged sixty-two years, residing at No. 42 Lewis-street, fell on the pavement at the corner of Grand and Centre streets, last night, and received a severe scalp-wound.

The Liederkranz Society has resumed its regular rehearsals for the Winter season.

A mad dog was shot yesterday by Patrolman HARVEY, in front of No. 168 Sixth-avenue.

Music at Tompkins-square at 4½ P. M.

### BROOKLYN.

District-Attorney MORRIS says that if the President and officers of the Staten Island Ferry Company are not brought to trial for the *Westfield* disaster by the New-York authorities, he will have them indicted and tried in Brooklyn within the next two months.

The Board of Legal Examiners of candidates for admission to the Bar will be appointed at the General Term to-morrow, and the class examination will take place Thursday. Applicants for admission must fill the required papers prior to that time.

An order was granted in the Special Term of the Supreme Court by Judge PRATT, yesterday, confirming the report of the Commissioners in the matter of the proceedings of the Central Railroad of Long Island to obtain title to certain lands over which the track is to run.

JOHN D. BECKER was brought before United States Commissioner WINSLOW, yesterday, charged with having attempted to pass a counterfeit $2 bill. The Commissioner committed him for examination.

Rev. Dr. H. S. CARPENTER, of the Polytechnic, has received a call to the church in San Francisco, over which Dr. H. M. SCUDDER lately presided. He will start for the Pacific the latter part of this week.

On Sunday night CHARLES FROST, PETER VAN NESS and THOMAS YORKS were arrested for playing billiards in the saloon of THOMAS CRAIG, at No. 65 Myrtle-avenue. They were brought before Justice WALSH, who suspended sentence.

The question of having the German language taught in the public schools is at present engaging the attention of the Board of Education.

### LONG ISLAND.

An assault was made last Saturday night on the proprietor of the Atlantic Hotel, Mr. B. C. MOTT, at Far Rockaway, by MATHEW FINUCEN, and a man named FARRELL, who, after knocking the old gentleman down, kicked and beat him. Mr. MOTT was conveyed home and has not been able to leave his bed since. FINUCEN and FARRELL, a hotel keeper, were subsequently lodged in jail to await the result.

The members of Company B, Sixty-ninth Regiment N. Y. S. N. G., Capt. JEROME J. COLLINS, had a target excursion to Rockaway beach yesterday.

### NEW-JERSEY.

FRANCIS SMITH appeared before Justice McANALLY, in Jersey City, yesterday, and made complaint against THOMAS and PATRICK KOGAN for having attempted to kill him on Saturday night. They were held to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Today the Grand Commandery Knights Templar, Dr. MATHISON, Right Eminent High Commander, meet at Trenton, and on Wednesday the Grand Chapter Royal Arch Masons, M. HIGGINBOTHAM, Grand High Priest, convenes at the same place.

Burglars attempted to enter the clothing-store of CHAS. WURZBACH, on Church-street, Newark, on Sunday night, but were driven away by a watchman.

The children of the Morristown Methodist Sunday-school, on Sunday decorated the grave of Hon. G. T. COBB, who was killed at White Sulphur Springs a year ago.

Engine Company No. 9, of Jersey City, starts for Saratoga today, where it will take part in the tournament there to-morrow and Thursday.

The statement that a young man named CLARK had died from the effect of injuries inflicted by unknown persons is untrue. He died from intermittent fever.

The peach trade has nearly come to an end. Only sixteen car-loads arrived in Jersey City yesterday.

The Hudson County Republican Convention will meet at Library Hall, Old Bergen City, on the 4th of October.

A disorderly house, kept by Mrs. ANN ENNIS, in St. Paul's avenue, Jersey City, was broken up by the Police yesterday.

[Advertisement.]

ACQUISITIVENESS LARGE.—To aid in the discovery as to *which* of the "Ring" gentlemen have taken too much of the tax-payers' money, why not have all their heads examined by a competent phrenologist? He could tell, at a "touch," who are the rogues. Examinations daily, with full written descriptions, at No. 389 Broadway.

[Advertisement.]

THE FALL STYLE OF GENTLEMEN'S HAT.—Before our next issue KNOX's Fall style of Hat will be ready for public inspection and popular appreciation. KNOX is always prompt, and though naturally secretive, we have discovered what he is about, and advise everybody to call at his store, No. 212 Broadway, corner of Fulton-street, and see if they can't be equally fortunate. The town is filling up with strangers, to whom this subject is highly important. They must not leave town until they make KNOX a visit.

### Passengers Arrived.

*In steam-ship City of Baltimore, from Liverpool.*—Rev. W. Hyde, Mr. Davidson, John Byrne, George Malle, Rev. Jas. O. Dougherty, Hugh Garvey, Rev. M. Doherty, W. H. O. Brown, O. Hunt, Dr. Hix Ter Ming and 4 servants, Alex Hay, John Miller, John Carr, Miss Nellie Johnson, Mrs. James Johnson, Mrs. Carr, Mrs. Cochrane and 4 children, W. B. Lee, D. Ogden, J. H. Perry, Miss Osborne, Mrs. and Miss Carrison, C. G. Wilson and lady, Geo. Beresford, Miss Emily Scarsbrook, Miss Hallihan, McBowen M. Hallihan, George Hurst, Geo. Buttebury, Master Buttebury, Miss Rose Roy, Mr. and Mrs. Jones, John Loughlin, J. Rowland, John Miller, Miss Nellie Johnson, John Manjatoyd, Mrs. D. Ogden, Mrs. M. Holden, R. M. Barnes, J. P. Ross, Mrs. Eastman, John Scarsbrook, Mrs. Hurst, Kate Hallahan, Mrs. McNulty and child, Mrs. Hallihan, Mrs. Wm. H. Hurst, Miss M. McGinnis, Miss Anna Longbray, W. B. Coyle, Rev. A. M. McGinnis, Miss Stevenson, Mrs. Spount, Rev. Leigh Mann, wife and child, Miss Blake, Mr. and Mrs. Walsh, Mr. and Mrs. Benchoin, Mr. and Mrs. McCulloch, Miss J. Somerville, Justice Bunce, Mr. and Mrs. Klanberg, Mrs. W. F. Remmer, Mrs. Atterling, Mrs. A. Ayres, R. Tuckerman, Rev. M. L. Tracy, Mrs. B. Walsh, W. F. Prosser, J. G. O. Hand.

MINIATURE ALMANAC—THIS DAY.

Sun rises......5:37 | Sun sets.....6:15 | Moon sets...3:03

HIGH WATER—THIS DAY.

Sandy Hook..5:08 | Gov. Island.5:57 | Hell Gate...8:19

## MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

NEW-YORK....MONDAY, Sept. 11.

### Cleared.

Steam-ships F. W. Brune, Foster, Baltimore; Concord, Norman, Philadelphia; M. Massey, Smith, Philadelphia; E. C. Biddle, McCue, Philadelphia; Franconia, Bragg, Portland, J. F. Ames.

Ships Bridgewater, Sisson, Liverpool, Williams & Guion; Nimbus, Kelley, Antwerp, Funch, Edye & Co.; George M. Adams, Monson, Callao, Fabbri & Chauncey.

Barks Bina, (Br.,) Wilson, Londonderry, J. F. Whitney & Co.; Argean, Munroe, Marseilles, Jas. Henry; Luigi, (Ital.,) Pirandello, Genoa, A. P. Agresta; J. H. McLaren, Dyer, Sidney, C. B., Brett, Son & Co.

Brigs Glimpse, (Br.,) Endicott, Queenstown for orders, G. F. Bulley; Daisy, (Br.,) Lubker, Havre, Boyd & Hincken; Valencia, Small, Gibraltar for orders, Miller & Houghton; John Given, (Br.,) Boyle, Demerara, F. W. Whitney; Angelia, Leighton, St. John's, P. R., L. Michellana; J. H. Gillespie, (Br.,) Gaw, St. Johns, N. F., D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Schrs. Emma L. Porter, Sparks, Port-au-Prince, R. Murray Jr.; Scio, Smith Pembroke.

### Arrived.

Steam-ship City of Baltimore, (Br.,) Lockhead, Liverpool Aug. 29, and Queenstown 30th, with mdse. and 550 passengers to John G. Dale. Sept. 4, lat. 50 16, lon. 39 34, passed a Cunard bark-rigged steam-ship, bound E.; 7th, lat. 46 47, lon. 51 40, Anchor steam-ship Iowa, hence for Glasgow; same date, lat. 46 34, lon. 55, an Anchor steam-ship, bark rigged, bound E.; 9th, lat. 42 17, lon. 63 22, bark Celeste Clark, from Cardiff, for Boston; same date, lat. 41 43, lon. 65 30, steam-ship City of Antwerp, hence for Liverpool.

Steam-ship William P. Clyde, Drew, Richmond, City Point and Norfolk, with mdse. to Washington & Co.

Ship Surprise, Ranlett, Manila June 3, with hemp and sugar to A. A. Low & Brother. Beat down the China Sea against the S. W. monsoons and passed Angier June 28; experienced strong and squally trades across the Indian Ocean and was off Algoa Bay in 22 ds. from Algoa, off which place, in lat. 34 S., lon. 31 E., had a very heavy W. N. W. gale of wind, lasting 4 days, during which time we were hove to; after the gale moderated weather, and run the Cape, which we passed July 30; had strong, fine S. E. trades across the South Atlantic, and crossed the equator Aug. 19, in lon. 35½ W.; July 27, Chas. Everson, seaman, died of quick consumption; had fine weather and good N. E. trades up to the Gulf Stream; took a pilot on the 10th inst., at noon, from boat Edmund Blunt No. 2.

Ship Herschel, (N. G.,) Fredericks, Hamburg 39 ds., with mdse. and 75 passengers to Funch, Edye & Co. Made a middle passage and had moderate weather throughout; was 10 ds. W. of the Banks, Aug. 22, lat. 47 41, lon. 30 40, spoke ship Marlborough, (Br.,) hence for Liverpool.

Ship Lorenzo, Follansbee, Liverpool, 29 ds., with mdse. to Borland, Dearborn & Co. Took the northern passage and was 9 ds. to the Banks, with moderate N. and E. winds; from thence light southerly winds, with much fog.

Ship Plymouth Rock, Warner, London, July 31 and Isle of Wight, 38 ds., with mdse. and 37 passengers to Grinnell, Minturn & Co. Came the northern passage and had light westerly winds; was 12 ds. W. of the Banks.

Ship Great Western, Lewis, Liverpool, Aug. 8, with mdse. and passengers to Chas. H. Marshall & Co.

Bark Eastern Chief, (of Liverpool,) Carr, Yokohama April 26, with tea to Geo. F. Bulley. Passed Cape Black Wood June 4, Good Hope 25th, St. Helena Aug. 5, and crossed the equator 15th, in lon. 26 30; experienced a heavy gale off Cape of Good Hope, from N. W. to S. W., lasting 5 ds.; from thence to port experienced strong W. gales, with much rain.

Bark Hugin, (Norw.,) Olsen, Newport, E. 39 ds., with railroad iron to order—vessel to Wendt, Tetens & Bockmann. Took the northern passage, and had light, variable winds; has been 13 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark Offerton, (of Sunderland,) Erskine, London 33 ds., with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken. Took the middle passage, and had fine weather throughout; was 14 ds. W. of the Banks.

Bark Alaska, Potter, Havre Aug. 3, with mdse. to Boyd & Hincken—vessel to Lawrence, Giles & Co. Took the northern passage, and had variable weather throughout; was 12 ds. W. of the Banks.

Brig James Ratchford, (of Parsboro, N. S.,) George, Little Glace Bay, C. B., 13 ds., with 270 tons coal to Geo. H. Brewer—vessel to Crandall, Berteaux & Co.

Brig Clara Louise, Wass, Little Glace Bay, C. B., 16 ds., with coal to Geo. H. Brewer.

Brig Dragimir, (Aust.,) Paschich, Cette 65 ds., via Gibraltar 45 ds., with wine to F. Kohbertz & Son—vessel to Funch, Edye & Co. Took the middle passage, and had light westerly winds; has been 20 ds. W. of the Banks.

Brig Joshua King, (of St. John, N. B.,) Smith, Gloucester, Eng., Aug. 2, via Long Island Sound, with old railroad iron to order—vessel to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Brig Mattano, Jarvis, Little Glace Bay, C. B., 13 ds., with 361 tons coal to Geo. H. Brewer—vessel to F. W. Jarvis.

Brig Emma Dean, (Dutch,) Atkinson, Curacoa 22 ds., with goat-skins, &c., to Theo. Foulke.

Brig Curacoa, (of Windsor, N. S.,) Lockhart, Curacoa 17 ds., with wood and goat-skins and 3 passengers to Joseph Foulke's Sons; had light winds and calms, and was 3 ds. N. of Hatteras. Left no vessels.

Brig Yankee Blade, Coombs, Frankfort 5 ds., with stone to Bridge Co.

Brig S. D. Hart, Burgess, Calais 12 ds., with lumber.

Schr. Burma, (Br.,) Milton, Amherst, N. S., 7 ds., with lumber to J. D. Jones & Co.—vessel to D. R. De Wolf & Co.

Schr. Alruna, (Br.,) Mitchell, St. John, N. B., 10 ds. with lumber to P. I. Nevius & Son.

Schr. May Flower, (Br.,) Parker, Windsor, N. S., 8 ds., with plaster to Crandall, Berteaux & Co.

Schr. Geo. W. Whistler, Crosby, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Jas. H. Bartlett, Harris, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Minquas, Heany, Providence, for Port Johnson.

Schr. Matanzas, ——, Bangor, with lumber to master.

Schr. L. O. Chase, Elliott, Dennis, with fish to Woodruff & Robinson.

Schr. Percy, Caldwell, St. John, N. B., 12 ds., with lumber to Jed. Frye & Co.

Schr. White Sea, Adams, Rockland, with stone to Bridge Co.

Schr. Sedabedac, Knowlton, Rockland, with stone to Bridge Co.

Schr. S. S. Lewis, Allen, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Tarry Not, Wiggins, Richmond, Me., with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Mary Fletcher, Sargent, Calais 8 ds., with lumber to John Boynton's Son & Co.

Schr. Charm, Starr, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. M. H. Mifflin, Briggs, Warren, for Elizabethport.

Schr. A. C. Noyes, Baker, Gardiner 6 ds., with lumber to Cross & Austin.

Schr. S. A. Read, Arnold, Portland, Conn., for Philadelphia.

Schr. Olive Elizabeth, Sole, Portland, with lumber for Newark.

Schr. Raven's Wing, Marlin, Stonington, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Tangent, Merrill, Calais, with lumber to master.

Schr. Susan, Dumont, Rockland, with lime to J. V. Haviland.

Schr. Millard Fillmore, Chase, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Isaac Anderson, Doyle, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. E. T. Smith, Baker, Providence, for Port Johnson.

Schr. A. J. Bentley, Baker, Providence, for Georgetown.

Schr. M. A. Taylor, Taylor, Providence, for Philadelphia.

Schr San Luis, Butler, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Fashion, Carberry, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Essex, Handy, New-Bedford, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Sarah Loverne, Averill, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Henry Remsen, Allen, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Jas. Buchanan, Kelly, Derby, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Chase, Ingraham, Rockland, with lime to J. V. Haviland.

Schr. Exeter, Pendleton, Rockland, with lime to J. V. Haviland.

Schr. Martha Maria, ——, Calais, with lumber to master.

Schr. Mary Hoxie, Ashby, Nantucket, with fish to Benj. West.

Schr. F. L. Lockwood, Leighton, Norwich, for Georgetown.

Schr. Corvo, Pickering, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Rachel Jane, Taylor, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. M. A. Predmore, Hart, Providence, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Red Jacket, Averill, Rockland, with lime to J. R. Brown.

Schr. Susan Scranton, Gearney, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. D. & E. Kelly, Kelly, Boston for Philadelphia.

Schr. Baltimore, Larder, New-Haven, for Elizabethport.

Schr. Evelyn, Crowley, Calais 8 ds., with lumber to F. Talbot & Co.

Schr Herbert Manton, Crowley, Boston, for Philadelphia.

Schr. Bay State, Seabury, Boston, to S. W. Lewis & Co.

Schr. Herald, Hall, Rockland, with lime to Candee & Pressey.

Schr. Elizabeth B, Hogan, Fall River, for Elizabethport.

### By Telegraph.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Sept. 11.—Arr. schr. May Mo[illegible], from Jacksonville, bound N. Put in for a harbor the schr. Palma, at this port, from Georgetown, S. C., for New-York. She reports having sprung a leak and other damages.

NORFOLK, Va., Sept. 11.—Passed in for Baltimore—Bark Wanderer, from Liverpool.

Passed out—Brig Concord, for the West Indies.

Sld., bark Minna, for New-York; brig Evening Star, for Liverpool; barks Andes and S. W. Holbrook, for Portland, and a fleet of seventy-five coasters.

The school-ship Constellation reports passed on the 7th inst., about 50 miles S. E. of Sandy Hook, a vessel bottom up, about 85 feet keel and no copper. Her name could not be ascertained.

SAVANNAH, Ga., Sept. 11.—Arr., schr. Ida S. Burgess, from New-York. The brig Martha, hence for New-Haven, put back leaking, and mainsail split. She will repair and proceed.

### Miscellaneous.

The schr. E. P. Church, Gifford, recently ashore on Ketch Point, east side of Blackwell's Island, which was taken off and put on the railways at Astoria, has been overhauled, and will proceed to Westport.

### Spoken, &c.

July 29, ship Annott Lyle, (Br.,) bound W.

July 30, off Cape of Good Hope, ship Petersburg, (Rus.,) from Rangoon, for Falmouth, Eng., 88 ds. out.

Same date, bark May Queen, (Br.,) from Calcutta for London, 50 ds. out.

July 31, ship Himalaya, (Br.,) Calcutta, for London.

Aug. 30, on the Banks, fishing schr. Cordova, (of Kingston, Mass.,) nearly full of fish.

Aug. 27, lat. 49 10, lon. 41 3, bark Olivia, (of Cardiff,) bound E.

Aug. 30, lat. 45 18, lon. 48 12, ship Great Britain, (Br.,) steering W.

July 19, lat. 30 23, S., lon. 36 E., bark Yarra, (Br.,) from Calcutta, bound W.

July 27, bark Indien, (Fr.)

Sept. 8, lat. 34 54, lon. 70 42, ship John Watts, from Leghorn, for New-York.

Aug. 13, lat. 49 27 N., lon. 12 41 W., ship City of Montreal, from London, for New-York.

Aug. 27, lat. 42 N., lon. 55 W., bark Proteus, hence for Cronstadt.

### Foreign Ports.

HAVANA, Sept. 11—A. M.—Arr. steam-ship City of Mexico, Timmerman, from New-York.

### EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS.

### Arrived Out.

LONDON, Sept. 11.—The Inman steam-ship City of New-York, Capt. Leitch, from New-York Aug. 31, touched at Queenstown at 7½ P. M. yesterday, and proceeded for Liverpool.

The Guion steam-ship Minnesota, Capt. Freeman, from New-York Aug. 30, touched at Queenstown on Sunday, and proceeded for Liverpool.

The West India mail steamer Nile, for Aspinwall via St. Thomas, arr. at Aspinwall yesterday.

The Allan steam-ship Scandinavian, from Quebec, touched at Moville today, and proceeded for Liverpool.

The Allan steam-ship Corinthian, from Quebec, arr. at Moville today, en route for Liverpool.

CONVERSION

U. S. FIVE-TWENTY BONDS.

Banking-House of

Jay Cooke & Co.

NEW-YORK, Sept. 12, 1871.

The signal success of the New Five Per Cent. Government Loan indicates that the average rate of interest in this country will henceforward be considerably lower, the tendency being to an equalization of rates between America and Europe.

The present holders of Five-Twenties must therefore decide whether it is not best to make AT ONCE such a change of investment as will enable them to realize as PROFIT, or add to their capital, the present average premium of 14 per cent., while at the same time largely increasing their annual income.

Holders of Five-Twenties of 1862, which, under the announcement of the Treasury, will be paid off in December, have special and immediate reason to consider the question of conversion, unless they wish to receive coin for their Five-Twenties, or exchange them at par for bonds of the new issue, bearing an average rate of 4½ per cent.

To holders of United States securities who wish to improve the present most favorable opportunity for changing their investment at a large profit, we strongly recommend Northern Pacific Seven-Thirty First Mortgage Bonds, (principal and interest payable in gold,) now selling at par in currency. They are in a large and rapidly-increasing demand, and with their high rate of interest, ample security, and their convertibility into the lands of the Company at 10 per cent. premium, they constitute a most desirable investment, and can hardly fail to advance considerably above par at an early day.

The holder of a $1,000 Five-Twenty bond who exchanges it NOW for Northern Pacifics, thereby increases his principal by 14 per cent., receiving $1,140 in Northern Pacifics for $1,000 in Five-Twenties. He also permanently increases the yearly interest income on his investment more than 38 per cent., or from $60 in gold to $83 22 in gold.

This most unusual opportunity for the profitable conversion of Government bonds into corporate securities of undoubted reliability cannot long continue. The increasing abundance of loanable capital, both at home and abroad, the almost certain rise in value of all desirable railroad mortgages, the rapid absorption of Northern Pacific Seven-Thirties and the probable early substitution of a 6 per cent. bond for the remainder of the Northern Pacific loan, and the early funding of the remainder of the national debt at lower rates, promise very soon to change the entire aspect of the loan market, which is just now so peculiarly favorable to investors.

This state of things suggests prompt action on the part of those who wish to exchange securities in time to profit by the present high premium on Five-Twenties.

JAY COOKE & CO.,

*Philadelphia, New-York and Washington.*

MESSRS.

BALL, BLACK & CO.,

Nos. 565 & 567 Broadway, N. Y.,

WILL OPEN ON WEDNESDAY, THE 13TH INST.,

A VERY LARGE AND BEAUTIFUL COLLECTION OF

Marble Statuary,

BRONZE GROUPS,

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This being the first installment of their importations for the

FALL AND HOLIDAY TRADE,

selected by one of the firm, now in Europe, from the best artists and manufacturers.

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INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR

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MANUFACTURERS' AGENTS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, IMPORTERS OF AND DEALERS IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HOUSE-FURNISHING HARDWARE, MURRAY, PARK-PLACE AND CHURCH STS. SOLE AGENTS FOR HEATH & SMITH MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

STRICTURE, FISTULA AND PILES radically cured without the knife, caustic, or detention from business; diseases and deformities of the eye, nose, face and person. HENRY A. DANIELS, M. D., No. 144 Lexington-av.

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LADIES' WATCHES, GUARANTEED TIME-KEEPERS OF ALL GRADES AND IN EVERY STYLE OF CASE, GOLD, ENAMELED AND SET WITH GEMS. GENTLEMEN'S WATCHES—A GREAT VARIETY FROM THE BEST MAKERS. CHAINS, SEALS, LOCKETS, &c., TO CORRESPOND.

FALL, 1871.

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DESIRE TO CALL THE ATTENTION OF

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TO THEIR LARGE AND WELL-ASSORTED STOCK OF

WHITE GOODS,

consisting of a choice assortment of

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FRENCH ORGANDIES,

REAL SWISSES,

FRENCH MOUSSELINES,

WHITE AND COLORED TARLETANS,

FOR EVENING AND BALL DRESSES

Full lines of

MARSEILLES QUILTS,

STRIPED AND CHECKED NAINSOOKS,

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CAMBRICS,

JACONETS,

and other

Fancy and Staple White Goods,

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A choice assortment of

Silk Embroidered Skirting Flannels.

Are constantly receiving invoices of the

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AUTUMN SKIRTS

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Balmorals, Meltons and Felts, &c.,

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THEY OFFER AT A LOW PRICE A MANUFACTURER'S STOCK OF

All Wool Embossed Felt Skirts.

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BALMORAL SKIRTS,

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Having made extensive additions to our Buildings and Machinery on 25th, 26th and 27th sts., and 10th and 11th avs., thereby largely increasing our manufacturing facilities, we are now prepared to execute all kinds of wrought and cast iron work for buildings and other purposes with great despatch, and at extremely low prices.

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